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IAPP CIPP-E (Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E)) Certification Exam is a highly respected certification that demonstrates a deep understanding of European data protection laws and regulations. It is designed for individuals who work with the collection, use, and storage of personal information within the European Union. CIPP-E exam covers a wide range of topics, such as the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), the ePrivacy Directive, and the EU-US Privacy Shield.

The CIPP/E certification exam covers the principles of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), the EU-U.S. and Swiss-U.S. Privacy Shield Frameworks, as well as other international data protection laws and frameworks. CIPP-E Exam consists of 90 multiple-choice questions that must be completed within two and a half hours. Passing the exam requires a score of 300 out of 500 points. A CIPP/E certification is valid for two years, and re-certification is required every two years to maintain the credential.

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Pass-guaranteed CIPP-E Guide Materials: Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) are the most authentic Exam Dumps - TorrentValid

Our CIPP-E study materials are closely linked with the test and the popular trend among the industries and provide all the information about the test. The answers and questions seize the vital points and are verified by the industry experts. Diversified functions can help you get an all-around preparation for the test. Our online customer service replies the clients' questions about our CIPP-E Study Materials at any time. So our CIPP-E study materials can be called perfect in all aspects.

What is IAPP CIPP/E Exam

IAPP has introduced Certified Information Privacy Professionals (CIPP) certificate for privacy professionals. The CIPP is the global standard for privacy professionals who manage, handle, and access data. Security professionals get a deep insight into security considerations in the European context through the European edition of CIPP which is CIPP/E.

CIPP/E is a unique designation, the only one of its kind, according to its creator the International Association of Privacy Professionals (IAPP). As a response to increasing demand for secure data privacy protection in 2014 IAPP was introduced. In all stages and throughout lifecycles these security protocols are a must. Thus the need for authoritative and certified practitioners is growing. The professionals/ candidates feel highly confident after bagging global certifications as they are able to validate their skills and abilities.

CIPP/E Exam is a certification exam that is conducted by IAPP to validate candidate knowledge and identifies technology experts that know how to build data privacy architecture from its foundation in the IT industry.

The Certified Information Privacy Professional (CIPP) helps organizations around the world support compliance and risk mitigation practices, and arms practitioners with the insight needed to add more value to their businesses.

After passing this exam, candidates get a certificate from IAPP that helps them to demonstrate their proficiency in data privacy to their clients and employers.

IAPP Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) Sample Questions (Q248-Q253):

NEW QUESTION # 248

A worker in a European Union (EU) member state has ceased his employment with a company. What should the employer most likely do in regard to the worker's personal data?

- **A. Securely store the data that is required to be kept under local law.**
- B. Destroy sensitive information and store the rest per applicable data protection rules.
- C. Provide the employee the reasons for retaining the data.
- D. Store all of the data in case the departing worker makes a subject access request.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 249

In which scenario is a Controller most likely required to undertake a Data Protection Impact Assessment?

- A. When the controller is required to have a Data Protection Officer.
- B. When the controller is collecting email addresses from individuals via an online registration form for marketing purposes.
- **C. When personal data is being collected and combined with other personal data to profile the creditworthiness of individuals.**
- D. When personal data is being transferred outside of the EEA.

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to the GDPR, a data protection impact assessment (DPIA) is a process to help identify and minimize the data protection risks of a project. A DPIA is required when the processing is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing. The GDPR provides a list of examples of processing operations that require a DPIA, such as:

Systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects relating to natural persons which is based on automated processing, including profiling, and on which decisions are based that produce legal effects concerning the natural person or similarly significantly affect the natural person.

Processing on a large scale of special categories of data or of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences.

Systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale.

Therefore, an example of a scenario where a controller is most likely required to undertake a DPIA is when personal data is being collected and combined with other personal data to profile the creditworthiness of individuals, as this involves a systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects based on automated processing and profiling, and may have significant effects on the individuals. The other scenarios are not necessarily indicative of a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons, and do not fall under the examples of processing operations that require a DPIA provided by the GDPR. Reference: Free CIPP/E Study Guide, page 37; CIPP/E Certification, page 18; GDPR, Article 35, Recital 91.

Reference:

%20the%20General,and%20freedoms%20of%20natural%20persons%27.

NEW QUESTION # 250

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next question:

You have just been hired by a toy manufacturer based in Hong Kong. The company sells a broad range of dolls, action figures and plush toys that can be found internationally in a wide variety of retail stores. Although the manufacturer has no offices outside Hong Kong and in fact does not employ any staff outside Hong Kong, it has entered into a number of local distribution contracts. The toys produced by the company can be found in all popular toy stores throughout Europe, the United States and Asia. A large portion of the company's revenue is due to international sales.

The company now wishes to launch a new range of connected toys, ones that can talk and interact with children. The CEO of the

company is touting these toys as the next big thing, due to the increased possibilities offered: The figures can answer children's Questions: on various subjects, such as mathematical calculations or the weather. Each figure is equipped with a microphone and speaker and can connect to any smartphone or tablet via Bluetooth. Any mobile device within a 10-meter radius can connect to the toys via Bluetooth as well. The figures can also be associated with other figures (from the same manufacturer) and interact with each other for an enhanced play experience.

When a child asks the toy a question, the request is sent to the cloud for analysis, and the answer is generated on cloud servers and sent back to the figure. The answer is given through the figure's integrated speakers, making it appear as though that the toy is actually responding to the child's question. The packaging of the toy does not provide technical details on how this works, nor does it mention that this feature requires an internet connection. The necessary data processing for this has been outsourced to a data center located in South Africa. However, your company has not yet revised its consumer-facing privacy policy to indicate this. In parallel, the company is planning to introduce a new range of game systems through which consumers can play the characters they acquire in the course of playing the game. The system will come bundled with a portal that includes a Near-Field Communications (NFC) reader. This device will read an RFID tag in the action figure, making the figure come to life onscreen. Each character has its own stock features and abilities, but it is also possible to earn additional ones by accomplishing game goals. The only information stored in the tag relates to the figures' abilities. It is easy to switch characters during the game, and it is possible to bring the figure to locations outside of the home and have the character's abilities remain intact.

Why is this company obligated to comply with the GDPR?

- A. The company employs staff in the EU.
- B. The company's data center is located in a country outside the EU.
- C. The company has offices in the EU.
- **D. The company's products are marketed directly to EU customers.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

You have just been hired by a toy manufacturer based in Hong Kong. The company sells a broad range of dolls, action figures and plush toys that can be found internationally in a wide variety of retail stores. Although the manufacturer has no offices outside Hong Kong and in fact does not employ any staff outside Hong Kong, it has entered into a number of local distribution contracts. The toys produced by the company can be found in all popular toy stores throughout Europe, the United States and Asia. A large portion of the company's revenue is due to international sales.

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Why is this company obligated to comply with the GDPR?

A) The company has offices in the EU. B. The company employs staff in the EU. C. The company's data center is located in a country outside the EU. D. The company's products are marketed directly to EU customers.

Answer

Verified answer: D. The company's products are marketed directly to EU customers.

Comprehensive Explanation: According to section 6(1) of the GDPR¹, personal data shall be processed by organisations, which offer goods or services or otherwise carry out activities, in relation to which processing of personal data may be regarded as relevant for their legitimate interests. The legitimate interests referred to are those arising from the performance of a task carried out in their name or on their behalf, or for their own purposes. The legitimate interests referred to are those arising from the performance of a task carried out in their name or on their behalf, or for their own purposes. The legitimate interests referred to are those arising from the performance of a task carried out in their name or on their behalf, or for their own purposes. The legitimate interests referred to are those arising from the performance of a task carried out in their name or on their behalf, or for their own purposes. The legitimate interests referred to are those arising from the performance of a task carried out in their name or on their behalf, or for their own

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NEW QUESTION # 251

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next question:

ProStorage is a multinational cloud storage provider headquartered in the Netherlands. Its CEO, Ruth Brown, has developed a two-pronged strategy for growth: 1) expand ProStorage's global customer base and 2) increase ProStorage's sales force by efficiently onboarding effective teams. Enacting this strategy has recently been complicated by Ruth's health condition, which has limited her working hours, as well as her ability to travel to meet potential customers. ProStorage's Human Resources department and Ruth's Chief of Staff now work together to manage her schedule and ensure that she is able to make all her medical appointments. The latter has become especially crucial after Ruth's last trip to India, where she suffered a medical emergency and was hospitalized in New Delhi. Unable to reach Ruth's family, the hospital reached out to ProStorage and was able to connect with her Chief of Staff, who in coordination with Mary, the head of HR, provided information to the doctors based on accommodate on requests Ruth made when she started at ProStorage. What transfer mechanism should Jackie recommend for using InstaHR?

- A. Binding corporate rules.
- B. **Explicit consent of employees.**
- C. Adequacy
- D. Standard contractual clauses

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 252

As per the GDPR, which legal basis would be the most appropriate for an online shop that wishes to process personal data for the purpose of fraud prevention?

- A. Performance of a contract.
- B. Protection of the interests of the data subjects.
- C. Consent.
- D. **Legitimate interest.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The GDPR lawful bases are set out in Article 6 GDPR. Fraud prevention is not strictly necessary for the performance of a contract (B) (e.g., delivering goods) nor does it require consent (D), which would be impractical and invalid under imbalance of power concerns. Vital interests (A) apply only in life-and-death situations.

Instead, the legitimate interest basis (C) is recognized as appropriate for preventing fraud and ensuring network/system security, provided such interests are balanced against the rights of data subjects.

#Reference: GDPR Article 6(1)(f); Recital 47 (fraud prevention as a legitimate interest); CIPP/E Textbook (3rd ed.), Chapter 7 "Lawful Processing Criteria".

NEW QUESTION # 253

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