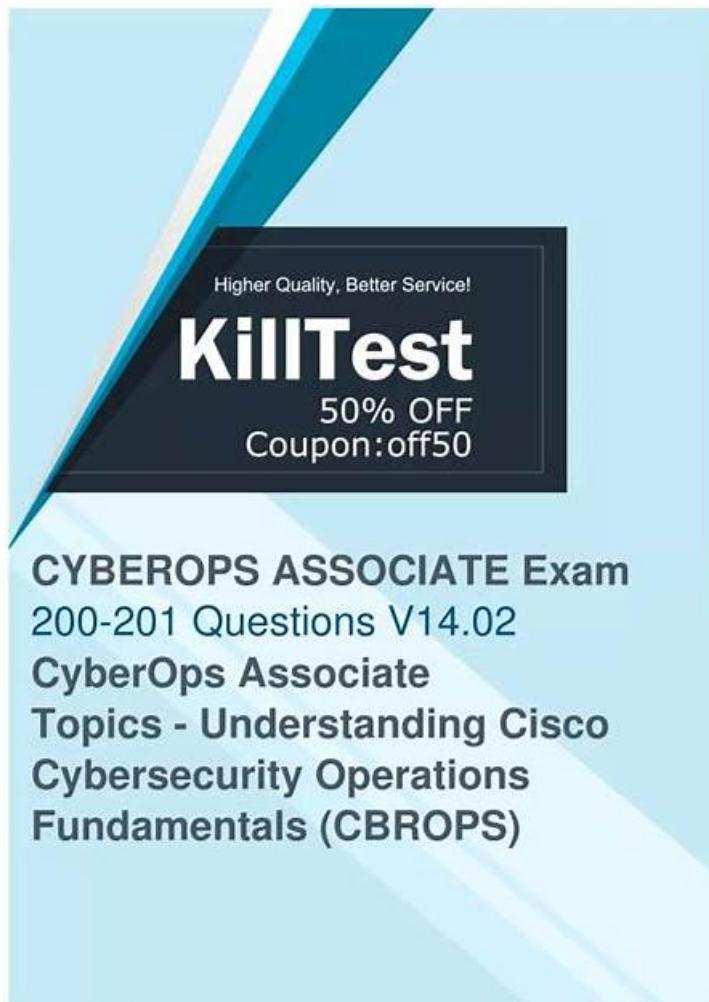


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Cisco Understanding Cisco Cybersecurity Operations Fundamentals Sample Questions (Q159-Q164):

NEW QUESTION # 159

Refer to the exhibit.

Which field contains DNS header information if the payload is a query or a response?

- A. QR
- B. Z
- C. TC
- D. ID

Answer: A

Explanation:

The QR field in the DNS header specifies whether the message is a query (QR=0) or a response (QR=1). This bit is set to 0 for query messages and is set to 1 for response messages, allowing the recipient to distinguish between the two.

NEW QUESTION # 160

At a company party a guest asks

How is this type of conversation classified?

- A. Phishing attack
- B. Password Revelation Strategy
- C. Piggybacking
- D. Social Engineering

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 161

Drag and drop the type of evidence from the left onto the description of that evidence on the right.

Answer:

Explanation:

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, application Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION # 162

Refer to the exhibit.

An engineer is analyzing a PCAP file after a recent breach. An engineer identified that the attacker used an aggressive ARP scan to scan the hosts and found web and SSH servers. Further analysis showed several SSH Server Banner and Key Exchange Initiations. The engineer cannot see the exact data being transmitted over an encrypted channel and cannot identify how the attacker gained access. How did the attacker gain access?

- A. by using the buffer overflow in the URL catcher feature for SSH
- B. by using an SSH Tectia Server vulnerability to enable host-based authentication
- C. by using brute force on the SSH service to gain access
- D. by using an SSH vulnerability to silently redirect connections to the local host

Answer: C

Explanation:

The scenario described involves an attacker conducting an aggressive ARP scan followed by multiple SSH Server Banner and Key Exchange Initiations. The lack of visibility into the encrypted data transmitted over the SSH channel suggests that the attacker may have gained access by brute-forcing the SSH service. This method involves attempting numerous combinations of usernames and passwords until the correct credentials are found, allowing unauthorized access to the server.

Understanding Cisco Cybersecurity Operations Fundamentals (CBROPS) course1.

Cisco Cybersecurity documents and resources

NEW QUESTION # 163

What is the difference between statistical detection and rule-based detection models?

- A. Rule-based detection defines legitimate data of users over a period of time and statistical detection defines it on an IF/THEN basis
- B. Statistical detection involves the evaluation of an object on its intended actions before it executes that behavior
- C. Rule-based detection involves the collection of data in relation to the behavior of legitimate users over a period of time
- D. Statistical detection defines legitimate data of users over a period of time and rule-based detection defines it on an IF/THEN basis

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 164

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