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Splunk Core Certified Advanced Power User Sample Questions (Q102-Q107):

NEW QUESTION # 102

What does the query `| makeresults` generate?

- A. An error message
- **B. A results field**
- C. The results of the previously run search.
- D. A timestamp

Answer: B

Explanation:

The `| makeresults` command in Splunk generates a single event containing default fields, with the primary purpose of creating sample data or a placeholder event for testing and development purposes. The most notable field it generates is `_time`, but it does not create a specific 'results' field per se. However, it's commonly used to create a base event for further manipulation with `eval` or other commands in search queries for demonstration, testing, or constructing specific scenarios.

NEW QUESTION # 103

What is the default time limit for a subsearch to complete?

- **A. 60 seconds**
- B. 5 minutes
- C. 120 seconds
- D. 10 minutes

Answer: A

Explanation:

The default time limit for a subsearch to complete in Splunk is 60 seconds. If the subsearch exceeds this time limit, it will terminate, and the outer search may fail or produce incomplete results.

Here's why this works:

* **Subsearch Timeout:** Subsearches are designed to execute quickly and provide results to the outer search. To prevent performance issues, Splunk imposes a default timeout of 60 seconds.

* **Configuration:** The timeout can be adjusted using the `subsearch_maxoutandsubsearch_timeout` settings in `limits.conf`, but the default remains 60 seconds.

Other options explained:

* **Option A:** Incorrect because 10 minutes (600 seconds) is far longer than the default timeout.

* **Option B:** Incorrect because 120 seconds is double the default timeout.

* **Option C:** Incorrect because 5 minutes (300 seconds) is also longer than the default timeout.

Example: If a subsearch takes longer than 60 seconds to complete, you might see an error like:

Error in 'search': Subsearch exceeded configured timeout.

References:

Splunk Documentation on Subsearches: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Search/Aboutsubsearches>

Splunk Documentation on `limits.conf`: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Admin/Limitsconf>

NEW QUESTION # 104

Which of the following statements is accurate regarding the `append` command?

- A. It cannot be used with a subsearch and only accesses historical data.
- **B. It is used with a subsearch and only accesses historical data.**
- C. It cannot be used with a subsearch and only accesses real-time searches.
- D. It is used with a subsearch and only accesses real-time searches.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The append command in Splunk is used with a subsearch to add additional data to the end of the primary search results and can access historical data, making it useful for combining datasets from different time ranges or sources.

NEW QUESTION # 105

How can form inputs impact dashboard panels using inline searches?

- A. Panels powered by an inline search require a minimum of one form input.
- B. Form inputs cannot impact panels using inline searches.
- **C. A token in a search can be replaced by a form input value.**
- D. Adding a form input to a dashboard converts all panels to prebuilt panels.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Form inputs can dynamically update panels in a dashboard by replacing tokens in the search string with the form input value, making dashboards interactive and responsive to user selections.

NEW QUESTION # 106

Which of the following is true about the preview feature and macros?

- A. The preview feature can be launched by right-clicking on the macro name in the search string.
- B. The preview feature expands only the selected macro within the search.
- C. The preview feature can be launched using Tab-Shift-E on Mac or Windows.
- **D. The preview feature expands all macros within the search, including nested macros.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Step by Step Explanation:

The preview feature in Splunk expands all macros within a search, including any nested macros, to show their full definitions. This allows users to review the complete structure of the search query after all macros have been resolved.

Here's why this works:

* Macro Expansion: Macros are placeholders for reusable search logic. When the preview feature is used, Splunk replaces all macro references with their corresponding definitions, including those nested within other macros.

* Full Visibility: Expanding all macros ensures that users can see the entire search logic, which is especially helpful for debugging or understanding complex queries.

Other options explained:

* Option A: Incorrect because the preview feature expands all macros, not just the selected one.

* Option B: Incorrect because the keyboard shortcut Tab-Shift-E is not valid for launching the preview feature.

* Option C: Incorrect because right-clicking on a macro name does not launch the preview feature; it is typically accessed through the Splunk UI or specific commands.

References:

Splunk Documentation on Macros: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Knowledge/Definesearchmacros>

Splunk Documentation on Search Preview: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Search/Previewsearches>

NEW QUESTION # 107

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