

# Study H13-511\_V5.5 Reference - Reliable H13-511\_V5.5 Exam Questions

## Useful Study Guide & Exam Questions to Pass the Huawei H13-511 Exam

Solve Huawei H13-511 Practice Tests to Score High!

[www.GertFun.com](http://www.GertFun.com)

Here are all the necessary details to pass the H13-511 exam on your first attempt. Get rid of all your worries now and find the details regarding the syllabus, study guide, practice tests, books, and study materials in one place. Through the H13-511 certification preparation, you can learn more on the Huawei Certified ICT Associate - Cloud Computing, and getting the Huawei Certified ICT Associate - Cloud Computing certification gets easy.

What's more, part of that TestInsides H13-511\_V5.5 dumps now are free: [https://drive.google.com/open?id=1BY3NV0RvM5FE3yFShHvHZ\\_oZXT1kjV4f](https://drive.google.com/open?id=1BY3NV0RvM5FE3yFShHvHZ_oZXT1kjV4f)

Professional H13-511\_V5.5 exam using TestInsides free exam discussions. HCIA-Cloud Computing V5.5 (H13-511\_V5.5) exam discussions provide a supportive environment where you can discuss difficult concepts and ask questions of your peers. In a free exam discussions, you'll have the opportunity to learn from a certified H13-511\_V5.5 instructor who has extensive experience in H13-511\_V5.5 studies. The instructor can also provide you with tips and best practices for taking the exam.

### Huawei H13-511\_V5.5 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Understand KVM technology: This topic focuses on Kernel-based Virtual Machine (KVM) as a specific virtualization solution for Linux systems. It covers how KVM transforms Linux into a hypervisor to manage virtual machines efficiently.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Describe what cloud computing is: This topic covers the fundamental definition and concept of cloud computing technology. It explains how cloud computing enables on-demand access to shared computing resources over the internet.</li></ul>

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the history of cloud computing: This section traces the evolution and development of cloud computing from its origins to its current state. It provides historical context for how cloud technology emerged and transformed over time.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Be able to design and deploy Huawei's FusionCompute virtualization solution and FusionAccess desktop solution: This section covers the practical skills needed to architect and implement Huawei's enterprise virtualization platform FusionCompute and their desktop virtualization product FusionAccess. It includes planning, configuration, and deployment procedures for these Huawei-specific solutions.</li> </ul>

>> Study H13-511\_V5.5 Reference <<

## 100% Pass Quiz Authoritative Huawei - H13-511\_V5.5 - Study HCIA-Cloud Computing V5.5 Reference

Our H13-511\_V5.5 exam cram has been revised for lots of times to ensure all candidates can easily understand all knowledge parts. In the meantime, the learning process is recorded clearly in the system, which helps you adjust your learning plan. On the one hand, our company has benefited a lot from renovation. Customers are more likely to choose our products. On the other hand, the money we have invested is meaningful, which helps to renovate new learning style of the H13-511\_V5.5 Exam. So, why not buy our H13-511\_V5.5 test guide?

### Huawei HCIA-Cloud Computing V5.5 Sample Questions (Q14-Q19):

#### NEW QUESTION # 14

Which of the following statements are false about VLAN technology?

- A. An access interface is used to connect switches.
- B. A trunk link allows untagged packets from multiple VLANs to pass through.
- C. A hybrid interface cannot be used to connect a switch and a server.
- D. A trunk interface is used to connect switches.

**Answer: A,B,C**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation (HCIA-Cloud Computing aligned):

VLAN technology is a fundamental topic in HCIA-Cloud Computing, especially for cloud network isolation and segmentation.

Option A is false. A trunk link is designed to carry traffic from multiple VLANs using VLAN tags (802.1Q)

. Untagged traffic typically belongs to a native VLAN, not multiple VLANs.

Option B is false. A hybrid interface can be used to connect a switch to a server. Hybrid interfaces support both tagged and untagged VLAN traffic and are commonly used in server and virtualization scenarios.

Option C is true. Trunk interfaces are primarily used to connect switch-to-switch links, allowing multiple VLANs to pass between switches.

Option D is false. Access interfaces are designed to connect end devices (such as PCs or printers) and carry traffic for only one VLAN, not for switch interconnections.

Therefore, the false statements are A, B, and D.

#### NEW QUESTION # 15

In FusionAccess, which of the following descriptions about making a complete template packaging system and packaging system tool Sysprep is correct? (Multiple choice)

- A. The packaging system does not support adding the software you need into the system
- B. Package system tool Sysprep can remove system specific information from installed Windows image
- C. The packaging system can shorten the system installation time by N times, and the installation system can be completed in minutes
- D. Package system tool Sysprep can reset Windows product activation

**Answer: B,C,D**

### NEW QUESTION # 16

Which of the following statements about HDP display technology is false?

- A. It only supports Huawei-developed image compression algorithms.
- B. It applies lossless compression to non-natural images.
- C. It automatically identifies text and non-natural images such as Windows frames and lines within images.
- D. It compresses natural images such as photos at an appropriate rate.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

According to the Huawei HCIA-Cloud Computing curriculum, specifically the sections covering the Huawei Desktop Protocol (HDP), statement B is FALSE. While HDP is a proprietary protocol developed by Huawei with many specialized optimizations, it is not restricted to using "only" Huawei-developed image compression algorithms. HDP is an adaptive and compatible protocol that incorporates industry-standard codecs and technologies, such as H.264 and H.265, for video redirection and high-definition multimedia handling.

Additionally, it supports hardware acceleration from third-party GPU vendors like NVIDIA.

The other statements accurately describe the "Intelligent Recognition" and "Adaptive Compression" features of HDP. Statement D and A are correct because HDP can distinguish between "non-natural images" (such as text, window borders, and office application lines) and "natural images" (such as high-resolution photographs or video). For non-natural images, HDP uses lossless compression. This ensures that text remains perfectly sharp and readable, preventing the "blurring" or "ghosting" often seen in legacy remote desktop protocols.

Statement C is also true; when the protocol identifies a "natural image," it switches to a lossy compression algorithm at an appropriate rate. This provides a balance between visual quality and bandwidth efficiency. If the system attempted to use lossless compression for a high-definition photograph, the bandwidth consumption would spike, causing latency for the user. By automatically identifying content types and applying the most suitable compression method, HDP ensures a high-quality user experience while minimizing the load on the network. This intelligence is what makes HDP superior to standard RDP in a VDI (Virtual Desktop Infrastructure) environment, especially over WAN (Wide Area Network) links with limited capacity.

### NEW QUESTION # 17

In virtualization, the disk files of the virtual machine will be stored in the file system in the form of files, but from the perspective of the virtual machine operating system, the virtual machine disks, like ordinary disks, can be stored in the "" hardware resources of the system. See in "".

- A. True
- B. False

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION # 18

In FusionCompute, the security auditor in role-based access control (RBAC) mode is only permitted to view and export logs.

- A. FALSE
- B. TRUE

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation (HCIA-Cloud Computing aligned):

Huawei FusionCompute implements role-based access control (RBAC) to ensure secure and compliant system management. The security auditor role is designed specifically for compliance and auditing purposes. According to HCIA-Cloud Computing materials, this role has read-only permissions, allowing the user to view and export system logs but not modify configurations or perform operational tasks.

This restriction helps ensure the integrity of audit records and prevents unauthorized system changes.

Therefore, the statement is TRUE.

