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Fortinet FCP - FortiGate 7.6 Administrator Sample Questions (Q111-Q116):

NEW QUESTION # 111

Refer to the exhibit. A network administrator is troubleshooting an IPsec tunnel between two FortiGate devices. The administrator has determined that phase 1 status is up, but phase 2 fails to come up.

The diagram shows two firewalls, HQ-NGFW and BR1-FGT, connected via an IPsec tunnel. Below the diagram are two screenshots of the Phase 2 selector configuration for each firewall.

HQ-NGFW Phase 2 Selector Configuration:

- Name: ToBR1
- Local Address: 10.0.11.0/255.255.255.0
- Remote Address: 172.20.1.0/255.255.255.0
- Encryption - authentication: AES128 - SHA1
- Replay detection: Enable
- Perfect forward secrecy (PFS): Enable
- Diffie-Hellman groups: 1, 2, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32
- Local port: All
- Remote port: All
- Protocol: All
- Auto-negotiate: Enable
- Autokey keep alive: Enable
- Key lifetime: 43200 seconds

BR1-FGT Phase 2 Selector Configuration:

- Name: ToHQ
- Local Address: 172.20.1.0/255.255.255.0
- Remote Address: 10.11.0.0/255.255.255.0
- Encryption - authentication: AES256 - SHA1
- Replay detection: Enable
- Perfect forward secrecy (PFS): Enable
- Diffie-Hellman groups: 1, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32
- Local port: All
- Remote port: All
- Protocol: All
- Auto-negotiate: Enable
- Autokey keep alive: Enable
- Key lifetime: 14400 seconds

Based on the phase 2 configuration shown in the exhibit, which two configuration changes will bring phase 2 up? (Choose two.)

- A. On BR1-FGT, set Remote Address to 10.0.11.0/255.255.255.0.
- B. On BR1-FGT, set Seconds to 43200.
- C. On HQ-NGFW, enable Diffie-Hellman Group 2.
- D. On HQ-NGFW, set Encryption to AES256.

Answer: A,B

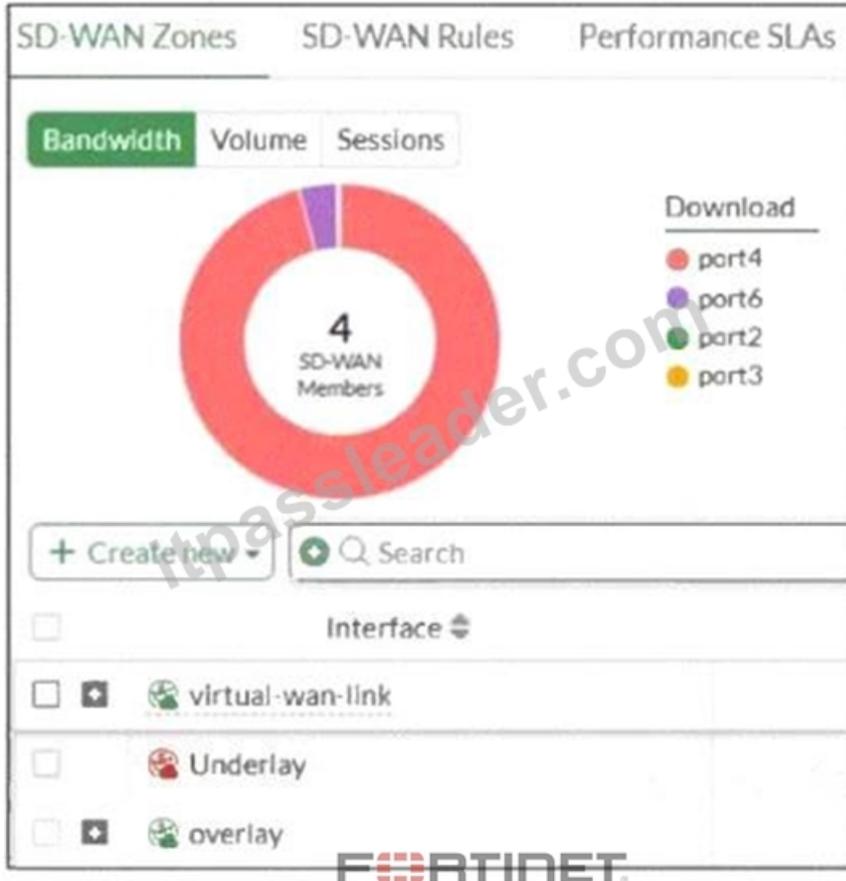
Explanation:

The key lifetime (Seconds) must match on both sides; BR1-FGT is set to 14400, so setting it to 43200 matches HQ-NGFW.

The remote address on BR1-FGT should match the HQ-NGFW's local subnet (10.0.11.0/24), but it is currently set incorrectly as 172.20.1.0/24. Changing it to 10.0.11.0/255.255.255.0 will align the Phase 2 selectors.

NEW QUESTION # 112

Refer to the exhibit, which shows an SD-WAN zone configuration on the FortiGate GUI.



Based on the exhibit, which statement is true?

- A. The Underlay zone is the zone by default.
- **B. The Underlay zone contains no member.**
- C. port2 and port3 are not assigned to a zone.
- D. The virtual-wan-link and overlay zones can be deleted.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Underlay zone is the default SD-WAN zone, typically representing the physical interfaces in the SD-WAN configuration before overlay or virtual links are added.

NEW QUESTION # 113

FortiGate is integrated with FortiAnalyzer and FortiManager.

When creating a firewall policy, which attribute must an administrator include to enhance functionality and enable log recording on FortiAnalyzer and FortiManager?

- A. Policy ID
- **B. Universally Unique Identifier**
- C. Sequence ID
- D. Log ID

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 114

A network administrator is reviewing firewall policies in both Interface Pair View and By Sequence View.

The policies appear in a different order in each view.

Why is the policy order different in these two views?

- A. By Sequence View groups policies based on rule priority, while Interface Pair View always follows the order of traffic logs.
- B. The firewall dynamically reorders policies in Interface Pair View based on recent traffic patterns, but By Sequence View remains static.
- C. Policies in Interface Pair View are prioritized by security levels, while By Sequence View strictly follows the administrator's manual ordering.
- **D. Interface Pair View sorts policies based on matching interfaces, while By Sequence View shows the actual processing order of rules.**

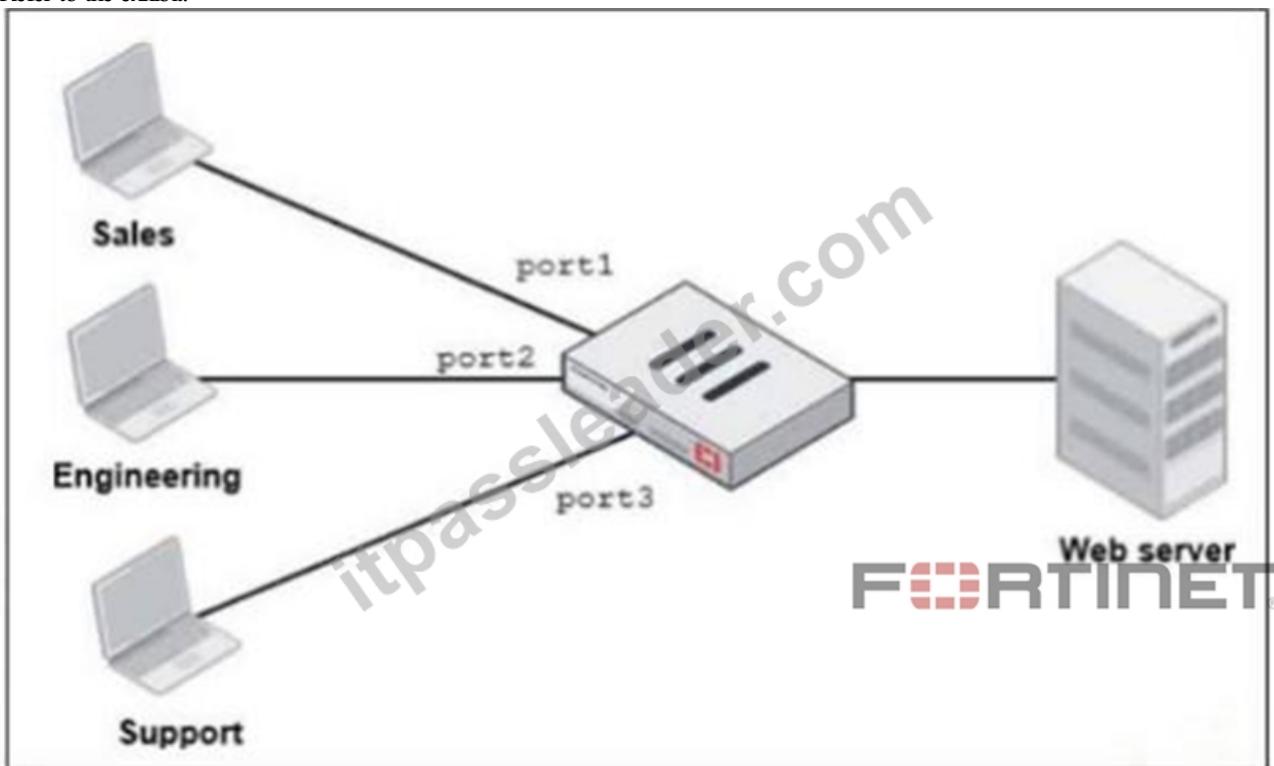
Answer: D

Explanation:

Interface Pair View organizes policies grouped by source and destination interfaces, whereas By Sequence View displays policies in the exact order they are processed by the firewall.

NEW QUESTION # 115

Refer to the exhibit.



FortiGate has two separate firewall policies for Sales and Engineering to access the same web server with the same security profiles. Which action must the administrator perform to consolidate the two policies into one?

- A. Select port1 and port2 subnets in a single firewall policy.
- B. Replace port1 and port2 with the any interface in a single firewall policy.
- **C. Enable Multiple Interface Policies to select port1 and port2 in the same firewall policy.**
- D. Create an Aggregate interface that includes port1 and port2 to create a single firewall policy.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Enabling Multiple Interface Policies allows you to select multiple interfaces (like port1 and port2) in a single firewall policy, consolidating access rules for both Sales and Engineering to the web server.

NEW QUESTION # 116

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