

International Code Council Fire-Inspector-II Reliable Exam Review & Valid Fire-Inspector-II Test Guide



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International Code Council 67 - Fire Inspector II Exam Sample Questions (Q44-Q49):

NEW QUESTION # 44

Where requirements for fire safety are not specifically provided for by the International Fire Code, which of the following shall have the responsibility to determine the applicable requirements?

- A. Legal counsel.
- B. City manager.
- C. Fire code official.
- D. Board of appeals.

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to the International Fire Code (IFC) 2021, when specific fire safety requirements are not explicitly provided for in the code, the responsibility to determine the applicable requirements falls upon the Fire Code Official.

Reference from the IFC (2021):

IFC Section 104.1 - General Authority and Responsibilities:

This section explicitly grants the Fire Code Official the authority to interpret the code and determine the necessary safety measures in cases where the code does not provide specific guidance.

It states: "The fire code official is hereby authorized to enforce the provisions of this code and shall have the authority to render interpretations of the code and to adopt policies and procedures in order to clarify the application of its provisions." IFC Section 104.9 - Alternative Materials and Methods:

This section further supports the authority of the Fire Code Official by allowing them to approve alternative fire safety measures when strict compliance with the code is not feasible.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect?

A: City Manager:

The city manager is responsible for administrative and operational management but does not have the authority to interpret or enforce fire code requirements.

B: Legal Counsel:

Legal counsel provides legal advice but does not have jurisdiction over fire safety code enforcement.

C: Board of Appeals:

The board of appeals reviews disputes and interpretations made by the Fire Code Official, but they do not have primary responsibility for determining applicable fire safety requirements.

Final Conclusion:

The Fire Code Official is the designated authority responsible for interpreting and applying fire safety requirements in situations where the International Fire Code (IFC) does not explicitly provide specific provisions.

NEW QUESTION # 45

Paint spray booths must have a clearance of ___ in. from unprotected combustible materials.

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: A

Explanation:

Paint Spray Booth Clearance Requirements

According to the International Fire Code (IFC) 2021, Section 2404.3.2, paint spray booths must have a minimum clearance of 18 inches from unprotected combustible materials.

This clearance requirement helps prevent heat transfer, fire spread, and ignition of nearby combustible materials due to the operation of the spray booth.

2. Why 18 Inches is the Correct Answer

Spray booths generate overspray, vapors, and heat, making clearance essential for fire prevention.

The requirement applies to combustible walls, ceilings, and storage materials surrounding the spray booth.

If combustibles are within 18 inches, additional fire protection such as fire-rated barriers or sprinkler protection may be required.

3. Verification of Other Options

Option A (12 inches) - Incorrect, as the IFC mandates a minimum 18-inch clearance.

Option C (24 inches) - Exceeds the standard clearance requirement but is not the official minimum. Incorrect.

Option D (36 inches) - Some jurisdictions may require larger clearances, but IFC mandates 18 inches as the minimum. Incorrect.

Reference Sources:

International Fire Code (IFC) 2021 - Section 2404.3.2 (Paint Spray Booth Clearance Requirements) NFPA 33: Standard for Spray Application Using Flammable or Combustible Materials (Clearance Guidelines) ICC Fire Inspector II Study Guide (2021)

Thus, the correct and verified answer is: B. 18 inches

NEW QUESTION # 46

Horizontal exits shall not comprise more than ___ of the required exits from any floor area in a Group I-2 occupancy.

- A. 1/3
- B. 2/3

- C. 1/2
- D. 3/4

Answer: C

Explanation:

For Group I-2 occupancies (such as hospitals, nursing homes, and similar healthcare facilities), horizontal exits are used to improve fire safety by allowing occupants to move to a safer area without using stairs or elevators.

IFC 2021, Section 1026.1 (Horizontal Exits - General Requirements) states that:

Horizontal exits shall not comprise more than one-half (1/2) of the required exits from any floor area in a Group I-2 occupancy.

This ensures that at least 50% of the required exits remain traditional vertical or exterior exits, maintaining a balance between horizontal and traditional egress routes.

Correct answer: B. 1/2

NEW QUESTION # 47

Platforms used for access to aboveground tanks storing flammable or combustible liquids shall be:

- A. built of noncombustible construction.
- B. located no closer than 3 ft. to the side of the tank.
- C. built of nonferrous, nonsparking metal.
- D. at least 4 ft. wide.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Platforms used for access to aboveground tanks storing flammable or combustible liquids are regulated by 2021 IFC, Section 5704 - Storage of Flammable and Combustible Liquids.

IFC 5704.2.7.4 - Access to Aboveground Tanks:

"Platforms, ladders, and stairways providing access to aboveground tanks storing flammable or combustible liquids shall be of noncombustible construction." This ensures that in case of fire, the access structures do not contribute to the spread of flames.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect?

A: At least 4 ft. wide. - The IFC does not specify a required width for platforms.

C: Built of nonferrous, nonsparking metal. - While important in hazardous areas, this is not a general requirement for platforms accessing aboveground tanks.

D: Located no closer than 3 ft. to the side of the tank. - There is no specific 3-ft. clearance requirement in the IFC for platforms.

NEW QUESTION # 48

In the fire code, ABS plastics are designated as ___ plastic materials.

- A. Group C
- B. Group A
- C. Group B
- D. Commodity Class III

Answer: B

Explanation:

IFC Section 2303.7 classifies ABS (acrylonitrile butadiene styrene) plastics as Group A (high-hazard) due to their flammability and smoke production, per NFPA 13. Options B and C are less hazardous, D is a commodity class, not a plastic group. Thus, A is correct.

Reference: IFC 2021, Section 2303.7, NFPA 13.

NEW QUESTION # 49

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