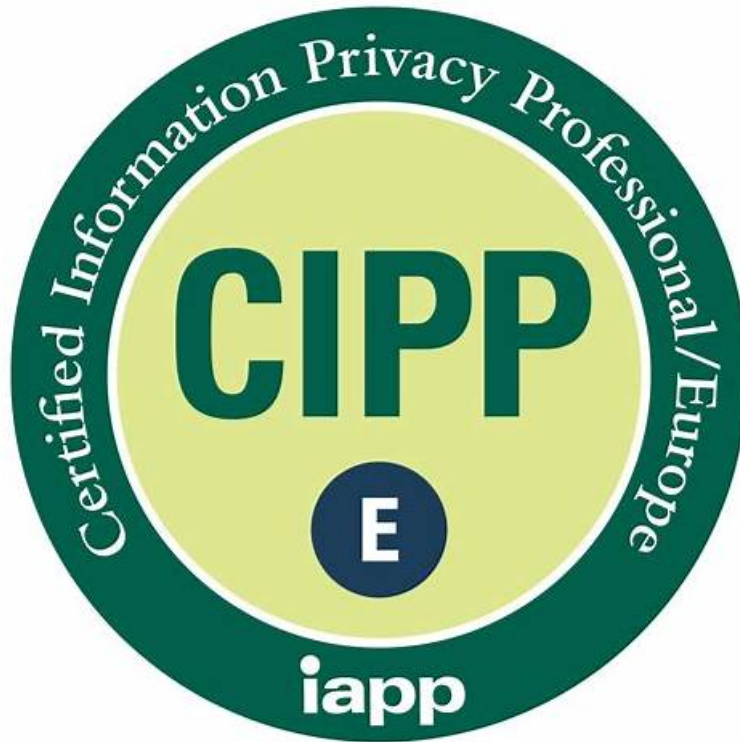


# IAPP CIPP-E Fragen und Antworten, Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) Prüfungsfragen



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ITZert stehen Ihnen eine Abkürzung zum Erfolg zur Verfügung. Dabei erspart ITZert Ihnen viel Zeit und Energie. ITZert wird Ihnen gute Fragenpool zur IAPP CIPP-E Zertifizierungsprüfung bieten und Ihnen helfen, die IAPP CIPP-E Zertifizierungsprüfung zu bestehen. Wenn Sie auch die relevante Materialien auf anderen Websites sehen, schauen Sie mal weiterhin, dann werden Sie finden, dass diese Materialien eigentlich aus ITZert stammen. Unsere ITZert bieten die umfassendste Information und aktualisieren am schnellsten.

Die IAPP CIPP-E (Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe) Zertifizierungsprüfung ist eine weltweit anerkannte Zertifizierung, die sich auf Datenschutzgesetze und -vorschriften in der Europäischen Union konzentriert. Diese Zertifizierung ist für Datenschutzfachleute konzipiert, die ihr Wissen und ihre Fähigkeiten im Bereich Datenschutz und -schutz verbessern möchten. Die CIPP-E-Prüfung umfasst eine Vielzahl von Themen wie die DSGVO, die ePrivacy-Verordnung, Datenübertragungen und Datenverletzungen, unter anderem. Das Bestehen der CIPP-E-Prüfung zeigt, dass eine Person ein gründliches Verständnis der europäischen Datenschutzlandschaft hat und in der Lage ist, die Komplexität der Datenschutzgesetze der EU effektiv zu navigieren.

Die CIPP-E-Zertifizierungsprüfung ist ideal für Fachkräfte, die mit personenbezogenen Daten in Europa arbeiten oder die Verantwortung für die Einhaltung von Datenschutz haben. Die Prüfung deckt eine breite Palette von Themen ab, einschließlich des rechtlichen und regulatorischen Rahmens für den Datenschutz in Europa, Datenschutzprinzipien und -praktiken, Datenschutzprogramme und Datenverletzungsmanagement. Die Zertifizierung soll Fachleuten das Wissen und die Fähigkeiten ausstatten, die zur Entwicklung und Umsetzung effektiver Datenschutzstrategien in ihren Organisationen erforderlich sind.

>> CIPP-E Musterprüfungsfragen <<

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Bereiten Sie sich jetzt auf IAPP CIPP-E Prüfung? Auf der offiziellen Webseite unserer ITZert wird alle Ihrer Bedarf an der Vorbereitung auf IAPP CIPP-E erfüllt. Insofern unsere Marke Ihnen bekannt ist, können Sie sogleich die Prüfungsunterlagen der IAPP CIPP-E nach Ihrem Bedarf innerhalb einigen Minuten erhalten. Gesicherte Zahlungsmittel, zuverlässige Kundendienste sowie die Produkte auf hohem Standard, diese Vorteilen können alle zusammen Ihnen helfen, zufriedenstellende Leistungen zu bekommen.

## **IAPP Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) CIPP-E Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q221-Q226):**

### **221. Frage**

WP29's "Guidelines on Personal data breach notification under Regulation 2016/679" provides examples of ways to communicate data breaches transparently. Which of the following was listed as a method that would NOT be effective for communicating a breach to data subjects?

- A. A direct electronic message
- B. A prominent advertisement in print media
- C. A postal notification
- **D. A notice on a corporate blog**

**Antwort: D**

Begründung:

According to the WP29's "Guidelines on Personal data breach notification under Regulation 2016/679", the communication of a personal data breach to the data subjects should be clear, concise, transparent, easily accessible and understandable, and use clear and plain language. The communication should also be made as soon as reasonably feasible and in close cooperation with the supervisory authority. The guidelines provide some examples of methods that may be effective for communicating a breach to data subjects, such as a direct electronic message (e.g. email, SMS, direct message), a postal notification, a prominent advertisement in print media, or a notice on the homepage of the affected website. However, the guidelines also state that a notice on a corporate blog or social media would not be an effective method of communication, as it would not reach all the affected data subjects and would not allow them to take immediate action to protect themselves. Therefore, the correct answer is C. A notice on a corporate blog. Reference:

WP29's "Guidelines on Personal data breach notification under Regulation 2016/679", pages 20-211

### **222. Frage**

An organization receives a request multiple times from a data subject seeking to exercise his rights with respect to his own personal data. Under what condition can the organization charge the data subject a fee for processing the request?

- A. Only to the extent this is allowed under the restrictions on data subjects' rights introduced under Art 23 of GDPR.
- **B. Only if the organization can demonstrate that the request is clearly excessive or misguided.**
- C. Only where the organization can show that it is reasonable to do so because more than one request was made.
- D. Only where the administrative costs of taking the action requested exceeds a certain threshold.

**Antwort: B**

Begründung:

Reference <https://gdpr-info.eu/art-23-gdpr/>

### **223. Frage**

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next question:

Anna and Frank both work at Granchester University. Anna is a lawyer responsible for data protection, while Frank is a lecturer in the engineering department. The University maintains a number of types of records:

Student records, including names, student numbers, home addresses, pre-university information, university attendance and performance records, details of special educational needs and financial information.

Staff records, including autobiographical materials (such as curricula, professional contact files, student evaluations and other relevant teaching files).

Alumni records, including birthplaces, years of birth, dates of matriculation and conferrals of degrees. These records are available to former students after registering through Granchester's Alumni portal. Department for Education records, showing how certain demographic groups (such as first-generation students) could be expected, on average, to progress. These records do not contain

names or identification numbers.

Under their security policy, the University encrypts all of its personal data records in transit and at rest.

In order to improve his teaching, Frank wants to investigate how his engineering students perform in relation to Department for Education expectations. He has attended one of Anna's data protection training courses and knows that he should use no more personal data than necessary to accomplish his goal. He creates a program that will only export some student data: previous schools attended, grades originally obtained, grades currently obtained and first time university attended. He wants to keep the records at the individual student level. Mindful of Anna's training, Frank runs the student numbers through an algorithm to transform them into different reference numbers. He uses the same algorithm on each occasion so that he can update each record over time.

One of Anna's tasks is to complete the record of processing activities, as required by the GDPR. After receiving her email reminder, as required by the GDPR. After receiving her email reminder, Frank informs Anna about his performance database.

Ann explains to Frank that, as well as minimizing personal data, the University has to check that this new use of existing data is permissible. She also suspects that, under the GDPR, a risk analysis may have to be carried out before the data processing can take place. Anna arranges to discuss this further with Frank after she has done some additional research.

Frank wants to be able to work on his analysis in his spare time, so he transfers it to his home laptop (which is not encrypted).

Unfortunately, when Frank takes the laptop into the University he loses it on the train. Frank has to see Anna that day to discuss compatible processing. He knows that he needs to report security incidents, so he decides to tell Anna about his lost laptop at the same time.

Anna will find that a risk analysis is NOT necessary in this situation as long as?

- A. The processing will not negatively affect the rights of the data subjects
- **B. The data subjects gave their unambiguous consent for the original processing**
- C. The algorithms that Frank uses for the processing are technologically sound
- D. The data subjects are no longer current students of Frank's

**Antwort: B**

## 224. Frage

### SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next question:

Joe is the new privacy manager for Who-R-U, a Canadian business that provides DNA analysis. The company is headquartered in Montreal, and all of its employees are located there. The company offers its services to Canadians only: Its website is in English and French, it accepts only Canadian currency, and it blocks internet traffic from outside of Canada (although this solution doesn't prevent all non-Canadian traffic). It also declines to process orders that request the DNA report to be sent outside of Canada, and returns orders that show a non-Canadian return address.

Bob, the President of Who-R-U, thinks there is a lot of interest for the product in the EU, and the company is exploring a number of plans to expand its customer base.

The first plan, collegially called We-Track-U, will use an app to collect information about its current Canadian customer base. The expansion will allow its Canadian customers to use the app while traveling abroad. He suggests that the company use this app to gather location information. If the plan shows promise, Bob proposes to use push notifications and text messages to encourage existing customers to pre-register for an EU version of the service. Bob calls this work plan, We-Text-U. Once the company has gathered enough pre-registrations, it will develop EU-specific content and services.

Another plan is called Customer for Life. The idea is to offer additional services through the company's app, like storage and sharing of DNA information with other applications and medical providers. The company's contract says that it can keep customer DNA indefinitely, and use it to offer new services and market them to customers. It also says that customers agree not to withdraw direct marketing consent. Paul, the marketing director, suggests that the company should fully exploit these provisions, and that it can work around customers' attempts to withdraw consent because the contract invalidates them.

The final plan is to develop a brand presence in the EU. The company has already begun this process. It is in the process of purchasing the naming rights for a building in Germany, which would come with a few offices that Who-R-U executives can use while traveling internationally. The office doesn't include any technology or infrastructure; rather, it's simply a room with a desk and some chairs.

On a recent trip concerning the naming-rights deal, Bob's laptop is stolen. The laptop held unencrypted DNA reports on 5,000 Who-R-U customers, all of whom are residents of Canada. The reports include customer name, birthdate, ethnicity, racial background, names of relatives, gender, and occasionally health information.

Who-R-U is NOT required to notify the local German DPA about the laptop theft because?

- **A. The company isn't a controller established in the Union.**
- B. There is no evidence that the thieves have accessed the data on the laptop.
- C. The data isn't considered personally identifiable financial information.
- D. The laptop belonged to a company located in Canada.

**Antwort: A**

### 225. Frage

A key component of the OECD Guidelines is the "Individual Participation Principle". What parts of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) provide the closest equivalent to that principle?

- A. The information requirements set out in Articles 13 and 14
- B. The breach notification requirements specified in Articles 33 and 34
- **C. The rights granted to data subjects under Articles 12 to 22**
- D. The lawful processing criteria stipulated by Articles 6 to 9

**Antwort: C**

### 226. Frage

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