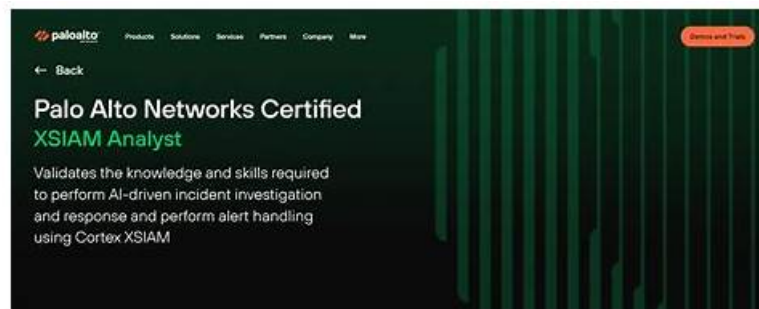


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## Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Analyst Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Alerting and Detection Processes: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Analysts and focuses on recognizing and managing different types of analytic alerts in the Palo Alto Networks XSIAM platform. It includes alert prioritization, scoring, and incident domain handling. Candidates must demonstrate understanding of configuring custom prioritizations, identifying alert sources like correlations and XDR indicators, and taking corresponding actions to ensure accurate threat detection.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Threat Intelligence Management and ASM: This section of the exam measures the skills of Threat Intelligence Analysts and focuses on handling and analyzing threat indicators and attack surface management (ASM). It includes importing and managing indicators, validating reputations and verdicts, creating prevention and detection rules, and monitoring asset inventories. Candidates are expected to use the Attack Surface Threat Response Center to identify and remediate threats effectively.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Endpoint Security Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of Endpoint Security Administrators and focuses on validating endpoint configurations and monitoring activities. It includes managing endpoint profiles and policies, verifying agent status, and responding to endpoint alerts through live terminals, isolation, malware scans, and file retrieval processes.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Incident Handling and Response: This section of the exam measures the skills of Incident Response Analysts and covers managing the complete lifecycle of incidents. It involves explaining the incident creation process, reviewing and investigating evidence through forensics and identity threat detection, analyzing and responding to security events, and applying automated responses. The section also focuses on interpreting incident context data, differentiating between alert grouping and data stitching, and hunting for potential IOCs.</li></ul>

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## Palo Alto Networks XSIAM Analyst Sample Questions (Q57-Q62):

### NEW QUESTION # 57

Which attribution evidence will have the lowest confidence level when evaluating assets to determine if they belong to an organization's attack surface?

- A. An asset attributed to the organization because the name server domain contains the company domain
- B. An asset discovered through registration information attributed to the organization
- C. An asset manually approved by a Cortex Xpanse analyst
- D. An asset attributed to the organization because the Subject Organization field contains the company name

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

The correct answer is C - An asset attributed to the organization because the Subject Organization field contains the company name. When determining ownership of assets in the attack surface, attribution based solely on the Subject Organization field containing the company name is considered less reliable than evidence based on domain registration, authoritative DNS relationships, or manual analyst validation. This is because the Subject Organization field may contain non-unique or common names, leading to a higher rate of false associations, and is not as strong as direct registration records or explicit analyst verification.

"The confidence level is lowest when asset attribution is based on the Subject Organization field, since this field may not be unique to the organization and can result in inaccurate mapping." Document Reference:XSIAM Analyst ILT Lab Guide.pdf Page:Page 42 (Attack Surface Management section)

### NEW QUESTION # 58

An on-demand malware scan of a Windows workstation using the Cortex XDR agent is successful and detects three malicious files. An analyst attempts further investigation of the files by right-clicking on the scan result, selecting "Additional data," then "View related alerts," but no alerts are reported.

What is the reason for this outcome?

- A. The malware scan action detects malicious files but does not generate alerts for them
- B. The malicious files were true positives and were automatically quarantined from the scan results
- C. The malicious files are currently in an excluded directory in the Malware Profile
- D. The malicious files were false positives and were automatically removed from the scan results

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The correct answer is B. The malware scan action detects malicious files but does not generate alerts for them.

In Cortex XSIAM and XDR, an on-demand malware scan effectively identifies malicious files on an endpoint. However, such scans typically record their findings directly in the scan results without generating separate alerts. Alerts are generally created through real-time protection mechanisms or detection rules, not through manually triggered scans.

Exact Reference from Official Document:

"The on-demand malware scan capability is designed to detect and identify malicious files but does not automatically generate alerts for those files. Alerts are primarily generated through real-time endpoint protection policies and detection rules." Therefore, the absence of alerts despite successful malware detection is due to the designed behavior of on-demand scans.

### NEW QUESTION # 59

Which interval is the duration of time before an analytics detector can raise an alert?

- A. Test period
- B. Deduplication period
- C. Training period
- D. Activation period

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The correct answer is C - Training period.

Analytics detectors within Cortex XSIAM utilize a training period to establish a baseline of normal behavior.

During this interval, the detector learns and identifies patterns and behaviors that are considered normal within the environment. Once the training period is complete, the detector can accurately detect and raise alerts on anomalies.

Other intervals mentioned do not match the definition:

\* Activation period: Refers to the time from activation to full functionality.

\* Test period: Typically refers to internal or manual testing stages.

\* Deduplication period: The time during which similar alerts are suppressed.

"Analytics detectors require an initial training period to learn normal patterns before being able to accurately raise alerts." Document Reference: EDU-270c-10-lab-guide\_02.docx (1).pdf Exact Page: Page 28 (Alerting and Detection Processes Section)

#### NEW QUESTION # 60

You observe an indicator marked "Malicious" in your dashboard. What can you do next?

(Choose two)

Response:

- A. Create a prevention rule
- B. Suppress alerts for 24 hours
- C. Add it to the blocklist
- D. Downgrade the alert to benign without justification

**Answer: A,C**

#### NEW QUESTION # 61

Match the incident type with an appropriate playbook response action:

Incident Type

A) Ransomware

B) Credential Theft

C) Phishing Email

D) Data Exfiltration

Playbook Action

1. Isolate endpoint and disable network access
2. Reset user password and audit login logs
3. Extract header and delete suspicious emails
4. Block exfiltration domain and terminate session

Response:

- A. A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1
- B. A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
- C. A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4
- D. A-1, B-2, C-4, D-3

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION # 62

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