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## Palo Alto Networks Security Operations Generalist Sample Questions (Q239-Q244):

### NEW QUESTION # 239

An organization has deployed Palo Alto Networks IoT Security and integrated it with their Strata NGFW. The IoT Security platform has identified a group of 'Smart Thermostats' on the network segment. The security team wants to create a policy on the NGFW to allow these devices to communicate only with their vendor's cloud update server on HTTPS (port 443) and block all

other outbound communication. Which type of security policy rule criteria is specifically enabled by the IoT Security integration to represent the group of discovered thermostats?

- A. A URL Category created for the vendor's update server domain.
- B. A custom Application signature for the thermostat's communication protocol.
- C. A static Address Group containing the known IP addresses of the thermostats.
- D. A dynamic Address Group based on the 'Smart Thermostats' device category provided by the IoT Security subscription.
- E. A User-ID mapping for the thermostats to an IoT user group.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

The IoT Security integration provides dynamic device groups based on the discovered and profiled device inventory. Option A is manual and not dynamic as devices change. Option B correctly identifies the dynamic Address Group concept: the IoT Security cloud service maintains the group membership based on its profiling, and this group object is available for use in NGFW security policies. Option C is incorrect; User-ID is for human users. Option D might identify the application, but not the specific group of devices. Option E identifies the destination, but not the source devices.

#### **NEW QUESTION # 240**

How does Cortex XSIAM enhance proactive security operations?

Response:

- A. By focusing only on known attack signatures
- B. By eliminating the need for EDR solutions
- C. By automatically blocking all external network traffic
- D. By enabling AI-powered threat hunting and anomaly detection

**Answer: D**

#### **NEW QUESTION # 241**

An administrator is reviewing traffic logs on a Palo Alto Networks NGFW and sees sessions attributed to various Device-ID categories (e.g., 'Windows Desktop', 'Android Mobile', 'IP Camera', 'Unknown Device'). Where does the firewall obtain the information used to classify sessions into these Device-ID categories?

- A. From static assignments manually configured by the administrator for each IP address.
- B. From passive analysis of network traffic, including DHCP information, HTTP headers, and TCP/IP stack fingerprinting.
- C. Through integration with Active Directory or LDAP.
- D. By querying an external asset management database via API.
- E. From endpoint agents installed on the devices.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Device-ID's core function is passive device profiling based on observable network attributes. Option A is manual and not scalable or dynamic. Option B correctly describes the passive methods used to identify devices. Option C is a potential integration method for asset information, but not the primary mechanism for real-time Device-ID classification. Option D is for agent-based solutions like GlobalProtect HIP or Cortex XDR, but Device-ID itself is agentless. Option E is for User-ID mapping humans, not identifying device types.

#### **NEW QUESTION # 242**

A security analyst needs to monitor a Palo Alto Networks Strata NGFW for traffic patterns indicative of potential policy violations, such as unauthorized application usage or unusual data transfer volumes by specific users. They require detailed information about allowed and denied sessions, including source/destination, application, user, and amount of data transferred. Which log type is the primary source for this information?

- A. System logs
- B. Traffic logs
- C. Threat logs

- D. HIP Match logs
- E. Configuration logs

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Traffic logs are the fundamental logs generated by the firewall that provide details about every session that hits a policy rule. They include critical information like source/destination IP and zones, application ID, user ID (if User-ID is enabled), action (allow, deny, drop, reset), bytes transferred, and session duration. This makes them the primary source for analyzing traffic patterns, policy hits, and user activity. Option A focuses on detected threats. Option B tracks system events. Option C logs configuration changes. Option E logs device posture compliance.

**NEW QUESTION # 243**

A branch office using Prisma SD-WAN has a direct internet link. They need to allow guest Wi-Fi users to access the internet, but this guest traffic should be Source NAT'd to a different public IP address range than corporate user traffic to facilitate separate logging and rate limiting by the upstream ISP. The guest network uses a specific VLAN and subnet (172.16.10.0/24). Which Prisma SD-WAN policy type and configuration element is used to define this specific NAT requirement for the guest traffic?

- A. Application Override policy configured to classify guest traffic for specific NAT handling.
- B. A Security Policy rule matching the guest subnet and applying a custom NAT profile.
- C. A Path Policy rule matching the guest subnet and directing traffic to a NAT gateway.
- D. A QOS Policy rule prioritizing guest traffic and applying a NAT action.
- E. A NAT Policy rule with the Original Packet Source Zone/Subnet matching the guest network (172.16.10.0/24) and Translated Packet Source Translation configured with a specific static IP or dynamic pool.

**Answer: E**

Explanation:

Defining how specific source traffic (like guest users) is translated when exiting the network is the function of NAT Policy. - Option A: Security Policy determines allow/deny and inspection, not NAT translation rules. - Option B: Path Policy determines which link traffic goes over, not how its address is translated. While traffic might be steered to a link where NAT is performed, the NAT definition itself is separate. - Option C (Correct): NAT Policy is where you configure address translation. You create a rule that matches the 'Original Packet' details (source zone/subnet of the guest network, destination zone/interface like the internet egress). In the 'Translated Packet' section, you configure the Source Address Translation method (Static IP or Dynamic IP/Port) using the specific public IP or pool designated for guest traffic. This ensures only traffic from the guest subnet gets this specific translation. - Option D: QOS Policy prioritizes bandwidth usage; it does not perform NAT. - Option E: Application Override reclassifies traffic for App-ID purposes; it doesn't configure NAT.

**NEW QUESTION # 244**

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