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Salesforce Analytics-Arch-201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Monitor and Maintain a Tableau Deployment: This section evaluates skills of Tableau Administrators in monitoring, maintaining, and optimizing Tableau environments. It involves creating custom administrative dashboards, conducting load testing using tools like TabJolt, and analyzing test results. Troubleshooting complex performance bottlenecks in workbooks and server resources is key, as is tuning caching and scaling strategies. It covers leveraging observability tools such as the Resource Monitoring Tool, analyzing logs and metrics, and adjusting architecture accordingly. Automation of maintenance functions using APIs, scripting, and scheduling is included, along with managing server extensions, content automation, dashboard extensions, web data connectors, and secure embedded solutions.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deploy Tableau Server: This domain assesses the ability of Tableau Administrators to perform production-ready deployments of Tableau Server. It encompasses installing and configuring Tableau Server with external components, supporting air-gapped environments, disaster recovery validations, and blue-green deployments. It includes configuring and troubleshooting various authentication methods such as SAML, Kerberos, and LDAP. The section also covers implementing encryption strategies, installing and verifying Tableau Server on Linux and Windows platforms, resolving installation and configuration issues, and managing service accounts and logging.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design a Tableau Infrastructure: This section of the exam measures skills of Tableau Consultants and focuses on planning and designing a complex Tableau deployment. It covers gathering user requirements, licensing strategies including Authorization-to-Run, high availability and disaster recovery planning, and mapping server add-ons to the organization's needs. It includes planning and implementing Tableau Cloud with Bridge, authentication, user provisioning, and multi-site configuration. Additionally, it addresses migration planning across Tableau products, operating systems, identity stores, and consolidations, as well as designing process topologies, sizing, node roles, and recommending server configurations including security, hardware, and disaster recovery.

Salesforce Certified Tableau Architect Sample Questions (Q65-Q70):

NEW QUESTION # 65

In planning the process topology for a Tableau Server intended for a medium-sized business with moderate usage patterns, what is the most important consideration for process counts?

- A. Assigning an equal number of processes for each type, regardless of specific usage patterns.
- B. Allocating an excessive number of all process types to prepare for unexpected peaks in demand.
- **C. Tailoring the process count to balance between VizQL, Data Server, and Backgrounder based on expected usage and demand.**
- D. Prioritizing only VizQL processes and minimizing others.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Tailoring the process count to balance between VizQL, Data Server, and Back-grounder based on expected usage and demand Customizing the process count to reflect the organization's specific usage patterns ensures optimal performance without over-allocating resources, which is crucial for a medium-sized business. Option A is incorrect because over-allocating processes can be resource-intensive and unnecessary for moderate usage. Option B is incorrect as it does not account for the specific needs and usage patterns of the business. Option D is incorrect because it overlooks the importance of balancing different process types for a well-rounded performance.

NEW QUESTION # 66

For a small startup with limited IT resources, which identity store and authentication configuration would be most suitable for their new Tableau Server deployment?

- A. Implementing a complex LDAP-based system for future scalability
- B. Integrating with an external enterprise-level identity provider, regardless of the cost
- C. Requiring users to have separate credentials for Tableau Server, unrelated to other systems
- **D. Using Tableau Server's built-in local identity store for simplicity and ease of management**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Using Tableau Server's built-in local identity store for simplicity and ease of management For a small startup with limited resources, using Tableau Server's built-in local identity store offers a simple and manageable solution, avoiding the complexity and cost of more advanced systems. Option A is incorrect as a complex LDAP system might be too resource-intensive for a small startup. Option C is incorrect because integrating with an external enterprise-level provider might be unnecessary and costly for a small team. Option D is incorrect because requiring separate credentials can lead to inefficient user management and a poor user experience.

NEW QUESTION # 67

When configuring an unlicensed node in a Tableau Server deployment, what is the primary function that this node can perform?

- A. It can act as a load balancer for distributing user requests
- B. It can serve as a backup for the primary server in case of failure
- C. It can be used for tasks like data extraction and background jobs
- **D. It can handle user authentication requests**

Answer: D

Explanation:

It can be used for tasks like data extraction and background jobs An unlicensed node in a Tableau Server deployment is typically used for running background tasks such as data extraction, subscription tasks, or other background jobs. This helps in offloading these tasks from the licensed nodes, ensuring better performance of the core server functions. Option A is incorrect because an unlicensed node cannot function as a backup for the primary server as it does not handle live server tasks or user interaction. Option B is incorrect as user authentication requests are managed by licensed nodes that have the necessary capabilities and access to security settings. Option D is incorrect because load balancing of user requests is a function that requires a licensed node, as it involves direct user interaction and data processing.

NEW QUESTION # 68

When configuring a test environment for load testing a Tableau Server deployment, what is a key factor to ensure the environment is suitable for effective testing?

- A. Ensuring the test environment has significantly higher specifications than the production environment to test maximum capacity
- B. Using a simplified dataset in the test environment to focus on server performance
- C. Configuring the test environment without security protocols to observe performance with-out any restrictions
- **D. Mirroring the hardware and software configurations of the production environment as closely as possible**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Mirroring the hardware and software configurations of the production environment as closely as possible When setting up a test environment for load testing, it is crucial to mirror the production environment's hardware and software configurations as closely as possible. This similarity ensures that the test results are representative of how the Tableau Server would perform in the actual production setting, providing reliable and actionable insights. Option A is incorrect because having significantly higher specifications in the test environment can provide misleading results that do not reflect the actual production performance. Option C is incorrect as using a simplified dataset might not adequately represent the complexity of real-world usage in the production environment. Option D is incorrect because excluding security protocols can affect performance measurements and does not accurately reflect the production environment's constraints.

NEW QUESTION # 69

You are installing Tableau Server on Windows and face an error message indicating a conflict with the system's current software configuration. What is the most appropriate initial troubleshooting step?

- A. Upgrading the Windows operating system to the latest version
- B. Changing the system's regional and language settings to match those recommended by Tableau
- **C. Checking for and resolving any software conflicts, such as incompatible versions of dependencies or conflicting applications**
- D. Disconnecting the Windows system from the network to isolate it from external interference

Answer: C

Explanation:

Checking for and resolving any software conflicts, such as incompatible versions of dependencies or conflicting applications When facing an error related to software conflicts during the installation of Tableau Server on Windows, the initial step should be to check for and resolve these conflicts. This may involve updating dependencies to compatible versions or addressing conflicts with other applications on the system. Option A is incorrect as upgrading the operating system, while potentially helpful, is not the first step to take before identifying specific software conflicts. Option C is incorrect because disconnecting from the network does not address

software compatibility issues on the system. Option D is incorrect as changing regional and language settings is unlikely to resolve software conflicts affecting the installation of Tableau Server.

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