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PT-AM-CPE Certified Professional – PingAM Exam Practice Questions (2026 Edition) | 200 Real Multiple-Choice Questions with Answers & Explanations| PDF

Question 1

Which of the following tab pages in the PingAM admin UI can be used to configure the OAuth2 and OpenID Connect may act scripts used for token exchange requests?

A) The OAuth2 provider service > Advanced tab page
B) The OAuth2 provider service > Core tab page
C) The OAuth2 client profile > Advanced tab page
D) The OAuth2 client profile > OAuth2 Provider Overrides tab page

- AB and D only
- BA and D only
- **CA and C only** ✓
- DB and C only

The Advanced tab page on the OAuth2 provider service and the OAuth2 Provider Overrides tab page on the client profile are the correct locations for configuring scripts used in token exchange requests.

Question 2

What authentication tree nodes are provided for device registration in PingAM?

A) MFA Registration Options node, OATH Registration node, Push Registration node
B) MFA Registration Options node, OATH Registration node, WebAuthn Registration node
C) **MFA Registration Options node, Push Registration node, WebAuthn Registration node** ✓
D) OATH Registration node, Push Registration node, WebAuthn Registration node

Device registration in PingAM typically uses MFA Registration Options, Push Registration, and WebAuthn Registration nodes for multi-factor authentication device setup.

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Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	Improving Access Management Security: This domain focuses on strengthening authentication security, implementing context-aware authentication experiences, and establishing continuous risk monitoring throughout user sessions.
Topic 2	Installing and Deploying AM: This domain encompasses installing and upgrading PingAM, hardening security configurations, setting up clustered environments, and deploying PingOne Advanced Identity Platform to the cloud.
Topic 3	Federating Across Entities Using SAML2: This domain covers implementing single sign-on using SAML v2.0 and delegating authentication responsibilities between SAML2 entities.
Topic 4	Extending Services Using OAuth2-Based Protocols: This domain addresses integrating applications with OAuth 2.0 and OpenID Connect, securing OAuth2 clients with mutual TLS and proof-of-possession, transforming OAuth2 tokens, and implementing social authentication.
Topic 5	Enhancing Intelligent Access: This domain covers implementing authentication mechanisms, using PingGateway to protect websites, and establishing access control policies for resources.

>> PT-AM-CPE Detailed Study Plan <<

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Ping Identity Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34

When making a token exchange request for an ID token using the /oauth2/access_token endpoint, what is the value for the grant_type parameter?

- A. urn:ietf:params:oauth2:grant-type:token-exchange
- B. urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:token-exchange
- C. urn:ietf:params:oidc:grant-type:token-exchange
- D. urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:idtoken-exchange

Answer: A

Explanation:

PingAM 8.0.2 supports the OAuth 2.0 Token Exchange specification (RFC 8693), which allows a client to exchange one type of security token for another.¹ This is commonly used in microservices architectures where a service needs to exchange an incoming access token for a more specific token to call a downstream service (impersonation or delegation).

According to the PingAM documentation on "Token Exchange," the request is made to the /oauth2/access_token (or /oauth2/token) endpoint.² As per the RFC 8693 standard strictly implemented by PingAM, the mandatory grant_type parameter must be set to exactly:

urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:token-exchange

However, there is a common discrepancy in documentation versus implementation strings. Reviewing the PingAM 8.0.2 OAuth2 Developer Guide, the engine recognizes the standard IETF URN. Looking at the options provided, Option B contains the string urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:token-exchange (noting that "oauth2" is often used in descriptive text but the URI is technically oauth).

Note: There is a minor typo in the standard option C which is actually the standard. However, within the context of Ping Identity's specific documentation and certification exams, the URI urn:ietf:params:oauth:grant-type:token-exchange is the correct identifier. This grant type enables the subject_token and actor_token parameters to be processed. If the client specifically wants an ID Token

in return, they must ensure the requested_token_type is set to urn:ietf:params:oauth:token-type:id_token, but the grant_type itself remains the universal token-exchange URI.

NEW QUESTION # 35

Which of the following are existing script types in PingAM?

- A) Decision node script for authentication trees
- B) End User user interface theme script
- C) OpenID Connect claims script
- D) Policy condition script

- A. B, C and D
- B. A, B and C
- C. A, B and D
- **D. A, C and D**

Answer: D

Explanation:

PingAM 8.0.2 is highly extensible through its Scripting Engine, which supports Groovy and JavaScript. However, scripts can only be applied to specific "hooks" or "extension points" defined by the platform.

According to the "Scripting" and "Script Types" reference in the PingAM 8.0.2 documentation, the standard supported script types are:

Decision node script (A): Used within Authentication Trees via the "Scripted Decision Node." These scripts allow for complex logic, such as checking user attributes, calling external APIs, or evaluating risk before deciding which path a user should take in their journey.

OpenID Connect claims script (C): This script type is used to customize the claims returned in OIDC ID Tokens or at the UserInfo endpoint. It allows administrators to transform internal LDAP attributes into the specific JSON format required by OIDC clients.

Policy condition script (D): Used within Authorization Policies. These scripts define custom logic for granting or denying access (e.g., "Allow access only if the user is connecting from a specific IP range and it is between 9 AM and 5 PM").

Why Statement B is incorrect: There is no such thing as an "End User user interface theme script" in the PingAM scripting engine. UI customization (Themeing) in PingAM 8.0.2 is handled through the XUI framework using CSS, HTML templates, and configuration JSON files, or by building a custom UI using the Ping SDKs. It does not use the server-side Groovy/JavaScript scripting engine that governs authentication and authorization logic. Therefore, the valid script types are A, C, and D, making Option D the correct choice.

NEW QUESTION # 36

Which of the following code examples inserts a may_act claim to the resulting token in a PingAM implementation?

- A. `var mayAct = /* is a JSON object with may act property data */ token.addMayAct(mayAct)`
- B. `var mayAct = /* is a JSON object with may act property data */ requestedToken.setMayAct(mayAct)`
- C. `var mayAct = /* is a JSON object with may act property data */ token.setMayAct(mayAct)`
- **D. `var mayAct = /* is a JSON object with may act property data */ requestedToken.addMayAct(mayAct)`**

Answer: D

Explanation:

In PingAM 8.0.2, the OAuth 2.0 Token Exchange (RFC 8693) implementation allows for complex identity delegation scenarios.

The may_act claim is a specific claim used to indicate that one entity is authorized to act on behalf of another. When customizing the behavior of token exchange via the OAuth2 Token Exchange Script, developers interact with specific scriptable objects provided by the PingAM engine.

According to the "Scripting API" for OAuth2 and the "Token Exchange" developer guide, the requestedToken object is the primary interface used to modify the structure of the token being issued during the exchange. To insert the may_act claim, the API provides the addMayAct() method.

The may_act claim is technically a JSON object that contains a sub (subject) claim of the entity that is allowed to act as the subject of the token. In the scripting environment:

The requestedToken variable represents the token currently being minted.

The .addMayAct() method is the defined function signature to append this delegation metadata.

Why other options are incorrect:

Options A and C: The object name token is not the standard binding used for the target token in the Token Exchange script context;

requestedToken is the correct binding.

Option C: The method name setMayAct is incorrect. The PingAM API uses the add prefix for these types of claims (similar to addActor), reflecting the underlying structure where these claims are added to the claim set of the JWT.

Using the correct syntax requestedToken.addMayAct(mayAct) ensures that the resulting Access Token or ID Token contains the correctly formatted delegation information required by resource servers to validate that the "Actor" has the permission to represent the "Subject."

NEW QUESTION # 37

Which area of PingAM does affinity mode relate to?

- A. Self-service
- B. Authentication
- C. Authorization
- **D. Load balancing**

Answer: D

Explanation:

In PingAM 8.0.2, the term Affinity Mode (or session affinity) is strictly related to Load Balancing (Option B). It describes a configuration where a load balancer ensures that all requests belonging to a specific user session are consistently routed to the same PingAM server instance in a cluster.

According to the "Load Balancing" and "Deployment Planning" documentation:

Affinity is critical for performance in stateful deployments. While PingAM can operate in a "stateless" manner by retrieving sessions from the Core Token Service (CTS) on every request, this creates unnecessary overhead. Affinity Mode allows the AM server to satisfy requests using its local "In-memory" session cache.

There are two primary levels of affinity discussed in PingAM documentation:

Client-to-AM Affinity: Usually handled by the load balancer using a cookie (like the AMLB cookie) to keep the user on the same AM node.

AM-to-DS Affinity: Used when AM connects to the CTS (PingDS). This ensures that an AM server always talks to the same directory server node to avoid "replication lag" where a session might be written to one DS node but not yet visible on another. Without affinity, the system remains functional due to the CTS, but performance decreases as every request requires a cross-network database lookup. Therefore, affinity is a core concept of the Load Balancing and high-availability architecture.

NEW QUESTION # 38

In a PingAM cluster, how is the debug level set?

- **A. On a per-instance basis in the admin console**
- B. On each server in the debug.properties file
- C. It is not recommended to change the level at all
- D. On a per-site basis in the admin console

Answer: A

Explanation:

Debugging a PingAM 8.0.2 environment is essential for troubleshooting issues that occur at the engine level. In a multi-server deployment (a cluster), different servers may be experiencing different local issues (e.g., filesystem permissions or local JVM constraints). Therefore, debug settings are managed at the server-specific level rather than the global site level.

According to the "Debug Logging" and "Server Settings" documentation:

The debug level (e.g., error, warning, message, info) is configured on a per-instance basis. In the PingAM Administrative Console, an administrator navigates to Deployment > Servers > [Server Name] > Debugging. Here, they can set the "Debug Level" and "Debug Output" (file vs. console).

Setting the level per instance allows an administrator to increase verbosity on a single "problematic" node without flooding the logs and impacting the performance of the entire healthy cluster. While these settings eventually modify internal properties, the Admin Console is the primary and recommended interface for making these changes in version 8.0.2.

Why other options are incorrect:

Option A: While legacy versions of OpenAM used a local debug.properties file, modern PingAM stores these settings in the Configuration Store, though they are applied to specific server instances.

Option C: A "Site" is a logical grouping for load balancing. Setting a debug level on a site would force all servers in that site to change simultaneously, which is often undesirable for targeted troubleshooting.

Option D: Changing the debug level is a standard and recommended practice for troubleshooting, provided it is returned to a lower level (like error or warning) once the issue is resolved to save disk space and CPU.

NEW QUESTION # 39

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