

新版312-97考古題，312-97考題資源



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周圍有很多朋友都通過了ECCouncil的312-97認證考試嗎？他們都是怎麼做到的呢？就讓KaoGuTi的網站來告訴你吧。KaoGuTi的312-97考古題擁有最新最全的資料，為你提供優質的服務，是能讓你成功通過312-97認證考試的不二選擇，不要再猶豫了，快來KaoGuTi的網站瞭解更多的資訊，讓我們幫助你通過考試吧。

你現在正在為了尋找ECCouncil的312-97認證考試的優秀的資料而苦惱嗎？不用再擔心了，這裏就有你最想要的東西。應大家的要求，KaoGuTi為參加312-97考試的考生專門研發出了一種高效率的學習方法。大家都是一邊工作一邊準備考試，這樣很費心費力吧？為了避免你在準備考試時浪費太多的時間，KaoGuTi為你提供了只需要經過很短時間的學習就可以通過考試的312-97考古題。這個考古題包含了實際考試中一切可能出現的問題。所以，只要你好好學習這個考古題，那麼通過312-97考試就不再是難題了。

>> 新版312-97考古題 <<

新版312-97考古題：EC-Council Certified DevSecOps Engineer (ECDE)確定通過考試

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EE Council 312-97 考試大綱:

主題	簡介
主題 1	DevSecOps Pipeline - Plan Stage: This module covers the planning phase, emphasizing security requirement identification and threat modeling. It highlights cross-functional collaboration between development, security, and operations teams to ensure alignment with security goals.
主題 2	DevSecOps Pipeline - Build and Test Stage: This module explores integrating automated security testing into build and testing processes through CI pipelines. It covers SAST and DAST approaches to identify and address vulnerabilities early in development.
主題 3	- Understanding DevOps Culture: This module introduces DevOps principles, covering cultural and technical foundations that emphasize collaboration between development and operations teams. It addresses automation, CI - CD practices, continuous improvement, and the essential communication patterns needed for faster, reliable software delivery.

最新的 Certified DevSecOps Engineer 312-97 免費考試真題 (Q60-Q65):

問題 #60

(Victor Garber is a DevSecOps team leader in SanSec Pvt. Ltd. His organization develops various types of software products and web applications. Currently, his team is working on security of Java-based web application product. How can Victor identify vulnerabilities that are missed in pre-production testing activities?.)

- A. By performing test-time checks.
- B. By performing build-time checks.
- C. By performing commit-time checks.
- **D. By performing deploy-time checks.**

答案: D

解題說明:

Deploy-time checks are designed to identify vulnerabilities that may not surface during earlier stages such as commit-time, build-time, or test-time checks. These checks analyze applications in environments that closely resemble or are part of production, making it possible to detect configuration issues, runtime vulnerabilities, and environment-specific weaknesses. Pre-production testing often cannot fully replicate production conditions, so deploy-time checks act as an additional safety net. Commit-time and build-time checks focus on code quality and static analysis, while test-time checks validate application behavior in controlled environments. Deploy-time checks therefore help Victor uncover vulnerabilities missed earlier, improving overall security assurance before or during deployment.

問題 #61

(Andrew Gerrard has recently joined an IT company located in Fairmont, California, as a DevSecOps engineer. Due to robust security and cost-effective service provided by AWS, his organization has migrated all the workloads from on-prem to AWS cloud in January of 2020. Andrew's team leader has asked him to integrate AWS Secret Manager with Jenkins. To do so, Andrew installed the "AWS Secret Manager Credentials provider" plugin in Jenkins and configured an IAM policy in AWS that allows Jenkins to take secrets from AWS Secret manager. Which of the following file should Andrew edit to add access id and secret key parameters along with the region copied from AWS?.)

- **A. /etc/sysconfig/Jenkins.**
- B. /etc/filebeat/filebeat.yml.
- C. /etc/sysconfig file/Jenkins.
- D. /etc/file/Jenkins.

答案: A

解題說明:

On Linux systems, Jenkins environment variables such as AWS access key ID, secret access key, and default region are commonly configured in the /etc/sysconfig/Jenkins file. This file allows administrators to define environment variables that are loaded when the Jenkins service starts. By placing AWS credentials and region information in this file, Jenkins jobs and plugins-such as the AWS Secrets Manager Credentials Provider- can securely access AWS resources. The other options reference invalid paths or unrelated configuration files (such as Filebeat). Editing /etc/sysconfig/Jenkins ensures consistent credential availability across Jenkins jobs while supporting secure integration with AWS services during the Code stage.

問題 #62

(Gabriel Jarret has been working as a senior DevSecOps engineer in an IT company located in Houston, Texas. He is using Vault to manage secrets and protect sensitive data. On February 1, 2022, Gabriel wrote the secret using vault kv put secret/wejskt command. On February 10, 2022, his team detected a brute-force attack using Splunk monitoring tool. Gabriel would like to delete the secrets in the vault that he wrote on February 1, 2022. Which of the following commands should Gabriel use to delete a secret in Vault secret management tool?)

- A. vault kv -delete secret/wejskt.
- **B. vault kv del secret/wejskt.**
- C. vault kv delete secret/wejskt.
- D. vault kv -del secret/wejskt.

答案: B

解題說明：

HashiCorp Vault provides a key-value (KV) secrets engine for securely storing sensitive data. To remove a secret from the KV store, the correct command is `vault kv del <path>`. This command deletes the secret data at the specified path. Options using `-delete` or `-del` are syntactically incorrect, and `vault kv delete` is not a valid Vault CLI command. Proper secret deletion is an essential part of secret lifecycle management, especially when credentials may have been compromised. Performing this action during the Operate and Monitor stage helps contain security incidents, reduce exposure, and ensure that compromised secrets are no longer accessible. Timely deletion of secrets supports effective incident response and strengthens overall security posture.

問題 #63

(Erica Mena has been working as a DevSecOps engineer in an IT company that provides customize software solutions to various clients across United States. To protect serverless and container applications with RASP, she would like to create an Azure container instance using Azure CLI in Microsoft PowerShell. She created the Azure container instance and loaded the container image to it. She then reviewed the deployment of the container instance. Which of the following commands should Erica run to get the logging information from the Azure container instance? (Assume the resource group name as ACI and container name as aci-test-closh.))

- A. `az get container logs -resource-group ACI --name aci-test-closh`.
- B. `az get container logs --resource-group ACI --name aci-test-closh`.
- C. `az container logs -resource-group ACI -name aci-test-closh`.
- D. `az container logs --resource-group ACI --name aci-test-closh`.

答案： D

解題說明：

Azure Container Instances provide built-in logging capabilities that can be accessed using the Azure CLI. To retrieve logs from a deployed container instance, the correct command is `az container logs` followed by the resource group and container name. The proper syntax requires double-dash parameters: `--resource-group` and `--name`. In Erica's case, the correct command is `az container logs --resource-group ACI --name aci-test-closh`.

Options that use "az get container logs" are invalid because "get" is not a supported verb in this context.

Option C uses incorrect single-dash flags, which do not match Azure CLI standards. Accessing container logs during the Code stage helps engineers validate application behavior, identify runtime errors, and ensure that security instrumentation such as RASP agents are functioning correctly before progressing further in the pipeline.

問題 #64

(Gabriel Bateman has been working as a DevSecOps engineer in an IT company that develops virtual classroom software for online teaching. He would like to clone the BDD security framework on his local machine using the following URL, <https://github.com/continuumsecurity/bdd-security.git>. Which of the following command should Gabriel use to clone the BDD security framework?)

- A. `github clone https://github.com/continuumsecurity/bdd-security.git`.
- B. `git clone https://github.com/continuumsecurity/bdd-security.git`.
- C. `github clone https://github.com/continuumsecurity/bdd-security.git`.
- D. `git clone https://github.com/continuumsecurity/bdd-security.git`.

答案： D

解題說明：

To clone a repository from GitHub, the correct command is `git clone` followed by the accurate repository URL. The organization name `continuumsecurity` and repository name `bdd-security` must be spelled correctly for the command to succeed. Options using `github clone` are invalid because `github` is not a standard Git command-line utility. Options with misspelled organization names will result in errors. Cloning security testing frameworks during the Code stage enables DevSecOps engineers to evaluate, customize, and integrate security automation tools into development workflows, supporting secure application development and testing practices.

問題 #65

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