010-160 Valid Exam Tutorial - Free PDF Quiz 010-160 - Linux Essentials Certificate Exam - version 1.6–First-grade New Test Pdf

Exam Name	LPI Linux Essential	
Exam Code	010-160 (version 1.6)	
Exam Duration	60 minutes	
Number of Questions	40	
Exam Format	• Multiple Choice	
	• Fill in the blanks	
Exam Cost	India	USD 88
	United States	USD 120
	United Kingdom	EUR 115
Requirements	Passing the Linux Essentials 010 exam	
Validity	Lifetime	
Exam Language	English, German, Japanese, Dutch, Portuguese (Brazilian), Chinese (Simplified), Chinese (Traditional)	

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Lpi Linux Essentials Certificate Exam - version 1.6 Sample Questions (Q42-Q47):

NEW QUESTION # 42
Which of the following commands output the content of the file Texts 2.txt? (Choose two.)

- A. cat 'Texts\ 2.txt'
- B. cat |Texts 2.txt|

- C. cat -- Texts 2.txt
- D. cat Texts\ 2.txt
- E. cat 'Texts 2.txt'

Answer: D,E

Explanation:

Explanation

The correct commands to output the content of the file Texts 2.txt are A and E. These commands use the cat command, which stands for concatenate, to display the content of one or more files. The cat command can take one or more filenames as arguments and print their content to the standard output (usually the terminal screen)12. The commands A and E use different ways to deal with the space character in the filename. The space character is a special character in Linux that separates words and commands. To prevent the shell from interpreting the space as a word separator, the commands A and E use either of the following methods34:

* Option A uses single quotes (') around the filename to preserve the literal value of the space character.

This tells the shell to treat the filename as a single argument and pass it to the cat command. For example: cat 'Texts 2.txt'

* Option E uses a backslash () before the space character to escape its special meaning. This tells the shell to ignore the space as a word separator and treat it as part of the filename. For example: cat Texts\ 2.txt The other options are incorrect because they use different syntax that do not output the content of the file. For example:

* Option B uses a double dash (-) before the filename to indicate the end of options. This is usually used to prevent the shell from interpreting a filename that starts with a dash (-) as an option. However, in this case, the filename does not start with a dash, so the double dash is unnecessary and will cause the command to fail. For example: cat - Texts 2.txt

* Option C uses vertical bars (|) around the filename to indicate a pipe. A pipe is a way of connecting the output of one command to the input of another command. However, in this case, there is no command before or after the pipe, so the pipe is meaningless and will cause the command to fail. For example: cat

|Texts 2.txt|

* Option D uses single quotes (') and a backslash () together around the filename. This is redundant and will cause the command to fail. The single quotes already preserve the literal value of the space character, so the backslash is not needed. Moreover, the backslash inside the single quotes will be treated as part of the filename, not as an escape character. For example: cat 'Texts\ 2.txt'

References: 1: How to Use Linux Cat Command (With Examples) - phoenixNAP 2: Cat command in Linux with examples - GeeksforGeeks 3: How to escape spaces in path during scp copy in Linux? - Stack Overflow 4: How to handle spaces in file names when using xargs on find results? - Ask Ubuntu

NEW QUESTION # 43

Which of the following is a protocol used for automatic IP address configuration?

- A. DHCP
- B. DNS
- C. NFS
- D. SMTP
- E. LDAP

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. It is a protocol that provides quick, automatic, and central management for the distribution of IP addresses within a network. It also configures other network information, such as the subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS server information, on the device1. DHCP uses a client/server architecture, where a DHCP server issues unique IP addresses and automatically configures the devices that request them2. DHCP allows devices to move freely from one network to another and receive an IP address automatically, which is helpful with mobile devices1.

The other options are not protocols used for automatic IP address configuration. NFS stands for Network File System, which is a protocol that allows a user to access and modify files over a network as if they were on their own computer. LDAP stands for Lightweight Directory Access Protocol, which is a protocol that provides access to a centralized directory service that stores information about users, groups, computers, and other resources on a network. SMTP stands for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol, which is a protocol that enables the sending and receiving of email messages over a network. DNS stands for Domain Name System, which is a protocol that translates domain names into IP addresses and vice versa. References:

* Linux Essentials Exam Objectives, Version 1.6, Topic 105.1, Weight 4
* What Is DHCP? (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) - Lifewire
* Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) | Microsoft Learn
* Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol - Wikipedia

* How does AutoIP work? - Barix
* [Network File System - Wikipedia]
* [Lightweight Directory Access Protocol - Wikipedia]
* [Simple Mail Transfer Protocol - Wikipedia]
* [Domain Name System - Wikipedia]

NEW QUESTION # 44

Which of the following types of bus can connect hard disk drives with the motherboard?

* A. The SATA bus
* B. The NUMA bus
* C. The CPU bus
* D. The RAM bus
* E. The Auto bus

Answer: A

Explanation:
A bus is a communication system that transfers data between components inside a computer or between computers. There are different types of buses that serve different purposes. The RAM bus connects the CPU with the main memory, the NUMA bus connects multiple processors in a multiprocessor system, the CPU bus connects the CPU with other components on the motherboard, and the Auto bus is a fictional bus that can transform into a robot. The SATA bus is the correct answer because it is a type of bus that can connect hard disk drives with the motherboard. SATA stands for Serial Advanced Technology Attachment and it is a standard interface for connecting storage devices such as hard disk drives, solid state drives, and optical drives. SATA offers faster data transfer rates, lower power consumption, and improved cable management compared to older interfaces such as IDE and SCSI. Reference: : [Bus (computing)] : [Transformers: Robots in Disguise (2015 TV series)] : [Serial ATA]3) : [SATA vs. IDE: What's the Difference?]

NEW QUESTION # 45

Where is the operating system of a Raspberry Pi stored?

* A. On the master device attached to the Raspberry Pi's IDE bus.
* B. On a removable SD card which is put into the Raspberry Pi.
* C. On rewritable flash storage which is built into the Raspberry Pi.
* D. On a Linux extension module connected to the Raspberry Pi's GPIO pins.
* E. On a read only partition on the Raspberry Pi's firmware, next to the BIOS.

Answer: B

Explanation:
The Raspberry Pi uses an SD card (or microSD card for newer models) as its main storage device. This means that the operating system and any other files are stored on the SD card, which can be easily inserted or removed from the Raspberry Pi. The SD card also allows the user to switch between different operating systems by using different cards or partitions. The Raspberry Pi does not have any internal storage, such as a hard disk drive or a solid state drive, nor does it use any external devices, such as an IDE bus, a firmware partition, or a GPIO module, to store the operating system. Reference:
Raspberry Pi OS - Raspberry Pi
Choosing Storage for Raspberry Pi - Kingston Technology
Beginner's Guide: How To Install a New OS on Raspberry Pi

NEW QUESTION # 46

Which of the following examples shows the general structure of a for loop in a shell script?

* A. for *.txt (echo $i)
* B. for ls *.txt exec {} \;
* C. foreach @{file} { echo $i
  }
* D. for file in *.txt do

echo $i done
- E. for *.txt as file => echo $file

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 47
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