

높은적중율을자랑하는SAA-C03최신시험대비자료인증 시험

1회차 (531번대부터) 템플릿 ...

번호	내답	문제상태	풀이	정답	오답	태그
531	A	정답		정답	오답	
532	A	정답		정답	오답	
533	B	정답		정답	오답	
534	C D	정답		정답	오답	
535	D	정답		정답	오답	
536	C	오답	새 버킷에 CRR을 해야? 고차 리전 복제에 영향을 주지 않으려고	정답	오답	
537	D	오답	고격 관리 다중 리전 KMS 키를 생성	정답	오답	
538	D	몰라... 정답		정답	오답	
539	D	몰라... 오답	ECS 클러스터; 컨테이너 관리 서비스를 제공하여 애플리케이션을 쉽게 배포하고 확장할 수 있습니다. 클러스터를 배포하려면 여러 컨테이너를 관리 ECS 인스턴스의 집합이다.	정답	오답	
540	C	정답		정답	오답	
541	C	오답	데이터베이스 인스턴스 암호화 KMS사용 ACM: SSL/TLS 인증서를 관리하는 서비스로 데이터 전송 중에 암호화하는 역할	정답	오답	

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참고: PassTIP에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료, 최신 SAA-C03 시험 문제집이 있습니다:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=15O1LL_8b3xQCAiKHgVhkDU9ilZE60HxZ

성공으로 향하는 길에는 많은 방법과 방식이 있습니다. Amazon인증 SAA-C03시험을 패스하는 길에는PassTIP의 Amazon인증 SAA-C03덤프가 있습니다. PassTIP의Amazon인증 SAA-C03덤프는 실제시험 출제방향에 초점을 두어 연구제작한 시험준비공부자료로서 높은 시험적중율과 시험패스율을 자랑합니다.국제적으로 승인해주는 IT자격증을 취득하시면 취직 혹은 승진이 쉬워집니다.

PassTIP의 Amazon인증 SAA-C03덤프는 최근 유행인 PDF버전과 소프트웨어버전 두가지 버전으로 제공됩니다.PDF 버전을 먼저 공부하고 소프트웨어버전으로 PDF버전의 내용을 얼마나 기억하였는지 테스트할수 있습니다. 두 버전을 모두 구입하시면 시험에서 고득점으로 패스가능합니다.

>> SAA-C03최신 시험대비자료 <<

SAA-C03최고품질 덤프데모 - SAA-C03퍼펙트 덤프 샘플문제 다운

IT자격증을 많이 취득하여 IT업계에서 자신만의 단단한 자리를 보장 하는것이 여러분들의 로망이 아닐까 싶습니다. PassTIP의 완벽한 Amazon인증 SAA-C03덤프는 IT전문가들이 자신만의 노하우와 경험으로 실제Amazon인증 SAA-C03시험문제에 대비하여 연구제작한 완벽한 작품으로서 100%시험통과율을 보장합니다.

SAA-C03 자격증 시험은 AWS 서비스에 경험이 있으며 클라우드 컴퓨팅 개념에 익숙한 전문가들을 대상으로 합니다. 이 시험은 후보자의 AWS 핵심 서비스, 즉 Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2), Amazon Simple Storage Service (S3), Amazon Elastic Block Store (EBS), Amazon Relational Database Service (RDS), Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) 및 AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM)에 대한 이해도를 검증합니다.

최신 AWS Certified Solutions Architect SAA-C03 무료샘플문제 (Q310-Q315):

질문 # 310

A company needs to give a globally distributed development team secure access to the company's AWS resources in a way that

complies with security policies.

The company currently uses an on-premises Active Directory for internal authentication. The company uses AWS Organizations to manage multiple AWS accounts that support multiple projects.

The company needs a solution to integrate with the existing infrastructure to provide centralized identity management and access control.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- **A. Use AD Connector in AWS Directory Service to connect to the on-premises Active Directory. Integrate AD Connector with AWS IAM Identity Center. Configure permissions sets to give each AD group access to specific AWS accounts and resources.**
- B. Set up AWS Directory Service to create an AWS managed Microsoft Active Directory on AWS. Establish a trust relationship with the on-premises Active Directory. Use IAM roles that are assigned to Active Directory groups to access AWS resources within the company's AWS accounts.
- C. Use Amazon Cognito to deploy an identity federation solution. Integrate the identity federation solution with the on-premises Active Directory. Use Amazon Cognito to provide access tokens for developers to access AWS accounts and resources.
- D. Create an IAM user for each developer. Manually manage permissions for each IAM user based on each user's involvement with each project. Enforce multi-factor authentication (MFA) as an additional layer of security.

정답: A

설명:

Using AD Connector with AWS IAM Identity Center (formerly AWS Single Sign-On) allows the company to leverage its existing on-premises Active Directory for centralized identity management and access control. AD Connector acts as a proxy to the on-premises AD without requiring additional infrastructure or complex setup.

This solution integrates seamlessly with AWS, allowing the development team to use their existing AD credentials to access AWS resources across multiple accounts managed by AWS Organizations. The permissions for AWS resources can be managed centrally through IAM Identity Center by configuring permission sets.

This solution provides:

Least operational overhead: AD Connector is fully managed, and IAM Identity Center allows centralized management of permissions across accounts.

Secure access: The solution complies with security policies by using existing AD authentication mechanisms.

Option A (AWS Managed AD): Setting up a fully managed AWS AD and establishing a trust is more complex and involves additional operational overhead.

Option B (IAM Users): Manually managing IAM users and permissions is less scalable and increases operational complexity.

Option D (Cognito): Amazon Cognito is more suited for user-facing applications rather than internal identity management for AWS resources.

AWS References:

AD Connector with IAM Identity Center

AWS IAM Identity Center

질문 # 311

[Design Secure Architectures]

A company runs an application on a group of Amazon Linux EC2 instances. For compliance reasons, the company must retain all application log files for 7 years. The log files will be analyzed by a reporting tool that must be able to access all the files concurrently. Which storage solution meets these requirements MOST cost-effectively?

- **A. Amazon S3**
- B. Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS)
- C. Amazon EC2 instance store
- D. Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS)

정답: A

설명:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/efs/latest/ug/transfer-data-to-efs.html>

질문 # 312

A company is expecting rapid growth in the near future. A solutions architect needs to configure existing users and grant permissions

to new users on AWS. The solutions architect has decided to create IAM groups. The solutions architect will add the new users to IAM groups based on department.

Which additional action is the MOST secure way to grant permissions to the new users?

- A. Create IAM roles that have least privilege permission. Attach the roles to the IAM groups.
- B. Create IAM roles. Associate the roles with a permissions boundary that defines the maximum permissions.
- **C. Create an IAM policy that grants least privilege permission. Attach the policy to the IAM groups.**
- D. Apply service control policies (SCPs) to manage access permissions.

정답: C

설명:

An IAM policy is a document that defines the permissions for an IAM identity (such as a user, group, or role).

You can use IAM policies to grant permissions to existing users and groups based on department. You can create an IAM policy that grants least privilege permission, which means that you only grant the minimum permissions required for the users to perform their tasks. You can then attach the policy to the IAM groups, which will apply the policy to all the users in those groups. This solution will reduce operational costs and simplify configuration and management of permissions. References:

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/access_policies.html

질문 # 313

A company uses an Amazon DynamoDB table to store data that the company receives from devices. The DynamoDB table supports a customer-facing website to display recent activity on customer devices. The company configured the table with provisioned throughput for writes and reads. The company wants to calculate performance metrics for customer device data on a daily basis. The solution must have minimal effect on the table's provisioned read and write capacity. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- **A. Use an Amazon Athena SQL query with the Amazon Athena DynamoDB connector to calculate performance metrics on a recurring schedule.**
- B. Use an Amazon EMR job with an Apache Hive external table to calculate performance metrics on a recurring schedule.
- C. Use an AWS Glue job with the AWS Glue DynamoDB export connector to calculate performance metrics on a recurring schedule.
- D. Use an Amazon Redshift COPY command to calculate performance metrics on a recurring schedule.

정답: A

설명:

Amazon Athena provides a cost-effective, serverless way to query data without affecting the performance of DynamoDB. By using the Athena DynamoDB connector, the company can perform the necessary SQL queries without consuming read capacity on the DynamoDB table, which is essential for minimizing impact on provisioned throughput.

Key benefits:

Minimal Impact on Provisioned Capacity: Athena queries do not directly impact DynamoDB's read capacity, making it ideal for running analytics without affecting the customer-facing workloads.

Cost-Effective: Athena is a serverless solution, meaning you pay only for the queries you run, making it highly cost-effective compared to running a dedicated cluster like Amazon EMR or Redshift.

AWS Documentation: The use of Athena to query DynamoDB through its connector aligns with AWS's best practices for performance efficiency and cost optimization.

질문 # 314

A payment processing company records all voice communication with its customers and stores the audio files in an Amazon S3 bucket. The company needs to capture the text from the audio files. The company must remove from the text any personally identifiable information (PII) that belongs to customers.

What should a solutions architect do to meet these requirements?

- **A. Configure an Amazon Transcribe transcription job with PII redaction turned on. When an audio file is uploaded to the S3 bucket, invoke an AWS Lambda function to start the transcription job. Store the output in a separate S3 bucket.**
- B. Process the audio files by using Amazon Kinesis Video Streams. Use an AWS Lambda function to scan for known PII patterns.
- C. When an audio file is uploaded to the S3 bucket, invoke an AWS Lambda function to start an Amazon Textract task to analyze the call recordings.

