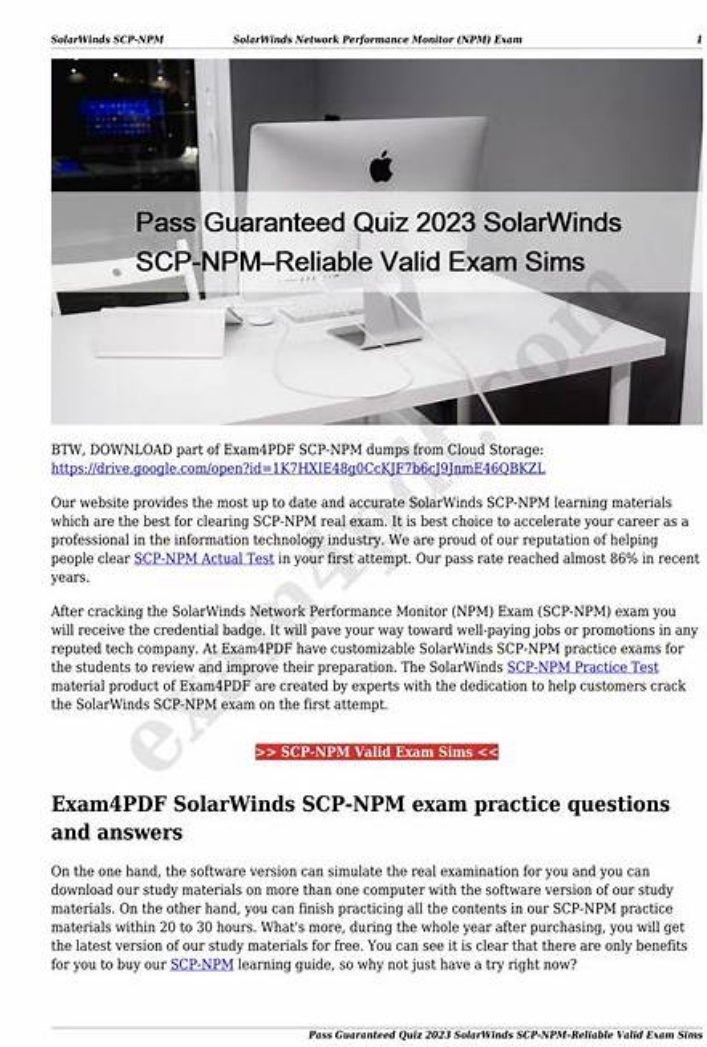
# Pass Guaranteed Quiz SolarWinds - Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals - Trustable SolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted Fundamentals Valid Test Format

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## SolarWinds Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---|---|
| Topic 1 | • Alerts: This domain covers creating and managing alerts that notify administrators of important events, threshold breaches, or conditions requiring attention across monitored infrastructure. |

| | |
|---|---|
| Topic 2 | • Customization and User Experience: This domain addresses platform customization through dashboards and views, managing user accounts and permissions, implementing custom properties, and organizing resources using groups. |
| Topic 3 | • Node Management: This domain focuses on managing monitored nodes including handling node statuses and working with agents for monitoring and data collection from endpoints. |

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## Lab Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals Questions - Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals Valid Practice Materials

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## SolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted Fundamentals Sample Questions (Q64-Q69):

**NEW QUESTION # 64**
Alerts A and B were assigned the same trigger action through the action manager. What describes what happens when the action is modified while editing alert A's configuration?

- A. trigger action is updated in manager
- B. alert B is automatically updated
- C. alert B is unaffected by modification
- D. modification is unable to be saved

**Answer: A**

Explanation:
The SolarWinds Platform utilizes a centralizedAction Managerto handle alert notifications and remediations efficiently. According to theSolarWinds Platform Alerting Guide, alert actions (such as sending an email, executing a script, or posting to a Slack channel) are often treated as reusable objects. When multiple alerts (Alert A and Alert B) share the same action from the Action Manager, they are essentially pointing to a single configuration entry in the database.
If an administrator edits Alert A and modifies the parameters of that shared trigger action, the change is not isolated to just that alert's workflow. Instead, thetrigger action is updated in the manager. Because Alert B is linked to that same action ID, it will immediately reflect the updated configuration the next time it triggers.
This behavior is designed to simplify administration; for example, if a primary on-call email address changes, an admin only needs to update the action once rather than editing every individual alert. However, it requires caution: if a user intended to change the action for Alert A only, they should instead "Copy" the action or create a new one to avoid inadvertently altering the behavior of Alert B and all other alerts sharing that centralized action.

**NEW QUESTION # 65**
A user reported they could not see data related to monitored nodes beyond their geographical location within SolarWinds* Hybrid Cloud Observability (HCO). Other staff within the organization do not have the same problem. What is the likely cause of the issue?

- A. account has been limited to nodes within the geographical location
- B. view limitations for those nodes beyond the user's geographical location are applied to views
- C. nodes outside the user's geographical location are not monitored
- D. nodes beyond the user's geographical location are displayed in widgets that are hidden from the user

**Answer: A**

Explanation:
In the SolarWinds Platform, data visibility is controlled at the account level through a security feature known as Account Limitations. According to theSolarWinds Platform User Account Managementdocumentation, when a single user has restricted visibility while others do not, it points to a specificAccount Limitation applied to that user's profile.
Account limitations act as a persistent filter on the database queries performed by the Web Console during that user's session. If an administrator has configured a limitation based on a custom property like "Location" or "Region," the user will only see entities that match that specific criteria. For example, if the user's account is limited to Location = New York, they will be unable to see nodes, alerts, or reports associated with Location = London, even if those nodes are active and being monitored by the system.
This is a fundamental tool for multi-tenant environments or large enterprises where different teams are responsible for different geographic or logical segments of the network. It is more effective than "View Limitations" (Option D) because an account limitation follows the user across the entire platform, including search results, alerts, and reports, whereas a view limitation only affects a specific dashboard page. Options B and C are unlikely because they would typically affect multiple users or indicate a major monitoring gap rather than a user-specific visibility issue.

**NEW QUESTION # 66**
A group has been created to monitor a set of nodes. When additional nodes are added for monitoring, how can they be automatically placed in the group?

- A. create a custom property and add the nodes manually to a group
- B. create a custom property and add nodes to a static group
- C. create a custom property and use an alert to add them
- D. create a custom property and dynamic query to add them to a group

**Answer: D**

Explanation:
Automation is a cornerstone of efficient node management in the SolarWinds Platform. To avoid the manual labor of updating groups every time a new device is commissioned, the platform utilizesDynamic Queries.
According to theSolarWinds Platform Administrator Guide, the best-practice workflow for automated grouping involves two steps. First, an administrator shouldcreate a custom property(e.g., City or ApplicationName). When new nodes are added via the "Add Node" wizard or Network Discovery, they are tagged with a specific value for that property. Second, the group's membership is defined by adynamic queryrather than a static list. For example, a group could be configured with a rule that states: "Add any node where City is equal to London".
Once this is configured, the platform's backend services periodically scan for any new nodes that match the criteria. As soon as a new server is added and its custom property is set, it isautomaticallyadded to the group without any further human intervention. This ensures that dashboards, alerts, and reports that rely on that group always reflect the current state of the infrastructure. Option D is incorrect because while alerts can trigger actions, they are not the standard architectural mechanism for group membership management.

**NEW QUESTION # 67**
Which two of the following export formats are supported in Hybrid Cloud Observability (HCO) reports?
(Choose two.)

- A. PDF
- B. txt
- C. excel
- D. JSON

**Answer: A,C**

Explanation:
SolarWinds Hybrid Cloud Observability provides robust reporting capabilities designed for both technical analysis and executive presentation. TheSolarWinds Platform Reporting Guidespecifies that reports generated through the Web Console can be delivered or manually exported in several standardized formats.
* Excel (.xls/.xlsx): This format is primarily used for data-heavy reports where administrators need to perform further calculations, sorting, or external data manipulation. It allows the raw table data from the report to be easily ingested into other business intelligence tools.
* PDF: This is the standard format for automated delivery and "executive-ready" documentation. It preserves the visual layout, including charts, logos, and specific formatting defined in the report builder.

While the platform usesJSON(Option B) for internal API communications and some dashboard configurations, andtxt(Option D) might be used for certain log exports, they are not standard selectable
"export formats" within the primary Web-Based Report builder for end-user consumption. The primary focus of the reporting engine is providing human-readable (PDF) and spreadsheet-compatible (Excel) outputs.

**NEW QUESTION # 68**
The built-in custom property, AssetTag, was set to mandatory after device monitoring had been set up. Which two of the following results can be expected from this action? (Choose two.)

- A. asset tag must be provided immediately for all existing monitored devices
- B. asset tag must be provided after the action for all existing monitored devices
- C. asset tag must be provided for all existing monitored devices when polled
- D. asset tag must be provided for all existing monitored devices when edited

**Answer: B,D**

Explanation:
Custom properties can be configured as "Mandatory" to ensure data integrity across the platform. According to theSolarWinds Platform Administrator Guide, changing a property like AssetTag to mandatory after nodes already exist creates an enforcement requirement.
The system does not retroactively block polling or delete nodes (Option B and D are incorrect), but it enforces the requirement during administrative interaction. Specifically:
* Requirement after the action (A): Moving forward, any new node added to the system will require the AssetTag field to be populated before the node can be saved.
* Requirement when edited (C): For existing nodes that do not yet have an AssetTag, the platform will permit them to exist and be polled normally. However, the next time an administrator attempts toeditthe properties of that node, the Web Console will block the "Save" action until a value is provided for the mandatory AssetTag field. This ensures that as the environment is managed over time, the metadata is gradually backfilled until all mandatory requirements are satisfied.

**NEW QUESTION # 69**
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