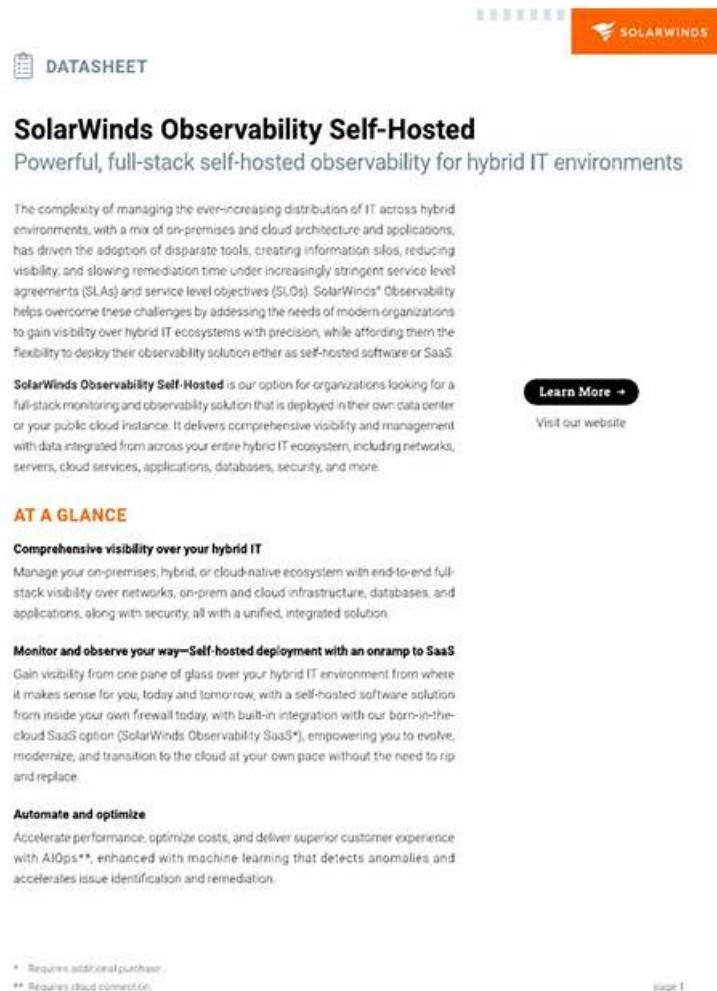


Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験PDF版問題集、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験トレーニング資料、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals無料学習問題



The screenshot shows a document titled "DATASHEET" with the SolarWinds logo in the top right corner. The main heading is "SolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted" with the subtitle "Powerful, full-stack self-hosted observability for hybrid IT environments". The text describes the complexity of managing hybrid IT environments and how SolarWinds Observability helps overcome these challenges. It also mentions that the solution is available as self-hosted software or SaaS. A "Learn More" button and a "Visit our website" link are visible. The "AT A GLANCE" section lists three key benefits: comprehensive visibility over hybrid IT, monitoring and observing your way with self-hosted deployment, and automating and optimizing performance.

SolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted
Powerful, full-stack self-hosted observability for hybrid IT environments

The complexity of managing the ever-increasing distribution of IT across hybrid environments, with a mix of on-premises and cloud architecture and applications, has driven the adoption of disparate tools, creating information silos, reducing visibility, and slowing remediation time under increasingly stringent service level agreements (SLAs) and service level objectives (SLOs). SolarWinds® Observability helps overcome these challenges by addressing the needs of modern organizations to gain visibility over hybrid IT ecosystems with precision, while affording them the flexibility to deploy their observability solution either as self-hosted software or SaaS.

SolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted is our option for organizations looking for a full-stack monitoring and observability solution that is deployed in their own data center or your public cloud instance. It delivers comprehensive visibility and management with data integrated from across your entire hybrid IT ecosystem, including networks, servers, cloud services, applications, databases, security, and more.

Learn More →
Visit our website

AT A GLANCE

Comprehensive visibility over your hybrid IT
Manage your on-premises, hybrid, or cloud-native ecosystem with end-to-end full-stack visibility over networks, on-prem and cloud infrastructure, databases, and applications, along with security, all with a unified, integrated solution.

Monitor and observe your way—Self-hosted deployment with an onramp to SaaS
Gain visibility from one pane of glass over your hybrid IT environment from where it makes sense for you, today and tomorrow, with a self-hosted software solution from inside your own firewall today, with built-in integration with our born-in-the-cloud SaaS option (SolarWinds Observability SaaS*), empowering you to evolve, modernize, and transition to the cloud at your own pace without the need to rip and replace.

Automate and optimize
Accelerate performance, optimize costs, and deliver superior customer experience with AIOps**, enhanced with machine learning that detects anomalies and accelerates issue identification and remediation.

* Requires additional purchase.
** Requires cloud connection.

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BONUS!!! JPTestKing Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentalsダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード：<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1iyz3Y2oybynCEwJ-oNkw55qwKeAyxOww>

JPTestKingテストトレントを学習し、試験の準備をするのに20~30時間しかかかりません。Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験問題を購入した後、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験トレントを学習し、主に仕事、家庭生活、学習に専念するために数時間を費やすだけです。Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験問題の回答と質問は入念に選択され、試験の焦点をつかむため、試験の学習と準備に多くの時間を節約できます。合格率は98%以上と高いため、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentalsガイドトレントを購入することで安心できます。

JPTestKingのObservability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験問題がこの分野で最も人気があるのはなぜですか？一方では、すべてのお客様のフィードバックからの統計によると、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentalsガイドトレントの助けを借りてObservability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験を準備したSolarWindsお客様の合格率は98%に達しました。100%。一方、シミュレーションテストは、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験問題のソフトウェアバージョンで利用できます。これは、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験の雰囲気になれるのに役立ちます。Observability-Self-Hosted-FundamentalsトレントのSolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted Fundamentals質問があなたにとって最良の選択であると信じてください。

試験の準備方法-実用的な Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals復習問題集試験-更新する Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals模擬試験サンプル

Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験の質問は、JPTestKingお客様のニーズを最大限に満たすことができます。また、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals学習教材は、お客様の観点から最大限に設計されています。したがって、運用の複雑さを心配する必要はありません。システムの学習インターフェイスに入り、WindowsソフトウェアでObservability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals学習教材の練習を開始すると、インターフェイスに小さなボタンが表示されます。これらのボタンには回答が表示され、学習プロセスを妨げないように、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験クイズのSolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted Fundamentals学習中に回答を非表示にすることができます。すべての面が完璧です。

SolarWinds Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">カスタマイズとユーザーエクスペリエンス: この領域では、ダッシュボードとビューによるプラットフォームのカスタマイズ、ユーザーアカウントと権限の管理、カスタムプロパティの実装、グループを使用したリソースの整理について扱います。
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ノード管理: このドメインは、監視対象ノードの管理に重点を置いており、ノードの状態処理や、エンドポイントからの監視およびデータ収集のためのエージェントとの連携などが含まれます。
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">レポート: このドメインは、ネットワークのパフォーマンス、可用性、およびドキュメント作成と分析のための指標に関する洞察を提供するレポートの作成、スケジュール設定、および管理に重点を置いています。

SolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted Fundamentals 認定 Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals 試験問題 (Q65-Q70):

質問 # 65

The built-in custom property, AssetTag, was set to mandatory after device monitoring had been set up. Which two of the following results can be expected from this action? (Choose two.)

- A. asset tag must be provided for all existing monitored devices when edited
- B. asset tag must be provided for all existing monitored devices when polled
- C. asset tag must be provided immediately for all existing monitored devices
- D. asset tag must be provided after the action for all existing monitored devices

正解: A、D

解説:

Custom properties can be configured as "Mandatory" to ensure data integrity across the platform. According to the SolarWinds Platform Administrator Guide, changing a property like AssetTag to mandatory after nodes already exist creates an enforcement requirement.

The system does not retroactively block polling or delete nodes (Option B and D are incorrect), but it enforces the requirement during administrative interaction. Specifically:

* Requirement after the action (A): Moving forward, any new node added to the system will require the AssetTag field to be populated before the node can be saved.

* Requirement when edited (C): For existing nodes that do not yet have an AssetTag, the platform will permit them to exist and be polled normally. However, the next time an administrator attempts to edit the properties of that node, the Web Console will block the "Save" action until a value is provided for the mandatory AssetTag field. This ensures that as the environment is managed over time, the metadata is gradually backfilled until all mandatory requirements are satisfied.

質問 # 66

Which two of the following permissions are default settings for users added to SolarWinds* Hybrid Cloud Observability (HCO)? (Choose two.)

- A. edit views
- B. view existing reports
- C. log into web console
- D. manage reports

正解: B、C

解説:

When new users are added to the SolarWinds Platform, they are typically granted a "Standard User" baseline of permissions to ensure they have immediate visibility without administrative risk. According to the SolarWinds Platform User Account Management guides, the two primary default rights are log into web console (B) and view existing reports (D).

The ability to log into the web console is the fundamental prerequisite for any user interaction with the platform. Once logged in, the "View Existing Reports" permission allows the user to navigate the report manager, search for historical data, and run or export reports that have been shared with them. These permissions are considered "safe" or "read-only" baseline rights. In contrast, Edit Views (A) and Manage Reports (C) are administrative-level permissions that are disabled by default. "Edit Views" allows a user to change the dashboard layout for everyone, and "Manage Reports" allows for the creation, deletion, and scheduling of reports. By restricting these to an "opt-in" basis, SolarWinds protects the integrity of the monitoring configuration while ensuring that every team member can access the information they need to perform their daily duties.

質問 # 67

Which statement defines the meaning of acknowledging an alert?

- A. The issue that triggered the alert is being worked on and will be escalated.
- B. The issue that triggered the alert is being worked on and will not be escalated.
- C. The issue that triggered the alert is being worked on.
- D. The issue that triggered the alert has been resolved.

正解: B

解説:

In the SolarWinds alerting workflow, "Acknowledgment" is a critical state change that coordinates the human response to an incident. According to the SolarWinds Platform Alerting Guide, acknowledging an alert communicates to the rest of the team that a specific technician has taken ownership of the issue.

The formal definition of acknowledgment is that the issue is being worked on and the alert will not be escalated. This is the most important functional result of the action: it halts the automated escalation chain. If an alert was configured to email a manager after 30 minutes of inactivity, acknowledging the alert at the 15-minute mark cancels that pending manager email. It signals to the system and other operators that active troubleshooting is underway and further automated "noise" is unnecessary.

It is important to note that acknowledgment does not mean the issue is resolved (Option A); the alert remains active in the "All Active Alerts" list (though often filtered into an "Acknowledged" category) until the underlying trigger condition is cleared by the monitoring engine. It is a procedural tool for incident management, ensuring that once a human engages with a problem, the platform's automated notification logic steps aside to let them work without further distraction.

質問 # 68

Which two of the following use cases are utilized for account limitations? (Choose two.)

- A. access to features by departments
- B. access to monitored data by departments
- C. polling of devices by location
- D. access to monitored data by device types

正解: B、D

解説:

Account Limitations are security filters applied at the user or group level to control data visibility within the Web Console. According

to the SolarWinds Platform User Account Management guide, these limitations do not affect how data is collected (polling), but rather who can see the resulting data.

The two primary use cases are:

* Access by Department (A): Organizations often use custom properties (like "Department") to tag nodes. By applying an account limitation, you can ensure that the "Finance" team only sees servers tagged for their department, while the "IT" team sees the entire infrastructure.

* Access by Device Type (B): Limitations can be set based on vendor, machine type, or other attributes.

For instance, a Network Operations Center (NOC) team might be limited to seeing only "Cisco" or "Juniper" devices to keep their dashboard focused purely on networking gear.

Option C is incorrect because "access to features" (like the ability to manage alerts or reports) is handled via Account Permissions, not limitations. Option D is incorrect because "polling of devices" is a backend function of the Polling Engines, which is managed via the "Manage Nodes" section rather than user-facing account limitations.

質問 # 69

CPU utilization is being monitored on a critical Windows server and is set to notify when utilization exceeds 90%. Notification parameters are set to disregard those brief spikes over 90% and focus on sustained periods above 90%. What should be configured to accomplish the notification goal?

- A. set node to change CPU status if threshold is met for multiple polling cycles
- B. change polling method on the server from WMI to agent polling
- C. set node to inherit CPU thresholds and alert to fire when threshold is met
- D. change polling interval to match length of time for an alert to fire

正解: A

解説:

To prevent "alert noise" caused by temporary performance spikes, the SolarWinds Platform allows for threshold persistence. According to the SolarWinds Platform Administrator Guide, simply setting a threshold at 90% would trigger an alert the moment a single poll returns a high value.

The correct configuration to ensure only sustained high utilization triggers an action is to set the node to change CPU status if the threshold is met for multiple polling cycles. This is found in the "Edit Node" properties under the Thresholds section. For example, if the polling interval is 2 minutes and you set the condition to "10 minutes" (or 5 consecutive polls), the CPU status will only transition to Warning or Critical after the utilization has stayed above 90% for that entire duration. This filtering happens at the node/status level, ensuring that the alert engine only fires when there is a legitimate, sustained performance bottleneck rather than a transient spike caused by a routine background process.

質問 # 70

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SolarWindsのObservability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals練習資料を使用すると、確認と準備に多くの時間と労力を費やす必要がありません。誰にとっても、時間は貴重です。オフィスワーカーと母親は仕事や家で非常に忙しいです。学生は勉強や他のものを持っているかもしれません。JPTestKing Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentalsガイドトレントを使用すると、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験に合格してObservability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals証明書を取得するための主要な知識を習得するために少しの時間を費やすだけです。SolarWinds Observability Self-Hosted Fundamentals試験の問題を勉強するのに20~30時間を費やすと、Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals試験に簡単に合格できることが証明されています。

Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals模擬試験サンプル: <https://www.jptestking.com/Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals-exam.html>

- 有難いObservability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals復習問題集試験-試験の準備方法-高品質なObservability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals模擬試験サンプル ➡ www.passtest.jp にて限定無料の Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals 問題集をダウンロードせよ Observability-Self-Hosted-Fundamentals認定資格試験
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