

Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Exam Dumps Fastest Way Of Preparation 2026



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Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---------|--|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Support Specialists and covers resolving common Tableau Server issues. Candidates must know how to reset accounts, package logs, validate site resources, rebuild search indexes, and use analysis reports. It also includes understanding the role of browser cookies and creating support requests when needed. |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Migration & Upgrade: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Engineers and covers the process of upgrading and migrating Tableau Server environments. Candidates should understand how to carry out clean reinstalls, migrate servers to new hardware, and maintain backward compatibility during the process. |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Installation and Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Server Engineers and covers the process of installing Tableau Server, understanding installation paths, identity store options, SSO integrations, SSL setup, and silent installs. Candidates also need to demonstrate the ability to configure Tableau Server by setting cache, distributing processes, customizing sites, and configuring user quotas. It further includes adding users, managing their roles and permissions, and applying Tableau's security model at different levels from sites to workbooks. |

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|---------|---|
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the day-to-day tasks of maintaining Tableau Server. Candidates should understand how to create and manage schedules, subscriptions, backups, and restores, as well as how to use tools such as TSM, Tabcmd, and REST API. It emphasizes monitoring, server analysis, log file usage, and embedding practices. It also includes managing projects, sites, and nested structures, while contrasting end-user and administrator abilities. Knowledge of publishing, web authoring, sharing views, caching, and data source certification is also tested. |
| Topic 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connecting to and Preparing Data: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the basic understanding of Tableau Server's interface, navigation, and overall topology. Candidates are expected to recognize both client and server components, understand how these interact, and know where to find information about versions, releases, and updates. It also focuses on system requirements, including hardware, operating systems, browsers, email configurations, cloud considerations, and licensing models. Additionally, it examines knowledge of server processes, data source types, network infrastructure, and ports needed for a stable deployment. |

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The Prep4pass Analytics-Admn-201 exam practice test questions provide a way to assess your understanding of the material, identify areas for improvement, and build confidence and test-taking skills. The Prep4pass Analytics-Admn-201 exam practice test questions are real and verified by Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator (Analytics-Admn-201) exam trainers. They work collectively and strive hard to ensure the top standard of Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator (Analytics-Admn-201) exam practice questions all the time.

Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator Sample Questions (Q27-Q32):

NEW QUESTION # 27

What two events must occur for Tableau Server to recompute queries for a workbook cache after a scheduled refresh? (Choose two.)

- A. The All Users group has a permission rule allowing access to the workbook
- **B. The workbook has upcoming scheduled refresh tasks**
- **C. The workbook has been viewed recently**
- D. The workbook was published in the last month

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

Tableau Server uses caching to speed up workbook loading by storing query results. After a scheduled extract refresh updates the data, the cache may need recomputing-let's dive into the mechanics:

* Caching Basics:

* VizQL Cache: Stores rendered views and query results for faster access.

* Refresh Trigger: A scheduled refresh updates the underlying extract (.hyper), but the cache isn't automatically invalidated-it's demand-driven.

* Recompute Conditions: Tableau recomputes the cache when the workbook is accessed (viewed) and its data has changed (e.g., via refresh).

* Evaluation:

* Option B (The workbook has upcoming scheduled refresh tasks): Correct.

* Why: An upcoming refresh task indicates the workbook relies on an extract with a schedule. After the refresh runs, the data changes, priming the cache for recomputation on next view. Without a schedule, no refresh occurs, so this is a prerequisite.

* Detail: Schedules are set in Schedules > Tasks-e.g., "Daily at 2 AM."

* Option D (The workbook has been viewed recently): Correct.

* Why: Viewing triggers cache recomputation if the data has changed (e.g., post-refresh).

Tableau uses a "lazy caching" model-cache updates only when a user loads the workbook, ensuring fresh results.

* Detail: "Recently" isn't strictly defined but implies post-refresh access.

* Option A (Published in the last month): Incorrect.

* Why: Publish date is irrelevant-cache recomputation ties to data changes and access, not publication timing.

* Option C (All Users group has permission rule allowing access): Incorrect.

* Why: Permissions enable viewing, but recomputation requires actual access (viewing) and a refresh event, not just potential access.

Why This Matters: Caching balances performance and freshness-understanding triggers prevents stale data surprises.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Caching and Performance" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/perf_cache.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 28

What should you do to disable table recommendations for popular data sources and tables to users?

- A. Disable the option using the server Settings page
- **B. Disable the option using the site Settings page**
- C. Publish data sources only to projects with permissions locked to the project
- D. Use the command: `tsm configuration set -k recommendations.enabled -v false`

Answer: B

Explanation:

Table recommendations in Tableau Server suggest popular tables and data sources to users when they create new content in the web authoring environment. This feature is enabled by default but can be disabled at the site level.

Option A (Disable the option using the site Settings page): Correct. A site administrator can disable table recommendations by navigating to the site's Settings > General page in the Tableau Server web interface and unchecking the option "Enable table recommendations." This prevents users on that site from seeing these suggestions, offering a straightforward UI-based solution.

Option B (Use the command: `tsm configuration set -k recommendations.enabled -v false`): Incorrect. There is no `recommendations.enabled` key in the TSM configuration settings. This feature is managed per site, not server-wide via TSM.

Option C (Publish data sources only to projects with permissions locked): Incorrect. Locking permissions restricts access but doesn't disable the recommendation feature itself. Users with access would still see recommendations.

Option D (Disable the option using the server Settings page): Incorrect. Table recommendations are a site-specific setting, not a server-wide setting. The server Settings page (via TSM) controls global configurations, not this feature.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Manage Site Settings" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/site_settings.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 29

Which two types of content can you include in comments on a visualization? (Choose two.)

- **A. Text**
- B. Interactive snapshots of a view
- **C. @mentions**
- D. Images (jpg, png)

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Comments on Tableau Server visualizations facilitate collaboration. Let's explore what's supported:

* Comments Feature: Enabled per site (Settings > General > Allow Comments). Users with "Add Comment" permission can post on views.

* Option B (Text): Correct.

* Details: The primary content type-users type free-form text in the comment box.

* Use: Notes, questions, or feedback (e.g., "Sales spiked here-why?").

* Option C (@mentions): Correct.

* Details: Typing @username notifies the mentioned user via email or the UI (if notifications are enabled).

* Use: Directs comments to specific people (e.g., "@John, check this trend").

* Option A (Interactive snapshots of a view): Incorrect.

* Details: Snapshots (static images) aren't supported in comments-users must take screenshots externally and can't embed them interactively.

* Option D (Images - jpg, png): Incorrect.

* Details: No attachment or image embedding in comments-text and mentions only. Workaround:

Link to an image hosted elsewhere.

Why This Matters: Comments enhance teamwork, but their simplicity (text + mentions) keeps the interface lightweight and focused.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Comment on a View" (<https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/comment.htm>).

NEW QUESTION # 30

A user receives an error after attempting to run an extract refresh on the Tableau Server. What should you review to identify the cause of the problem?

- **A. The Background Tasks for Extracts administrative view on the site status page**
- B. Whether the project permissions are set to Locked to the project
- C. The UNC path to the extract's data source
- D. The status of the Backgrounder process, as shown by the `tsm status -v` command

Answer: A

Explanation:

When an extract refresh fails on Tableau Server, troubleshooting requires identifying the root cause-e.g., connectivity issues, resource constraints, or configuration errors. The Backgrounder process handles extract refreshes, so it's a key focus, but the best diagnostic tool depends on granularity and context. Let's explore this thoroughly:

* Extract Refresh Process:

* An extract refresh pulls data from a source (e.g., database, file) into a .hyper file stored on Tableau Server.

* The Backgrounder executes these tasks based on schedules or manual triggers.

* Errors could stem from: database connectivity, credentials, file access, resource overload, or task misconfiguration.

* Option B (Background Tasks for Extracts administrative view): Correct. This is the most direct and detailed method:

* Location: In the Tableau Server web UI, go to Server > Status > Background Tasks for Extracts (or site-specific under Site > Status).

* Details Provided:

* Task name, schedule, and workbook/data source.

* Start/end times and status (e.g., Failed, Success).

* Error messages (e.g., "Cannot connect to database," "Permission denied").

* Why It's Best: It pinpoints the exact failure (e.g., "timeout," "invalid credentials") for the specific refresh, offering actionable insights without needing to dig through logs manually. Server or site administrators can access this view to diagnose issues quickly.

* Example: If the error is "Database login failed," you'd check credentials in the data source settings next.

* Option A (Status of the Backgrounder process via `tsm status -v`): Partially useful but insufficient:

* What It Shows: Running/stopped status of all processes (e.g., "Backgrounder: RUNNING").

* Limitation: It confirms if Backgrounder is operational but doesn't reveal why a specific task failed-no error details or task-level granularity.

* Use Case: If Backgrounder is stopped or crashed, this might indicate a broader issue, but the question implies a single refresh error, not a server-wide failure.

* Option C (The UNC path to the extract's data source): Relevant but secondary:

* Context: If the data source is a file (e.g., CSV on a network share), the UNC path (e.g., `\\server\share\file.csv`) must be accessible.

* Why Not First: The error could be unrelated (e.g., database issue, not file-based). The admin view (B) would reveal if it's a path issue first, guiding you to check the UNC path only if indicated (e.g., "File not found").

* Practical Note: Backgrounder needs share permissions and the Run As account must access it- checking this without context wastes time.

* Option D (Whether project permissions are set to Locked): Unlikely cause:

* Permissions Impact: Locked permissions restrict who can edit/view content, not whether an extract refresh runs-that's tied to the data source's connection settings and Backgrounder execution.

* Exception: If the refresh user lacks "Connect" permission to the data source, it might fail, but this is rare (owner/schedule typically has access). The admin view would flag this.

Why This Matters: The Background Tasks view is Tableau's purpose-built tool for extract diagnostics, saving time and reducing guesswork in production environments.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Administrative Views: Background Tasks for Extracts" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/adminview_background_tasks.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 31

A user reports that a newly-published workbook runs slowly. What should you ask the user first to investigate the problem?

- **A. Does it run any faster in Tableau Desktop?**
- B. Did you enable caching on the workbook?
- C. How many times have you opened the workbook in Tableau Server?
- D. Does the workbook always run slowly or does performance vary?

Answer: A

Explanation:

When a user reports slow performance for a newly-published workbook on Tableau Server, troubleshooting requires isolating the cause-e.g., data source issues, server load, workbook design, or caching. The first question should establish a baseline to narrow the scope. Let's analyze this step-by-step with depth:

* Performance Context:

* A workbook's speed depends on:

* Data Source: Query complexity, size, network latency (e.g., database vs. extract).

* Workbook Design: Filters, calculations, dashboard complexity.

* Server Resources: VizQL rendering, Backgrounder load, caching

* "Newly-published" implies it's not yet optimized or cached on the server.

* Option A (Does it run any faster in Tableau Desktop?): Correct.

* Why First: Comparing Desktop vs. Server performance is the most foundational diagnostic step:

* Desktop Baseline: If it's slow in Desktop (local machine), the issue likely lies in the workbook (e.g., complex queries, large data) or data source (e.g., slow database)-not Server-specific.

* Server Difference: If it's fast in Desktop but slow on Server, the problem could be server- side (e.g., resource contention, network latency to the data source from Server).

* Practical Next Steps:

* Slow in Desktop: Optimize workbook (e.g., simplify calcs, use extracts).

* Fast in Desktop: Check Server (e.g., caching, VizQL load).

* Why Critical: Establishes whether the issue is inherent to the workbook/data or introduced by Server-guides all further investigation.

* Option B (Does the workbook always run slowly or does performance vary?): Useful but secondary.

* Why Not First: Variability (e.g., slow at peak times) points to server load, but without a Desktop baseline, you can't rule out workbook design. It's a follow-up question after A.

* Detail: Variability might suggest caching or concurrent user impact, but it assumes Server-side causation prematurely.

* Option C (How many times have you opened the workbook in Tableau Server?): Less relevant initially.

* Why Not First: Frequency of access might affect caching (first load is slower, subsequent loads faster), but it's too specific and doesn't isolate Desktop vs. Server. It's a niche follow-up.

* Option D (Did you enable caching on the workbook?): Misleading and incorrect.

* Why Not First: Caching is server-managed (e.g., VizQL cache settings via tsm data-access caching set), not a user-toggle per workbook. Users don't "enable" it-admins do. Plus, it's premature without a baseline.

Why This Matters: Starting with Desktop performance cuts through assumptions, pinpointing whether the root cause is client-side (workbook/data) or server-side-essential for efficient resolution in production.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Troubleshoot Performance" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/troubleshoot_performance.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 32

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