

Pass Guaranteed 2026 ISQI CTFL-AT: Perfect Reliable ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester Exam Online



BTW, DOWNLOAD part of ActualTorrent CTFL-AT dumps from Cloud Storage: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1tse-ESPY7UlaBNt80rKORhdIGNjRXtBd>

The CTFL-AT exam simulator plays a vital role in increasing your knowledge for exam. The ActualTorrent' ISQI Testing Engine provides an expert help and it is an exclusive offer for those who spend most of their time in searching relevant content in the books. It offers demos free of cost in the form of the Free CTFL-AT Dumps. The ISQI CTFL-AT exam questions aid its customers with updated and comprehensive information in an innovative style.

ISQI CTFL-AT (ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester) certification exam is designed for software testers who want to enhance their knowledge and skills in agile testing methodologies. ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester certification exam covers a variety of topics related to agile testing, including principles and practices, testing methods and techniques, testing in an agile environment, and tools and automation. CTFL-AT Exam is based on the Agile Tester Extension Syllabus, which is developed by the International Software Testing Qualifications Board (ISTQB) and is recognized globally.

>> Reliable CTFL-AT Exam Online <<

CTFL-AT Latest Exam Cost - CTFL-AT Valid Vce

Eliminates confusion while taking the ISQI CTFL-AT certification exam. Prepares you for the format of your ISQI CTFL-AT exam dumps, including multiple-choice questions and fill-in-the-blank answers. Comprehensive, up-to-date coverage of the entire ISQI CTFL-AT Certification curriculum.

ISQI ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester Sample Questions (Q78-Q83):

NEW QUESTION # 78

You are working in a software development company which, for many years, used a sequential development model and was organized into separate departments for each functional group (e.g. business analysts, developers, testers) located within their own office space. Your organization has recently changed to a SCRUM agile framework. Which of the following is an important organizational and behavioral best practice for a tester in the SCRUM team that should have also been practiced when using the sequential model?

- A. Cross-functional teamwork means that all team members contribute to testing in various ways. For example, involving people with the test strategy, test planning and execution as well as test reporting.
- B. Resilient testing means that the testing process is capable of dealing with rapid changes throughout the development process with test plans being updated during each iteration.
- C. Co-located teamwork means that all team members, including developers and testers, must sit together in the same office, so they can quickly communicate face-to-face.
- D. Credibility means that the tester must share information with the stakeholders about the test process so that they find the selected test strategy and testing activities trustworthy.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

Cross-functional teamwork is an important organizational and behavioral best practice for a tester in the SCRUM team that should have also been practiced when using the sequential model. Cross-functional teamwork means that all team members, regardless of their functional roles, collaborate and share their skills and knowledge to achieve a common goal. In the context of testing, this means that testing is not seen as a separate activity or phase, but as an integral part of the development process. All team members contribute to testing in various ways, such as:

Involving people with the test strategy, test planning and execution as well as test reporting. This can help ensure that the testing activities are aligned with the business objectives, the user needs, and the technical requirements. It can also help improve the test coverage, the test quality, and the test efficiency.

Sharing the responsibility for testing among the team members. This can help reduce the workload and the dependency on a single tester or a testing team. It can also help increase the feedback and the communication among the team members, and foster a culture of quality and learning.

Leveraging the diverse skills and perspectives of the team members. This can help enhance the test design and the test execution by applying different techniques, tools, and approaches. It can also help identify and address the risks, the issues, and the opportunities for improvement from various angles. References: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Syllabus1, Section 1.2.1, page 9; ISTQB Glossary of Testing Terms2, version 4.0, page 16.

NEW QUESTION # 79

Why is regression of software a high risk in agile projects?

- A. Regression is built into software as a safeguard against unexpected failures.
- B. Test automation can cause regression of software in the test environment.
- C. Test-driven development means that existing functionality is not considered.
- D. There is code churn due to change in business needs over several sprints.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 80

Iteration planning for Sprint 5 of your current project is complete. The plan for the sprint is to increase performance of the system, which of the following acceptance criteria would you expect for Sprint 5?

- 1) User access for all roles has been validated.
- 2) A static analysis tool has been executed for all code.
- 3) 100% of the existing regression test suite has passed.
- 4) System is responding in less than 3 seconds, 90% of the time.
- 5) A new version of internet Explorer has been included.

- A. 1, 3
- B. 2, 5
- C. 4, 5
- D. 3, 4

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

The acceptance criteria for a sprint are the conditions that must be met for the user stories to be considered done and deliver value to the customer¹. The acceptance criteria should be specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and testable². In this case, the plan for the sprint is to increase performance of the system, so the acceptance criteria should reflect that goal. Therefore, the acceptance criteria that would be expected for Sprint

5 are:

100% of the existing regression test suite has passed. This criterion ensures that the system has not introduced any new defects or broken any existing functionality while improving performance³.

System is responding in less than 3 seconds, 90% of the time. This criterion defines a clear and quantifiable performance target that can be verified by testing⁴.

The other options are not relevant or appropriate acceptance criteria for Sprint 5:

User access for all roles has been validated. This criterion is not related to the performance of the system, but rather to the security or functionality of the system. It might be an acceptance criterion for a different sprint or user story, but not for Sprint 5⁵.

A static analysis tool has been executed for all code. This criterion is not a customer

NEW QUESTION # 81

Which of the following would provide the MOST independence for testers working with agile teams?

- A. Testers from an independent test team who do not get involved with the Agile team, but are assigned to do System Testing once all sprints are completed.
- B. Testers are fully embedded in each Agile team to perform many of the testing tasks.
- C. Testers from an independent test team are assigned to the Agile team at the beginning of the project, returning for re-assignment to a new agile team.
- D. Testers from an independent test team are assigned on-demand for the final days of each sprint.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

Independence in testing is the degree of separation between the person who tests something and the person who developed it.

Independence can help to reduce bias, increase objectivity, and provide different viewpoints. However, independence also has some drawbacks, such as increased communication overhead, reduced collaboration, and delayed feedback. In agile projects, testers are usually embedded in the agile teams to perform many of the testing tasks, such as unit testing, integration testing, acceptance testing, etc. This provides a high level of collaboration and fast feedback, but also reduces the independence of the testers.

Testers from an independent test team who do not get involved with the agile team, but are assigned to do System Testing once all sprints are completed, would provide the most independence for testers working with agile teams. However, this would also introduce many disadvantages, such as lack of alignment with the agile principles, loss of context and domain knowledge, delayed defect detection and resolution, and increased risk of missing customer expectations. References: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Syllabus, Section

1.1.2, page 8; ASTQB Agile Tester Certification Resources, Section 1.1.2, page 8.

NEW QUESTION # 82

Which of the following is a risk that continuous integration introduces?

- A. Testers sometimes have too many builds to test, which reduces the quality of testing.
- B. Teams sometimes over-rely on unit tests and exclude some important system and acceptance tests.
- C. Developer's workload is increased, which can result in a reduction of output.
- D. Teams no longer have the ability to run manual tests, as all tests must be automated.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Continuous integration is a practice of integrating code changes frequently and automatically into a shared repository, and running automated tests to verify the integration. Continuous integration can introduce some risks to the testing process, such as:

* Testers sometimes have too many builds to test, which reduces the quality of testing. This can happen when the code changes are too frequent or too large, and the testers do not have enough time or resources to test each build thoroughly. This can lead to missed

defects, incomplete test coverage, and reduced confidence in the product quality.

* Testers sometimes have to deal with unstable or broken builds, which affects the testability of the product. This can happen when the code changes introduce errors or conflicts that cause the build to fail or malfunction. This can waste the testers' time and effort, and delay the feedback cycle.

* Testers sometimes have to cope with changing requirements and priorities, which affects the test planning and execution. This can happen when the stakeholders or customers provide new or modified requirements or feedback during the development cycle. This can require the testers to adapt their test strategy, test cases, and test data accordingly, and to balance the testing of new features and regression testing of existing features. References: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Syllabus1, Section 2.2.3, page 14; ISTQB Glossary of Testing Terms2, version 4.0, page 15.

NEW QUESTION # 83

We know deeply that a reliable CTFL-AT exam material is our company's foothold in this competitive market. High accuracy and high quality are the most important things we always looking for. Compared with the other products in the market, our CTFL-AT latest questions grasp of the core knowledge and key point of the real exam, the targeted and efficient ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester study training dumps guarantee our candidates to pass the test easily. Passing exam won't be a problem anymore as long as you are familiar with our CTFL-AT Exam Material (only about 20 to 30 hours practice). High accuracy and high quality are the reasons why you should choose us.

CTFL-AT Latest Exam Cost: <https://www.actualtorrent.com/CTFL-AT-questions-answers.html>

BONUS!!! Download part of ActualTorrent CTFL-AT dumps for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1tse-ESPY7UlaBNt80rKORhdGNiRXtBd>