

Google Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator최신인증시험 공부자료 - Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator적중율높 은덤프자료



참고: DumpTOP에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2025 Google Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 시험 문제집이 있습니다: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1bDTv5QuQbWfWT1uOLrTF8Izor6pHIYe3>

많은 사이트에서 Google인증 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator시험대비덤프를 제공해드리는데DumpTOP를 최강 추천합니다. DumpTOP의Google인증 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator덤프에는 실제시험문제의 기출문제와 예상문제가 수록되어있어 그 품질 하나 끝내줍니다.적중율 좋고 가격저렴한 고품질 덤프는DumpTOP에 있습니다.

Google Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chrome Updates: This section of the exam measures skills of a Chrome IT Policy Analyst and addresses the various update methods available for Chrome. It includes selecting the right update strategy for different business and security needs, managing compliance across platforms, and adapting update methods based on environmental changes or risks.
주제 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyze Chrome Data: This section of the exam measures skills of a Chrome Data Analyst and focuses on using the Google Admin console to view, analyze, and troubleshoot browser data. It includes reviewing reports, diagnosing browser or update issues, investigating performance problems, and identifying security risks based on log events and Chrome activity.
주제 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chrome Enterprise Management Fundamentals: This section of the exam measures skills of a Chrome Device Administrator and covers the foundational elements of managing Chrome in an enterprise. It includes understanding how policies are applied and resolved, differentiating managed browsers from profiles, and describing how policies work. It also covers Chrome's built-in security features, how extensions are used and deployed, and how the release cycle and channels are managed.
주제 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manage Chrome Enterprise in the Cloud: This section of the exam measures skills of a Cloud Systems Administrator and focuses on preparing and configuring environments for Chrome cloud management. Candidates must demonstrate how to verify domains, use admin roles, configure organizational structures, deploy enrollment tokens, enable reporting, and maintain Chrome using the Google Admin console.
주제 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chrome Extensions: This section of the exam measures skills of an Endpoint Security Manager and involves managing Chrome extension policies. It includes designing extension management strategies, handling extension exemptions, creating approval workflows, and assessing extensions for their risk and compliance with business continuity requirements.

Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 최신 인증 시험 공부자료 최신 인기 인증 시험덤프데모

DumpTOP 는 완전히 여러분이 인증시험 준비와 안전한 시험패스를 위한 완벽한 덤프제공 사이트입니다.우리 DumpTOP의 덤프들은 응시자에 따라 ,시험 ,시험방법에 따라 알맞춤한 퍼펙트한 자료입니다.여러분은 DumpTOP 의 알맞춤 덤프들로 아주 간단하고 편하게 인증시험을 패스할 수 있습니다.많은 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator인증 관련 응시자들은 우리 DumpTOP가 제공하는Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 문제와 답으로 되어있는 덤프로 자격증을 취득하셨습니다.우리 DumpTOP 또한 업계에서 아주 좋은 이미지를 가지고 있습니다.

최신 Professional Chrome Enterprise Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 무료 샘플문제 (Q46-Q51):

질문 # 46

A Chrome administrator notices that a Chrome browser is checking in with the Google Admin console but has not received a new cloud computer policy setting that was recently deployed. During the investigation, the administrator deletes the Chrome browser from the Google Admin console. What action can be taken to have the browser re-enroll in the Google Admin console?

- A. Delete the enrollment token from the device and relaunch Chrome
- B. Delete the Chrome Policies from the device and reboot
- C. Delete the device management token from the device and relaunch Chrome
- D. Delete the Chrome Browser Cache and sign back in to Chrome

정답: C

설명:

When a managed browser is deleted from the Google Admin console, it needs to be re-enrolled to receive policies again. The process for re-enrollment typically involves deleting the ****device management token**** from the local machine. Upon relaunching Chrome, the browser will detect the absence of the token and attempt to re-enroll with the cloud management service, at which point it will receive a new token and the latest policies. Deleting the enrollment token (option B) might disrupt the initial enrollment if it still existed.

Deleting Chrome policies (option C) might not trigger re-enrollment. Clearing the cache and signing back in (option D) addresses user profile data, not device enrollment.

질문 # 47

Which operating system must be used to self-host a Chrome extension*?

- A. macOS
- B. Linux
- C. Windows 11
- D. ChromeOS

정답: B

설명:

While the provided study guide doesn't explicitly detail the OS requirements for self-hosting Chrome extensions, general web hosting best practices suggest that Linux is a common and robust platform for serving files and managing web-related services. Its open-source nature, command-line interface, and extensive server software support make it well-suited for self-hosting compared to desktop-centric operating systems like Windows 11 or macOS, and the client-focused ChromeOS. Self-hosting typically involves setting up a web server to distribute the extension files, a task commonly performed on Linux servers.

질문 # 48

An IT administrator manages a large organization that uses Chrome browser across multiple platforms including Windows, macOS, and Linux. The organization has diverse user needs and varying levels of risk associated with different departments, for which the administrator must determine the most efficient method to manage Chrome updates across the organization. Why is it advantageous

to manage Chrome update policies using the Google Admin console instead of the Group Policy Management Console (GPMC)?

- **A. Group Policy does not support platforms other than Windows**
- B. Group Policy does not support Chrome update policies
- C. The Google Admin console is only applicable to devices with ChromeOS, making it more secure
- D. The Google Admin console does not allow administrators to view the browser version of any given managed device as Group Policy does

정답: A

설명:

The key advantage of using the Google Admin console for managing Chrome updates in a multi-platform environment is its ability to apply policies consistently across Windows, macOS, and Linux devices. Group Policy (GPMC) is a Windows-specific tool and cannot natively manage Chrome updates on other operating systems. The Google Admin console provides a centralized and platform-agnostic approach to Chrome management.

질문 # 49

An organization experiences a recent surge in account takeovers and suspicious activity. Upon investigation, a security team discovers that employees are falling victim to infostealer malware specifically designed to target Chrome browser cookies. This malware is spreading through phishing emails and compromised websites, and it is capable of stealing session cookies, login credentials, and other sensitive information stored in the browser. Which measure can an administrator implement using Chrome Enterprise Core to mitigate the risks posed by cookie theft?

- **A. Require Enhanced Safe Browsing and enable Application Bound Encryption**
- B. Block the use of third-party cookies
- C. Disallow Chrome Sync and Require Incognito mode
- D. Invalidate user's session cookies and tokens by resetting the sign-in cookies from the Google Admin console

정답: A

설명:

To combat cookie theft from infostealer malware, requiring "Enhanced Safe Browsing" provides proactive protection against malicious websites and downloads that might distribute such malware. Enabling "Application Bound Encryption" adds an extra layer of security to cookies and other sensitive data stored by Chrome, making them harder for malware to use even if stolen. Blocking third-party cookies (option A) can improve privacy but doesn't directly prevent malware from stealing first-party session cookies. Invalidating existing cookies (option C) is a reactive measure and doesn't prevent future theft. Disallowing Chrome Sync and requiring Incognito mode (option D) changes user behavior but doesn't inherently protect against malware on the local machine.

질문 # 50

To reduce risk, an organization is required to maintain a minimum Chrome browser version. The organization allows updates but finds that not all browsers are within one major version of the stable release.

Which policy option would help an admin enforce Chrome browser updates to the latest major stable version via automatic updates?

- A. Component updates
- B. Rollback to target version
- **C. Auto-update check period**
- D. Relaunch notification

정답: C

설명:

While not directly stating "enforce to the latest major stable version," the "Auto-update check period" policy, when configured appropriately (shorter intervals), ensures that devices check for and apply updates more frequently. This increases the likelihood of browsers reaching and staying closer to the latest stable version over time. "Rollback to target version" is for reverting updates, "Component updates" manages specific browser components, and "Relaunch notification" prompts users to restart after an update.

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Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator적중을 높은 덤프자료 : <https://www.dumptop.com/Google/Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator-dump.html>

- BONUS!!! DumpTOP Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 시험 문제집 전체 버전을 무료로 다운로드하세요:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1bDTv5OuQbWfWT1uOLrTF8Izor6pHIYc3>