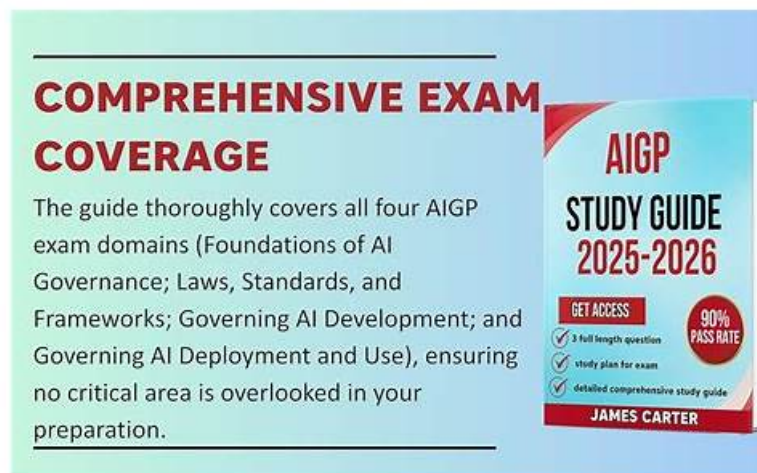


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## IAPP AIGP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Understanding How to Govern AI Deployment and Use: This section of the exam measures skills of technology deployment leads and covers the responsibilities associated with selecting, deploying, and using AI models in a responsible manner. It includes evaluating key factors and risks before deployment, understanding different model types and deployment options, and ensuring ongoing monitoring and maintenance. The domain applies to both proprietary and third-party AI models, emphasizing the importance of transparency, ethical considerations, and continuous oversight throughout the model's operational life.</li></ul>

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Understanding How Laws, Standards, and Frameworks Apply to AI:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of compliance officers and covers the application of existing and emerging legal requirements to AI systems. It explores how data privacy laws, intellectual property, non-discrimination, consumer protection, and product liability laws impact AI. The domain also examines the main elements of the EU AI Act, such as risk classification and requirements for different AI risk levels, as well as enforcement mechanisms. Furthermore, it addresses the key industry standards and frameworks, including OECD principles, NIST AI Risk Management Framework, and ISO AI standards, guiding organizations in trustworthy and compliant AI implementation.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Understanding How to Govern AI Development:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of AI project managers and covers the governance responsibilities involved in designing, building, training, testing, and maintaining AI models. It emphasizes defining the business context, performing impact assessments, applying relevant laws and best practices, and managing risks during model development. The domain also includes establishing data governance for training and testing, ensuring data quality and provenance, and documenting processes for compliance. Additionally, it focuses on preparing models for release, continuous monitoring, maintenance, incident management, and transparent disclosures to stakeholders.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Understanding the Foundations of AI Governance:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of AI governance professionals and covers the core concepts of AI governance, including what AI is, why governance is needed, and the risks and unique characteristics associated with AI. It also addresses the establishment and communication of organizational expectations for AI governance, such as defining roles, fostering cross-functional collaboration, and delivering training on AI strategies. Additionally, it focuses on developing policies and procedures that ensure oversight and accountability throughout the AI lifecycle, including managing third-party risks and updating privacy and security practices.</li> </ul>

## IAPP Certified Artificial Intelligence Governance Professional Sample Questions (Q29-Q34):

### NEW QUESTION # 29

An AI system's function, the industry and the location in which it operates are important factors in considering which of the following?

- A. Organizational accountability.
- **B. Internal governance needs.**
- C. Diversity of data sources.
- D. Explainability of results.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

An AI system's function, industry, and deployment location define its risk profile, which directly influences the internal governance structures an organization must put in place.

From the AI Governance in Practice Report 2025:

"There are many challenges and potential solutions for AI governance, each with unique proximity and significance based on an organization's role, footprint, broader risk-governance profile and maturity." (p. 4)

"AI governance starts with defining the corporate strategy for AI... and formulating policy standards and operational procedures to reflect industry, use case, and location." (p. 11)

\* A- Organizational accountability is broader and not directly scoped by industry or function.

\* C- Diversity of data sources is tied to data strategy.

\* D- Explainability is more influenced by model type, not use context.

### NEW QUESTION # 30

The best practice to manage third-party risk associated with AI systems is to create and implement policies that?

- A. Focus on the technical aspects of AI systems, such as data security, while ethical risks are addressed through suitable contracts.
- **B. Focus on the financial stability of third-party vendors as the primary criterion for risk assessment.**

- C. Require third-party AI systems to undergo a comprehensive audit by an external cybersecurity firm every six months.
- **D. Provide for an appropriate level of due diligence and ongoing monitoring based on the defined risk.**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Third-party risk management for AI systems should be proportional and risk-based, involving initial due diligence and ongoing monitoring that reflects the level of risk posed by the third party's AI system.

From the AI Governance in Practice Report 2024:

"Third-party due diligence assessments to identify possible external risk and inform selection." (p. 11)

"Legal due diligence may include verification of the personal data's lawful collection by the data broker, review of contractual obligations..." (p. 19)

\* A focuses too narrowly on financial stability.

\* C is excessive and not scalable or aligned with best practices.

\* D inappropriately separates ethical and technical risks; both must be evaluated holistically.

### NEW QUESTION # 31

Which of the following is a subcategory of AI and machine learning that uses labeled datasets to train algorithms?

- A. Expert systems.
- **B. Supervised learning.**
- C. Generative AI.
- D. Segmentation.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Supervised learning is a subcategory of AI and machine learning where labeled datasets are used to train algorithms. This process involves feeding the algorithm a dataset where the input-output pairs are known, allowing the algorithm to learn and make predictions or decisions based on new, unseen data. Reference:

AIGP BODY OF KNOWLEDGE, which describes supervised learning as a model trained on labeled data (e.g., text recognition, detecting spam in emails).

### NEW QUESTION # 32

What is the primary reason the EU is considering updates to its Product Liability Directive?

- A. Address free and open-source software.
- B. To increase the minimum warranty level for defective goods.
- **C. Address digital services and connected products.**
- D. To define new liability exemptions for defective products.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The primary reason the EU is considering updates to its Product Liability Directive is to address digital services and connected products. The current directive does not adequately cover the complexities and challenges posed by modern digital and connected technologies. By updating the directive, the EU aims to ensure that it remains relevant and effective in addressing the liabilities associated with these advanced products, ensuring consumer protection and fair market practices in the digital age.

### NEW QUESTION # 33

Why is it important that conformity requirements are satisfied before an AI system is released into production?

- A. To ensure the visual design is fit-for-purpose.
- **B. To comply with legal and regulatory standards, ensuring the AI system is safe and trustworthy.**
- C. To ensure the AI system is easy for end-users to operate.
- D. To guarantee interoperability of the AI system across multiple platforms and environments.

**Answer: B**

"They are a critical step to demonstrate safety and trustworthiness in AI deployment." (p. 35)

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