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## **Amazon AWS Certified Developer - Associate Sample Questions (Q175-Q180):**

### **NEW QUESTION # 175**

A developer has an application that stores data in an Amazon S3 bucket. The application uses an HTTP API to store and retrieve objects. When the PutObject API operation adds objects to the S3 bucket the developer must encrypt these objects at rest by using server-side encryption with Amazon S3 managed keys (SSE-S3).

Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Create an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) key. Assign the KMS key to the S3 bucket.

- B. Apply TLS to encrypt the traffic to the S3 bucket.
- **C. Set the x-amz-server-side-encryption header when invoking the PutObject API operation.**
- D. Provide the encryption key in the HTTP header of every request.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Amazon S3 supports server-side encryption, which encrypts data at rest on the server that stores the data. One of the encryption options is SSE-S3, which uses keys managed by S3. To use SSE-S3, the x-amz-server-side- encryption header must be set to AES256 when invoking the PutObject API operation. This instructs S3 to encrypt the object data with SSE-S3 before saving it on disks in its data centers and decrypt it when it is downloaded. Reference: Protecting data using server-side encryption with Amazon S3-managed encryption keys (SSE-S3)

**NEW QUESTION # 176**

A company is developing a serverless multi-tier application on AWS. The company will build the serverless logic tier by using Amazon API Gateway and AWS Lambda.

While the company builds the logic tier, a developer who works on the frontend of the application must develop integration tests. The tests must cover both positive and negative scenarios, depending on success and error HTTP status codes.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST effort?

- A. Create two mock integration resources for API methods in API Gateway. In the integration request, return a success HTTP status code for one resource and an error HTTP status code for the other resource. In the integration response, add messages that correspond to the HTTP status codes.
- B. Create a Lambda function to perform tests. Add simple logic to return either success or error- based HTTP status codes. Create a mock integration in API Gateway. Select the Lambda function that corresponds to the HTTP status codes.
- **C. Set up a mock integration for API methods in API Gateway. In the integration request from Method Execution, add simple logic to return either a success or error based on HTTP status code. In the integration response, add messages that correspond to the HTTP status codes.**
- D. Create Lambda functions to perform tests. Add simple logic to return either success or error, based on the HTTP status codes. Build an API Gateway Lambda integration. Select appropriate Lambda functions that correspond to the HTTP status codes.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

"API Gateway supports mock integrations for API methods"

"As an API developer, you decide how API Gateway responds to a mock integration request. For this, you configure the method's integration request and integration response to associate a response with a given status code. "

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/apigateway/latest/developerguide/how-to-mock-integration.html>

**NEW QUESTION # 177**

A developer is creating a new REST API by using Amazon API Gateway and AWS Lambda. The development team tests the API and validates responses for the known use cases before deploying the API to the production environment.

The developer wants to make the REST API available for testing by using API Gateway locally.

Which AWS Serverless Application Model Command Line Interface (AWS SAM CLI) subcommand will meet these requirements?

- A. Sam local start-lambda
- B. Sam local generate-event
- **C. Sam local start-api**
- D. Sam local invoke

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The AWS SAM CLI sam local start-api subcommand is used to start a local API Gateway instance. This allows you to test your REST API locally before deploying it to the production environment.

**NEW QUESTION # 178**

A developer is troubleshooting an Amazon API Gateway API Clients are receiving HTTP 400 response errors when the clients try to access an endpoint of the API.

How can the developer determine the cause of these errors?

- A. Turn on execution logging and access logging in Amazon CloudWatch Logs for the API stage. Create a CloudWatch Logs log group. Specify the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the log group for the API stage.
- B. Turn on AWS X-Ray for the API stage Create an Amazon CloudWatch Logs log group Specify the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the log group for the API stage.
- C. Create an Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose delivery stream to receive API call logs from API Gateway. Configure Amazon CloudWatch Logs as the delivery stream's destination.
- D. Turn on AWS CloudTrail Insights and create a trail Specify the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the trail for the stage of the API.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Explanation

This solution will meet the requirements by using Amazon CloudWatch Logs to capture and analyze the logs from API Gateway. Amazon CloudWatch Logs is a service that monitors, stores, and accesses log files from AWS resources. The developer can turn on execution logging and access logging in Amazon CloudWatch Logs for the API stage, which enables logging information about API execution and client access to the API.

The developer can create a CloudWatch Logs log group, which is a collection of log streams that share the same retention, monitoring, and access control settings. The developer can specify the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the log group for the API stage, which instructs API Gateway to send the logs to the specified log group. The developer can then examine the logs to determine the cause of the HTTP 400 response errors.

Option A is not optimal because it will create an Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose delivery stream to receive API call logs from API Gateway, which may introduce additional costs and complexity for delivering and processing streaming data. Option B is not optimal because it will turn on AWS CloudTrail Insights and create a trail, which is a feature that helps identify and troubleshoot unusual API activity or operational issues, not HTTP response errors. Option C is not optimal because it will turn on AWS X-Ray for the API stage, which is a service that helps analyze and debug distributed applications, not HTTP response errors.

References: [Setting Up CloudWatch Logging for a REST API], [CloudWatch Logs Concepts]

## NEW QUESTION # 179

A developer has written the following IAM policy to provide access to an Amazon S3 bucket:

Which access does the policy allow regarding the s3:GetObject and s3:PutObject actions?

- A. Access on all buckets except the "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET" bucket
- B. Access on all objects in the "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET" bucket except on objects that start with "secrets"
- C. Access on all objects in the "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET" bucket along with access to all S3 actions for objects in the "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET" bucket that start with "secrets"
- D. Access on all buckets that start with "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET" except the "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET/secrets" bucket

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The IAM policy shown in the image is a resource-based policy that grants or denies access to an S3 bucket based on certain conditions. The first statement allows access to any S3 action on any object in the "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET" bucket when the request is made over HTTPS (the value of aws:SecureTransport is true). The second statement denies access to the s3:GetObject and s3:PutObject actions on any object in the "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET/secrets" prefix when the request is made over HTTP (the value of aws:SecureTransport is false). Therefore, the policy allows access on all objects in the "DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET" bucket except on objects that start with "secrets". Reference: Using IAM policies for Amazon S3

## NEW QUESTION # 180

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