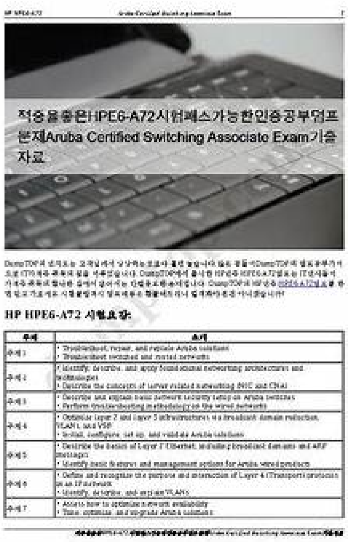
시험패스가능한L4M7시험대비덤프최신데모최신버전덤프샘플문제다운



참고: DumpTOP에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 CIPS L4M7 시험 문제집이 있습니다: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1jyHFnmTWMkogU4wJMCnROZv4KOkUbTy_

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>> L4M7시험대비 덤프 최신 데모 <<

CIPS L4M7최신버전 시험대비자료 & L4M7최신버전 공부문제

CIPS인증L4M7시험을 패스하여 자격증을 취득한다면 여러분의 미래에 많은 도움이 될 것입니다.CIPS인증L4M7시험자격증은 it업계에서도 아주 인지도가 높고 또한 알아주는 시험이며 자격증 하나로도 취직은 문제없다고 볼만큼 가치가 있는 자격증이죠.CIPS인증L4M7시험은 여러분이 it지식테스트시험입니다.

최신 Level 4 Diploma in Procurement and Supply L4M7 무료샘플문제 (Q152-Q157):

질문 # 152
Extra units that are held in inventory to reduce the risks of stock-out are called...?

- A. Just-in-time
- B. Reorder point
- C. Demand variance
- D. Safety stock

정답：D

설명：
The safety stock (or buffer stock) is the stock level that limits stock shortages due to unforeseen events (forecasts not in line with demand, longer than expected supply time, etc...) Demand variance is the degree to which the demand in a fixed period deviates from the average demand of the same period.
A reorder point is the unit quantity on hand that triggers the purchase of a predetermined amount of replenishment inventory.
The just-in-time (JIT) inventory system is a management strategy that aligns raw-material orders from suppliers directly with production schedules.
Reference:
LO 2, AC 2.1

질문 # 153
Which of the following are warehouse layouts that allow the cross aisle to meet picking aisle at angles different from 90 degrees?
1. 'Fan' shaped layout
2. Herringbone-shaped layout
3. U-shape layout
4. L-shape layout

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 3 and 4 only
- D. 1 and 2 only

정답：D

설명：
In a traditional warehouse, storage racks are arranged to create parallel picking aisles, perhaps with one or more cross aisles to allow workers to move quickly between picking aisles. This structure forces workers to travel rectilinear distances (north-south and east-west) to picking locations.
Kevin R. Gue and Russell D. Meller proposed alternative aisle designs:
- The 'Fan' shaped layout (or "Flying V"). This layout maintains parallel picking aisles, but al-lows the cross aisle to take on a different shape. If travel begins and ends at the bottom of the V, Gue and Meller expected distance to retrieve a single pallet is 10% less in this warehouse than in an equivalent traditional design.
- The Herringbone-shaped layout (or commonly referred as Fishbone layout) combines the verti-cal picking rows of a traditional warehouse with a second set of horizontal picking rows, divided by a V-shaped diagonal alley crossing the entire warehouse. This simple modification to the typical warehouse design allows employees (e.g. a forklift driver) to increase travel speed between picking locations. Efficiency gains achieved through a layout reconfiguration would reduce picking cost up to 23% compared to an equivalent warehouse using a traditional configuration.

Reference
Aisle Design - Kevin Gue
LO 1, AC 1.1

질문 # 154
Which of the following best describes available inventory (also known as inventory position)?

- A. The amount of inventory on hand
- B. The amount of inventory on hand plus the amount of inventory on order
- C. The amount of inventory on order only
- D. The amount of inventory on hand in excess of expected demand

정답： B

설명：
Available inventory (or Inventory position - IP) is equal to inventory on-hand plus quantity on order minus backorder (if any)
Reference: CIPS study guide page 117 LO 2, AC 2.3

질문 # 155
International Standard Book Number (ISBN) is a unique international identification system for each product form or edition of a monographic publication published or produced by a specific publisher. ISBN is an example of...?

- A. Harmonized system
- B. Industry standard code
- C. Check digit
- D. Own product code system

정답： B

설명：
The International Standard Book Number (ISBN) is a numeric commercial book identifier which is intended to be unique. Publishers purchase ISBNs from an affiliate of the International ISBN Agency. ISBN is standardised by ISO 2108:2017. ISBN is an example of industry standard code as it applies to commercial books around the world.
Check digits are additional numbers or characters added to codes that a computer uses to verify the number is valid. The intention is to reduce the likelihood of miskeying an item and hitting an alternative live item. More often, a system is devised which a computer can calculate using combination of numbers.
Own product code system: an organisation will use its own product code system. This has the ad-vantage that the organisation can construct a code that is effective and fits with its software and variety of items covered.
The Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, also known as the Harmonized System (HS) of tariff nomenclature is an internationally standardized system of names and numbers to classify traded products. It came into effect in 1988 and has since been developed and maintained by the World Customs Organization (WCO) (formerly the Customs Co-operation Council), an independent intergovernmental organization based in Brussels, Belgium, with over 200 member countries.

질문 # 156
A procurement professional is working with a colleague from finance because the organization has been spending more money recently on inventory items. This is impacting the organization's working capital. In particular, they are concerned that average inventory levels have increased significantly year-on-year. Which of the following should they calculate to help in their investigation?

- A. Cash flow forecast
- B. Profit margin
- C. Age of receivables
- D. Rate of stock turn

정답： D

설명：
The rate of stock turn (inventory turnover ratio) measures how often inventory is sold and replaced over a period. A lower turnover ratio indicates that inventory is sitting longer, tying up working capital. Calculating this rate helps procurement and finance assess

inventory management efficiency, a key focus in whole-life asset management for optimizing working capital and reducing holding costs.

질문 # 157

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