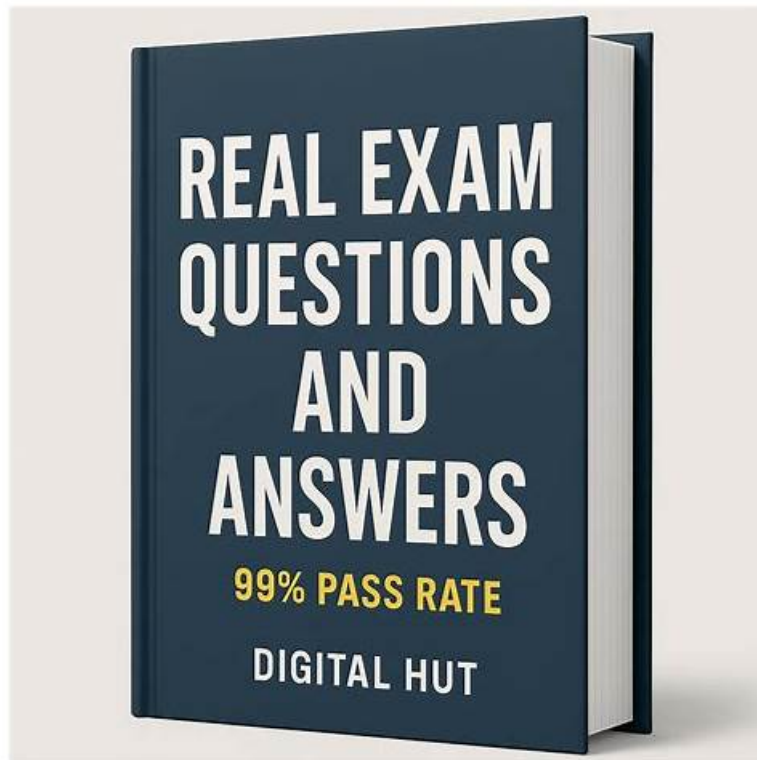


# CompTIA CS0-003 Exam Question | Reliable CS0-003 Test Preparation



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The CompTIA CS0-003 Exam Objectives for CS0-003 are divided into five domains, namely threat management, vulnerability management, security architecture and toolsets, cyber incident response, and compliance and assessment. The threat management domain covers the identification of various security threats and the implementation of security policies to prevent them from happening. The vulnerability management domain involves understanding the vulnerabilities present in the network and applying preventive measures to ensure that they are secure. The security architecture and toolsets domain deals with understanding and implementing the various tools and technologies used in cybersecurity.

>> **CompTIA CS0-003 Exam Question** <<

## CompTIA CS0-003 Unparalleled Exam Question

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## CompTIA Cybersecurity Analyst (CySA+) Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q377-Q382):

NEW QUESTION # 377

A security analyst receives an alert for suspicious activity on a company laptop. An excerpt of the log is shown below:

Event #	Process	Parent process
1	Console Windows Host (conhost.exe)	System (-)
2	Console Windows Host (conhost.exe)	Command Prompt (cmd.exe)
3	Windows Explorer (Explorer.exe)	Microsoft Outlook (outlook.exe)
4	Microsoft Outlook (outlook.exe)	Microsoft Word (winword.exe)
5	Microsoft Word (winword.exe)	PowerShell (powershell.exe)
6	Windows Explorer (Explorer.exe)	Google Chrome (chrome.exe)

Which of the following has most likely occurred?

- A. A credential-stealing website was visited.
- B. A phishing link in an email was clicked
- **C. An Office document with a malicious macro was opened.**
- D. A web browser vulnerability was exploited.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

An Office document with a malicious macro was opened is the most likely explanation for the suspicious activity on the company laptop, as it reflects the common technique of using macros to execute PowerShell commands that download and run malware. A macro is a piece of code that can automate tasks or perform actions in an Office document, such as a Word file or an Excel spreadsheet. Macros can be useful and legitimate, but they can also be abused by threat actors to deliver malware or perform malicious actions on the system. A malicious macro can be embedded in an Office document that is sent as an attachment in a phishing email or hosted on a compromised website. When the user opens the document, they may be prompted to enable macros or content, which will trigger the execution of the malicious code. The malicious macro can then use PowerShell, which is a scripting language and command-line shell that is built into Windows, to perform various tasks, such as downloading and running malware from a remote URL, bypassing security controls, or establishing persistence on the system. The log excerpt shows that PowerShell was used to download a string from a URL using the WebClient.DownloadString method, which is a common way to fetch and execute malicious code from the internet. The log also shows that PowerShell was used to invoke an expression (iex) that contains obfuscated code, which is another common way to evade detection and analysis.

The other options are not as likely as an Office document with a malicious macro was opened, as they do not match the evidence in the log excerpt. A credential-stealing website was visited is possible, but it does not explain why PowerShell was used to download and execute code from a URL. A phishing link in an email was clicked is also possible, but it does not explain what happened after the link was clicked or how PowerShell was involved. A web browser vulnerability was exploited is unlikely, as it does not explain why PowerShell was used to download and execute code from a URL.

#### NEW QUESTION # 378

Which document identifies critical services and defines Recovery Point Objectives (RPOs) and Recovery Time Objectives (RTOs)?

- A. Playbook
- B. Backup plan
- C. Disaster recovery plan
- **D. Business impact analysis**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

A Business Impact Analysis (BIA) is the correct document that identifies critical services and defines Recovery Point Objectives (RPOs) and Recovery Time Objectives (RTOs). It helps organizations determine the impact of downtime and the maximum tolerable outages for business functions.

\* Disaster recovery plan (A) uses the information from the BIA.

- \* Playbooks (C) are tactical and focus on specific incidents.
- \* Backup plans (D) support BIA but don't define RPO/RTO themselves.

Reference:

CompTIA CySA+ Study Guide - Chapple & Seidl, Chapter 9

CySA+ Exam Objectives: Domain 3.0 - Incident Response and Management

### NEW QUESTION # 379

A security officer needs to find the most cost-effective solution to the current data privacy and protection gap found in the last security assessment.

Which of the following is the BEST recommendation?

- A. Implement a data loss prevention solution
- B. Require users to sign NDAs
- C. Create a data minimization plan.
- D. Add access control requirements

**Answer: C**

### NEW QUESTION # 380

A company is concerned with finding sensitive file storage locations that are open to the public.

The current internal cloud network is flat. Which of the following is the best solution to secure the network?

- A. Deploy MFA to cloud storage locations.
- B. Configure logging and monitoring to the SIEM.
- C. Implement segmentation with ACLs.
- D. Roll out an IDS.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Implementing segmentation with ACLs is the best solution to secure the network. Segmentation is the process of dividing a network into smaller subnetworks, or segments, based on criteria such as function, location, or security level. Segmentation can help improve the network performance, scalability, and manageability, as well as enhance the network security by isolating the sensitive or critical data and systems from the rest of the network. ACLs are Access Control Lists, which are rules or policies that specify which users, devices, or applications can access a network segment or resource, and which actions they can perform. ACLs can help enforce the principle of least privilege, and prevent unauthorized or malicious access to the network segments or resources.

### NEW QUESTION # 381

Which of the following are process improvements that can be realized by implementing a SOAR solution? (Select two).

- A. Itemize tasks for approval
- B. Reduce repetitive tasks
- C. Define a security strategy
- D. Generate reports and metrics
- E. Minimize security attacks
- F. Minimize setup complexity

**Answer: B,D**

Explanation:

Comprehensive Detailed SOAR (Security Orchestration, Automation, and Response) solutions are implemented to streamline security operations and improve efficiency. Key benefits include:

C . Reduce repetitive tasks: SOAR solutions automate routine and repetitive tasks, which helps reduce analyst workload and minimize human error.

F . Generate reports and metrics: SOAR platforms can automatically generate comprehensive reports and performance metrics, allowing organizations to track incident response times, analyze trends, and optimize security processes.

Other options are less relevant to the core functions of SOAR:

A . Minimize security attacks: While SOAR can aid in quicker response, it does not directly minimize the occurrence of attacks.

- NIST SP 800-61: Computer Security Incident Handling Guide, on the value of automation in incident response.

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