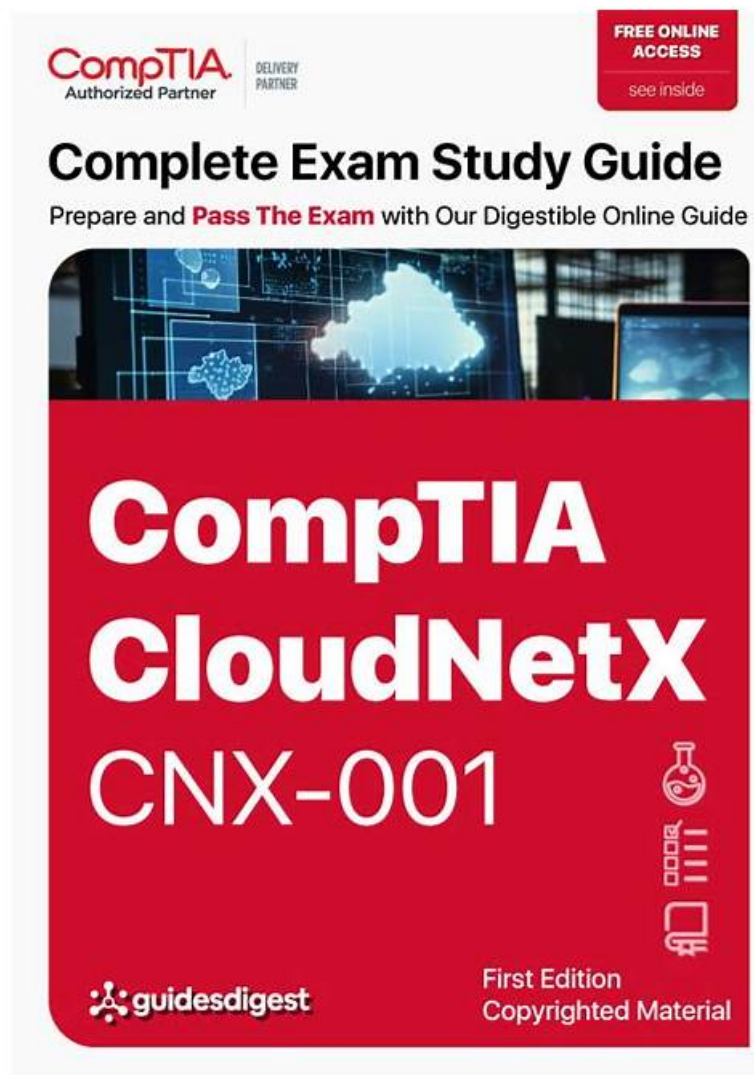


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CompTIA CNX-001 考試大綱：

主題	簡介
主題 1	Network Architecture Design: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Architects and covers the ability to design scalable, secure, and efficient network architectures. It focuses on understanding design principles, selecting appropriate network components, and aligning architecture decisions with organizational needs. Candidates are expected to demonstrate a solid grasp of topology planning, high-availability configurations, and integration of cloud and on-premise systems to ensure reliability and performance.
主題 2	Network Operations, Monitoring, and Performance: This section of the exam measures skills of Network Operations Specialists and covers day-to-day operational management of network environments. It involves configuring monitoring tools, analyzing performance data, and responding to alerts. Candidates are evaluated on their ability to maintain network health, optimize throughput, and ensure consistent uptime by applying best practices for proactive performance tuning and operations management.
主題 3	Network Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Support Engineers and covers diagnosing and resolving connectivity and performance issues across various network layers. It focuses on identifying root causes, using diagnostic tools, and applying systematic troubleshooting methodologies. The goal is to ensure that professionals can minimize downtime, restore service quickly, and prevent recurring problems by maintaining a resilient and stable network environment.
主題 4	Network Security: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Engineers and covers core practices for protecting network infrastructure. It includes applying firewall rules, implementing access control measures, and designing secure segmentation strategies. The content emphasizes threat mitigation techniques, secure configuration of networking devices, and adherence to compliance frameworks, preparing professionals to safeguard both internal and external network assets effectively.

最新的 CloudNetX CNX-001 免費考試真題 (Q74-Q79):

問題 #74

A network security administrator needs to set up a solution to:

- * Gather all data from log files in a single location.
- * Correlate the data to generate alerts.

Which of the following should the administrator implement?

- A. Syslog
- B. Event log monitoring
- **C. SIEM**
- D. Log management

答案: C

解題說明:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

A SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) solution ingests log data from multiple sources, correlates events, detects anomalies, and generates alerts based on predefined or dynamic rules. This makes SIEM the ideal solution for centralized logging and real-time threat detection.

Relevant Extract from CompTIA CloudNetX CNX-001 Study Guide - under "Security Monitoring and Log Correlation":

"SIEM platforms aggregate, normalize, and analyze logs from diverse sources, providing real-time alerts and incident response support." Other options:

- * A. Syslog is a transport protocol - it doesn't correlate or alert.
- * B. Event log monitoring is limited to individual systems.
- * C. Log management stores logs but doesn't perform analysis or alerting.

問題 #75

New devices were deployed on a network and need to be hardened.

INSTRUCTIONS

Use the drop-down menus to define the appliance-hardening techniques that provide the most secure solution.

If at any time you would like to bring back the initial state of the simulation, please click the Reset All button.

答案:

解題說明:

Explanation:

問題 #76

A SaaS company is launching a new product based in a cloud environment. The new product will be provided as an API and should not be exposed to the internet. Which of the following should the company create to best meet this requirement?

- A. A private service endpoint exposing the API endpoint to the customer's VPC
- B. A VPC peering connection from the API VPC to the customer's VPC
- C. A transit gateway that connects the API to the customer's VPC
- D. Firewall rules allowing access to the API endpoint from the customer's VPC

答案: A

解題說明:

AWS PrivateLink (a private service endpoint) lets you expose your API over an interface endpoint directly into each customer's VPC without ever traversing the public internet, ensuring the service remains fully private.

問題 #77

An architecture team needs to unify all logging and performance monitoring used by global applications across the enterprise to perform decision-making analytics. Which of the following technologies is the best way to fulfill this purpose?

- A. CIEM
- B. Content delivery network
- C. Data lake
- D. Relational database

答案: C

解題說明:

A data lake provides a scalable, centralized repository that can ingest and store massive volumes of structured and unstructured data, including logs and performance metrics, from across your global applications. By keeping raw data in its native format, you can run batch and real-time analytics, machine learning, and business-intelligence workloads on one unified platform, making it ideal for enterprise-wide decision-making.

問題 #78

A network engineer adds a large group of servers to a screened subnet and configures them to use IPv6 only. The servers need to seamlessly communicate with IPv4 servers on the internal networks. Which of the following actions is the best way to achieve this goal?

- A. Implement NAT64 on the router between the screened subnet and the internal network.
- B. Change the servers in the screened subnet from IPv6 addresses to IPv4 addresses.
- C. Add IPv6 to the network cards on the internal servers so they can communicate with the screened subnet.
- D. Set up a bridge between the screened subnet and internal networks to handle the conversion.

答案: A

解題說明:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

NAT64 allows IPv6-only devices to communicate with IPv4-only systems. It translates IPv6 addresses to IPv4 and vice versa. This is essential in mixed environments where backward compatibility is needed, and cannot be resolved simply by dual-stacking or bridging.

Relevant Extract from CompTIA CloudNetX CNX-001 Study Guide - under "IP Version Compatibility and Translation":

"NAT64 allows seamless communication between IPv6-only clients and IPv4-only servers by translating address formats and

- * A. Adding IPv6 to internal servers requires changes to all internal devices and does not scale well.
- * B. Bridging does not handle protocol translation.
- * C. Changing IPv6 servers back to IPv4 violates the requirement for IPv6-only configuration.

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