

Exam BAPv5 Cram Review, Latest BAPv5 Test Practice

BAPv5

Option D : Manager.	Option E : Competitor
Correct Answer: A,B,C	
Explanation/Reference: A stakeholder is any person or group who has an interest in or influence over an organisation or project. Stakeholders can be classified into different categories based on their relationship with the organisation or project. One possible classification is the stakeholder wheel, which identifies six generic stakeholder categories: owner, partner, supplier, customer, regulator and competitor. Therefore, options A, B and C are correct answers, as they represent three stakeholder groups that are involved in the scenario. Owner refers to the person or group who owns or controls the organisation or project. In this case, it is the two people who each own 50% of AlpineTrails. Partner refers to the person or group who collaborates or cooperates with the organisation or project to achieve mutual benefit. In this case, it is WalkNation, who has agreed to work with AlpineTrails to provide special holidays for its members. Supplier refers to the person or group who provides goods or services to the organisation or project. In this case, it is the hotels, transport and equipment providers that AlpineTrails books for its customers. Option D is not a correct answer, as manager is not one of the generic stakeholder categories defined in the stakeholder wheel. Manager refers to the person or group who oversees or coordinates the activities of the organisation or project. In this case, it could be either one of the owners of AlpineTrails or someone appointed by them. Option E is not a correct answer, as competitor is not represented in this scenario. Competitor refers to the person or group who offers similar or alternative goods or services to the same market as the organisation or project. In this case, it could be another company that specialises in offering tailored walking holidays. References: BCS Practitioner Certificate in BAP Specimen, page 18.	

QUESTION: 6

Paul has been struggling to make his farm profitable for a number of years. Recently, an energy firm has asked him if it can survey his land in order to determine if there is natural gas deep under his fields. If there is, they will pay him for the extracted gas. Paul has discussed this request with his business partner, explaining that he would like to explore the possibility as he feels that any subsequent extraction process is safe, will cause minimal damage to the farm, and will return the farm to profitability. Paul's business partner disagrees, believing that the process for extracting the gas is dangerous, that the machinery will spoil the

<https://www.dumpso certify.com/product/BAPv5-exam>

PDF Questions & Answers

DOWNLOAD the newest Itcerttest BAPv5 PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1WkngNOf5XJUZdJlevydUYlbOOtY92Bc>

Our BAPv5 study materials have a high quality which is mainly reflected in the pass rate. Our product can promise a higher pass rate than other study materials. 99% people who have used our BAPv5 study materials passed their exam and got their certificate successfully, it is no doubt that it means our BAPv5 study materials have a 99% pass rate. So our product will be a very good choice for you. If you are anxious about whether you can pass your exam and get the certificate, we think you need to buy our BAPv5 Study Materials as your study tool, our product will lend you a good helping hand. If you are willing to take our BAPv5 study materials into more consideration, it must be very easy for you to pass your exam in a short time.

BCS BAPv5 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strategic Context for Business Analysis: This section of the exam covers the purpose of an organization's vision, how to apply a suitable technique to analyze the internal environment of an organization and use a suitable technique to analyze the external environment of an organization.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establishing the Target State: In this section, the topics covered include utilizing a business activity mode and how to pinpoint the five activities included in a BAMExplain the three types of business events.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analysing and Managing Stakeholders: In this section of the exam, the topics covered explain the activities required to engage stakeholders. It also covers identifying generic stakeholder categories using the stakeholder wheel and how to utilize the CATWOE technique to analyze stakeholder perspectives.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyzing the Current State: This section of the exam covers choosing the most viable method methods to research the business situation and how to utilize tools to represent the current business situation.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Designing and Defining the Solution: In this exam, the topics covered include how to identify the stages of Design Thinking, defining the utilization of divergent and convergent thinking, and gap analysis.

>> Exam BAPv5 Cram Review <<

BCS Exam BAPv5 Cram Review & Itcerttest - Leading Offer in Certification Exams Products

The BCS Practitioner Certificate in Business Analysis Practice v5.0 (BAPv5) prep material is available in three versions. BAPv5 Practice exams and PDF questions are available at Itcerttest so that users can meet their training needs and pass the BCS Practitioner Certificate in Business Analysis Practice v5.0 (BAPv5) exam on the first try. The philosophy of Itcerttest behind offering BCS Practitioner Certificate in Business Analysis Practice v5.0 (BAPv5) prep material in three formats is helping students meet their unique learning needs.

BCS Practitioner Certificate in Business Analysis Practice v5.0 Sample Questions (Q17-Q22):

NEW QUESTION # 17

A group of stakeholders at FlyMe travel operators are in a meeting to discuss the Business Activity Model (BAM) for a new subsidiary business. They are planning to launch a new offering, which will offer flight bundle' packages for organization that regularly need to send their staff overseas. The following activities have been identified so far:

- a) Monitor flight bundle' sates
- b) Sell 'night bundles*
- c) Determine demand amongst existing customers
- d) Identify potential airline earners
- e) Determine 'flight bundle' locations,
- f) Define bundle pricing.

Although the Operations Director for FlyMe is supportive of the new business proposition, she is not entirely convinced there is a gap in the market, nor is she confident that the idea will be profitable.

With these concerns in mind, which planning activities will she be keen to ensure are discussed before the meeting ends?

- A. b, d and e
- B. a, c and f
- C. a, b, d and e.
- **D. c and f**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

The Operations Director for FlyMe is concerned about the market demand and profitability of the new business proposition.

Therefore, she will be keen to ensure that the planning activities that address these concerns are discussed before the meeting ends. These activities are c and f, as they involve determining the demand amongst existing customers and defining the bundle pricing. These activities will help to assess the feasibility and viability of the new offering. Option A is the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 18

The innovation center of a company has created a new reporting tool. The senior management initially supported its introduction into the business; however, end users in one business area are unwilling to adopt the new tool, as they perceive that it is unnecessary. One of the end users in this business area has been very vocal and has been rallying support from others through a corporate social media tool. End users in other business areas are also beginning to question whether they should adopt the tool and raising this issue with their managers.

The sponsor has fully supported the decision to go ahead with the new tool, but senior management is now questioning his decision, due to comments from the operational staff. How would the end users be classified on a power/interest grid?

- A. Some interest, high power
- B. High interest, some power.
- C. Low interest, some power
- D. High interest, low power

Answer: D

Explanation:

The end users are classified as high interest, low power on a power/interest grid. This is because they are directly affected by the new reporting tool and have a strong preference for not using it, but they do not have much authority or influence to change the project decision or outcome. Option A is the correct answer.

Reference:

[How To Manage Stakeholders With a Power Interest Grid | Indeed.com UK](#)

[Stakeholder Analysis using the Power Interest Grid - ProjectManagement.com](#)

NEW QUESTION # 19

The customer journey map below was created for Eyes 4'U, a chain of high street opticians. This shows the journey of a person who is 67 years old and retired with a limited pension and active social life. What are the MOST LIKELY statements to be in Box F and Box 6?

□

- A. F pleased appointment ending 6 provide clearer information on options and pricing
- B. F: worry about choosing the wrong frame 6: introduce virtual frame selection technology
- C. F concern at cost 6 provide clearer information on options and pricing
- D. F provide clearer information on options and pricing 6 concern at cost

Answer: C

Explanation:

A customer journey map is a visual representation of the steps and emotions that a customer goes through when interacting with a product or service. It helps to identify the pain points and opportunities for improvement in the customer experience. A customer journey map typically consists of the following elements: stages, actions, thoughts, feelings, touchpoints and opportunities. Therefore, option A is the correct answer, as it matches the elements of the customer journey map for Box F and Box 6. Box F represents the feeling of the customer at the stage of choosing a frame. The feeling is concern at cost, as the customer is worried about the price of the frames and lenses. Box 6 represents the opportunity for improvement at the stage of selecting lenses. The opportunity is to provide clearer information on options and pricing, as this would help the customer to make an informed decision and reduce their anxiety. Option B is not a correct answer, as it does not match the elements of the customer journey map for Box F and Box 6. Box F represents the feeling of the customer, not an opportunity for improvement. Box 6 represents an opportunity for improvement, not a feeling of the customer. Option C is not a correct answer, as it does not match the elements of the customer journey map for Box F and Box 6. Box F represents the feeling of the customer, not an opportunity for improvement. Box 6 represents an opportunity for improvement, not a feeling of the customer. Option D is not a correct answer, as it does not match the elements of the customer journey map for Box F and Box 6. Box F represents the feeling of the customer, not an opportunity for improvement. Box 6 represents an opportunity for improvement, not a feeling of the customer.

NEW QUESTION # 20

John has been working on a business case for opening up the overseas market to new products. He has been asked to document the risks. What **SHOULD** he do to ensure they are appropriately recorded? Select the **TWO** that apply

- A. Create a RAID log
- B. Impact assessment of each countermeasure identified
- **C. Document the source of each risk**
- **D. Identify an owner for each risk**
- E. Provide justification for each countermeasure identified

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Explanation

A risk is an uncertain event or condition that, if it occurs, has a positive or negative effect on one or more project objectives. To ensure that risks are appropriately recorded, they should be documented in a consistent and structured way, such as using a RAID log (Risks, Assumptions, Issues and Dependencies). A RAID log should include information such as the risk description, impact, probability, source, owner, mitigation actions, status and date. Therefore, options B and C are essential for recording risks, as they help to identify where the risk originates from and who is responsible for managing it. Option A is not relevant to recording risks, as it is the name of the tool used to document them. Option D and E are not relevant to recording risks, as they relate to the countermeasures or actions taken to address them, not the risks themselves.

References: BCS Practitioner Certificate in BAP Specimen, page 14.

NEW QUESTION # 21

How would a business analyst use a Target Operating Model (TOM) in gap analysis?

- **A. To assess how far the organisation's current activities support the desired situation.**
- B. To establish which stakeholder views will not be reflected in the desired situation
- C. To determine which activities in the desired situation are not financially feasible
- D. To identify how the organisation should structure itself to support the desired situation.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

A Target Operating Model (TOM) is a high-level description of how an organisation wants to operate in order to achieve its vision and strategy. It defines what an organisation does, how it does it, who does it, where it does it and why it does it. A TOM can be used in gap analysis to compare the desired situation with the existing situation and identify what needs to change to achieve the desired situation. Therefore, option A is the correct answer, as using a TOM in gap analysis would help to assess how far the organisation's current activities support the desired situation. By comparing the current activities with those defined in the TOM, a gap analysis would help to identify what activities are missing, redundant or inefficient in achieving the desired situation. Option B is not a correct answer, as using a TOM in gap analysis would not help to identify how the organisation should structure itself to support the desired situation. The structure of an organisation is one aspect of a TOM, but not its main purpose. A TOM defines what an organisation does more than how it organises itself. Option C is not a correct answer, as using a TOM in gap analysis would not help to determine which activities in the desired situation are not financially feasible. The financial feasibility of an activity is not determined by comparing it with a TOM, but by conducting a cost-benefit analysis or a business case.

Option D is not a correct answer, as using a TOM in gap analysis would not help to establish which stakeholder views will not be reflected in the desired situation. The stakeholder views are not determined by comparing them with a TOM, but by conducting a stakeholder analysis or a CATWOE analysis.

References: BCS Practitioner Certificate in BAP Specimen, page 27.

NEW QUESTION # 22

.....

If you just hold a diploma, it is very difficult to find a satisfactory job. Companies want you to come up with a BAPv5 certificate that better proves your strength. BAPv5 training materials can help you achieve this goal faster. Whether or not you believe it, there have been a lot of people who have obtained internationally certified certificates through BAPv5 Exam simulation. And with the certification, they all live a better life now.

Latest BAPv5 Test Practice: https://www.itcerttest.com/BAPv5_braindumps.html

BTW, DOWNLOAD part of Itcerttest BAPv5 dumps from Cloud Storage: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1WkngNOf5XJuZdJlevydUYlbOOtY92Bc->