

Free USGBC LEED-Green-Associate Demo Version Before Purchasing

What is USGBC?

- The U.S. Green Building Council, founded in 1993, is a non-profit community of leaders working to make green buildings available to everyone within a generation and to promote environmental responsibility. www.usgbc.org

- 79 Chapters across US
- HQ in Wash, DC 79 Chapters across US
- HQ in Wash, DC
- 16,000 Member Companies
- 160,000 LEED Accredited Professionals
- 35,000 participating LEED projects



- LEED Rating Systems
- Greenbuild
- Education



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Of course, the future is full of unknowns and challenges for everyone. Even so, we all hope that we can have a bright future. Pass the LEED-Green-Associate exam, for most people, is an ability to live the life they want, and the realization of these goals needs to be established on a good basis of having a good job. A good job requires a certain amount of competence, and the most intuitive way to measure competence is whether you get a series of the test LEED-Green-Associate Certification and obtain enough qualifications.

We strongly advise you to buy our online engine and windows software of the LEED-Green-Associate study materials, which can simulate the real test environment. There is no doubt that you will never feel bored on learning our LEED-Green-Associate practice materials because of the smooth operation. You will find that learning is becoming interesting and easy. And you will be more confident to pass the exam since that you have experience the Real LEED-Green-Associate Exam.

>> LEED-Green-Associate Exam Answers <<

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USGBC LEED-Green-Associate Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Location and Transportation: This section of the exam measures the skills of urban planners and covers site selection criteria and alternative transportation strategies. It emphasizes choosing sites that minimize environmental impact and promote sustainable transportation options.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Energy and Atmosphere: This section of the exam measures the skills of energy efficiency engineers and covers building loads, energy efficiency measures, and alternative energy practices. It emphasizes commissioning, energy auditing, and the use of renewable energy sources.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project Surroundings and Public Outreach: This section of the exam measures the skills of community engagement specialists and covers the environmental impacts of buildings, green building codes, and the values of sustainable design. It also includes regional design considerations and public outreach strategies.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water Efficiency: This section of the exam measures the skills of water conservation specialists and covers strategies for reducing water usage both indoors and outdoors. It includes the use of gray water and rainwater in irrigation and the implementation of low-flow fixtures.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Integrative Strategies: This section of the exam measures the skills of project managers and focuses on the integrative process in LEED projects. It includes understanding the roles of various team members and standards that support LEED, such as ASHRAE and ENERGY STAR guidelines. This section highlights the importance of collaboration and systems thinking in achieving sustainable design.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sustainable Sites: This section of the exam measures the skills of landscape architects and focuses on on-site assessment and design strategies that reduce environmental impact. It includes topics like habitat conservation, rainwater management, and exterior lighting.

USGBC LEED Green Associate Exam Sample Questions (Q140-Q145):

NEW QUESTION # 140

The project team is conducting a feasibility study of a building project. The developer has pre-qualified four potential sites that are all financially viable. Within the context of LEED, which site is the most applicable?

- A. A brownfield site with no access to metro
- B. A brownfield site in a national park with car access only
- C. A brownfield site with access to five lines of public transportation and basic services
- D. A greenfield site with access to public transport and proximity to grocery stores

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

From a LEED perspective, a brownfield site with access to multiple lines of public transportation and basic services would be the most applicable. Brownfield sites are previously developed sites that may be contaminated with hazardous waste or pollution.

Developing on these sites can help to clean up and revitalize the area. Access to public transportation reduces the need for private vehicle use, reducing carbon emissions and traffic congestion. References: LEED Green Associate Candidate Handbook, U.S. Green Building Council resources

NEW QUESTION # 141

Which of the following power sources are considered green power?

- A. Natural gas
- B. Nuclear
- C. Clean coal
- D. Biomass

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

Biomass is a renewable energy source that can be used to produce electricity from organic plant and waste material. It is considered green power by the U.S. EPA because it provides environmental benefits and reduces greenhouse gas emissions¹².

NEW QUESTION # 142

Which of the following accurately describes CIRs (Credit Interpretation Requests)?

- A. Use of CIRs is limited to LEED projects
- B. Any approved CIR can be used for any LEED project
- C. CIRs allow project teams to obtain technical guidance for a particular credit in the LEED rating system
- D. USGBC members and registered LEED project team members may approve CIRs

Answer: C

Explanation:

CIRs are intended for technical clarification:

"Project teams may send a credit interpretation request at a cost of \$220... Credit interpretation rulings are the reviewers' responses to these requests... If a project team encounters unclear issues, they should send a credit interpretation request." They must be submitted through GBCI and are reviewed by third-party reviewers-not by project members themselves.

NEW QUESTION # 143

Which is an example of regenerative design?

- A. Passive house energy building
- B. A building that generates electricity and sends the excess to the grid
- C. A project that uses sustainable materials
- D. A building with a recycling program

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

Verified answer: D. A building that generates electricity and sends the excess to the grid Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation: Regenerative design is a type of design that goes beyond sustainability and aims to restore or enhance the natural systems that support life. Regenerative design projects not only minimize their environmental impact, but also contribute positively to the environment and society. An example of regenerative design is a building that generates electricity from renewable sources, such as solar panels or wind turbines, and sends the excess electricity to the grid, thereby reducing greenhouse gas emissions and supporting the transition to a clean energy economy.

References:

- * What Is Regenerative Design? | LEED Blog¹
- * LEED v5 | U.S. Green Building Council²
- * The Future of LEED Will Be Positive | BuildingGreen³

NEW QUESTION # 144

Which of the following is an appropriate way to use non-potable water in a building?

- A. Using captured stormwater for showering
- B. Flushing a toilet with wastewater from bathroom sinks
- C. Using wastewater from a sink for dishwashing
- D. Incorporating air conditioner process water for washing clothes

Answer: B

Explanation:

Non-potable water is water that is not suitable for human consumption, but can be used for other purposes that do not require potable quality water. Non-potable water sources include rainwater, reclaimed/recycled water and greywater. Greywater is wastewater from sinks, showers, bathtubs, washing machines and dishwashers that can be reused for applications such as toilet flushing, irrigation and cooling tower make-up water¹². Using non-potable water can reduce the demand for potable water and contribute to LEED water efficiency credits³⁴.

Reference:

SRI Calculator | LEEDuser

What Is Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) of Materials?

Water Efficiency and LEED Certification | Contractor

Water Balance Analysis - ASHRAE

What is LEED? | Net Zero Water Inc. - Net Zero Water

NEW QUESTION # 145

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