

100%合格率のPure Storage FlashArray-Storage-Professional無料試験 &合格スムーズFlashArray-Storage-Professional認証試験 | 実際的なFlashArray-Storage-Professional基礎問題集



Pure StorageのFlashArray-Storage-Professional認証試験と言ったら、人々は迷っています。異なる考えがありますが、要約は試験が大変難しいことです。Pure StorageのFlashArray-Storage-Professional認証試験は確かに難しい試験ですが、It-Passportsを選んだら、これは大丈夫です。It-PassportsのPure StorageのFlashArray-Storage-Professional試験トレーニング資料は受験生としてのあなたが欠くことができない資料です。それは受験生のために特別に作成したものですから、100パーセントの合格率を保証します。信じないのなら、It-Passportsのサイトをクリックしてください。購入する人々が大変多いですから、あなたもミスしないで速くショッピングカートに入れましょう。

Pure Storage FlashArray-Storage-Professional 認証試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• トラブルシューティング: Pure Storageの診断ツールとアラートを使用して、構成エラー、パフォーマンスの問題、レプリケーションの問題を特定し解決する方法について説明します。システムの信頼性を維持するためのポート構成と予測サポートメカニズムも含まれます。
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 管理: ボリューム構成、アレイ管理、ホスト接続、サードパーティ統合、セキュリティプロトコルなど、主要な管理タスクを網羅します。ストレージ環境全体で最適なパフォーマンスと安全なアクセスを維持するためのベストプラクティスに重点を置いています。
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• データ保護: スナップショット管理、レプリケーション構成、ポリシー管理、セーフモード、およびActiveDRなどの高度なレプリケーション技術を網羅しています。データの可用性、災害復旧、およびデータ損失からの保護に重点を置いています。
トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• FAファイル: DNS設定、Active Directoryとの統合、プロトコルアクセスなど、FAファイルサービスの構成と管理について説明します。組織全体で安全かつ効率的なファイル共有を実現することに重点を置いています。
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• モニタリング: Pure1、GUI、CLIツールを使用してアレイの状態を監視し、レポートを生成し、パフォーマンスと容量の指標を分析する方法について説明します。データ削減率、メタ予測、およびプロアクティブな容量計画も含まれます。

唯一無二Pure Storage FlashArray-Storage-Professional無料試験は主要材料 & 信頼できるFlashArray-Storage-Professional: Pure Certified FlashArray Storage Professional

人間はそれぞれ夢を持っています。適当な方法を採用する限り、夢を現実にすることができます。It-PassportsのPure StorageのFlashArray-Storage-Professional試験トレーニング資料を利用したら、Pure StorageのFlashArray-Storage-Professional認定試験に合格することができるようになります。どうしてですかと質問したら、It-PassportsのPure StorageのFlashArray-Storage-Professional試験トレーニング資料はIT認証に対する最高のトレーニング資料です。その資料は最完全かつ最新で、合格率が非常に高いということで人々に知られています。それを持っていたら、あなたは時間とエネルギーを節約することができます。It-Passportsを利用したら、あなたは楽に試験に受かることができます。

Pure Storage Pure Certified FlashArray Storage Professional 認定 FlashArray-Storage-Professional 試験問題 (Q51-Q56):

質問 # 51

Refer to the exhibit:

What is the most likely cause of system space in this capacity graph?

- A. Space reclamation stopped working properly.
- **B. Large volume destroyed and eradicated.**
- C. SafeMode was enabled on the system.

正解: B

解説:

Analyzing the Graph: The provided capacity graph shows a sharp, vertical drop in Unique and Shared space (the teal/green sections) at approximately 10:45. Simultaneously, there is a massive spike in System space (the grey shaded area).

The "System" Space Spike: In Purity, when a volume is deleted and eradicated, the data isn't physically wiped from the flash modules instantly. Instead, the logical references are removed, and the blocks are moved into a "Pending Reclamation" state. In older versions of Purity reporting (or specific views), this pending work is often categorized under System space until the background Garbage Collection (GC) process can physically reclaim it.

The Decay Curve: Notice the grey "System" area gradually tapers down over the following hours (from 11:00 to 14:00). This is the visual representation of the array's Garbage Collection engine working in the background to physically free up those blocks.

Why Option C is incorrect: If SafeMode were enabled, the space would not move into "System" space in this manner; it would remain locked in the Snapshots or Destroyed bucket for the duration of the retention period, preventing the graph from dropping at all.

Why Option A is incorrect: If space reclamation stopped working, the grey "System" area would stay flat and would not decay over time. The fact that it is trending downward proves that reclamation is actively processing the deleted volume.

質問 # 52

What FA File user authentication statement is correct?

- A. FA File can use either LDAP or SAML for authentication.
- B. FA File can use both Microsoft Active Directory (AD) and SSO for authentication.
- **C. FA File can use either Microsoft Active Directory (AD) or OpenLDAP for authentication.**

正解: C

解説:

Supported Directory Services: Pure Storage FlashArray File Services (FA File) is designed to integrate seamlessly into existing enterprise identity infrastructures. To manage file permissions (SMB ACLs and NFS POSIX/NFSv4 permissions), Purity supports joining the array to a directory service.

Active Directory (AD): This is the most common integration for FA File, specifically for SMB environments. Purity allows the array

to join an AD Domain, creating a computer account and enabling the resolution of SIDs to usernames.

OpenLDAP: For Linux/Unix-heavy environments using NFS, Purity supports OpenLDAP. This allows the array to look up UID/GID information and group memberships to enforce security across the file system.

Authentication vs. Management: It is important to distinguish between Data Access (FA File) and Management Access (GUI/CLI login).

FA File (Data Access): Uses AD and OpenLDAP to authorize users accessing shares/exports.

Management (GUI/CLI): Uses SAML (Option C) or LDAP for Single Sign-On (SSO) (Option B) to allow administrators to log into the array.

The "Either/Or" Logic: While a FlashArray can be configured with multiple directory services, for a specific File System/Export mapping, the system relies on the primary identity provider configured—either Microsoft AD or an LDAP-compliant service like OpenLDAP—to validate the users' identity.

質問 # 53

A network admin is trying to setup Pure1 access and phone home logging on the array.

What port should the admin ensure is opened for the array?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2

正解: A

解説:

Pure1 and Phone Home: Pure1 is a cloud-based management and monitoring platform. For the FlashArray to communicate its health data, performance metrics, and alerts to Pure Storage, it must be able to "Phone Home." The Power of HTTPS: This communication is encrypted and sent via the HTTPS protocol. Consequently, the standard port for HTTPS, TCP 443, must be opened for outbound traffic on the management network.

Firewall Configuration: The array controllers initiate an outbound connection to the Pure Storage cloud (specifically to destinations like cloud-connect.purestorage.com). Because it is an outbound-initiated connection, most stateful firewalls will allow the return traffic automatically once port 443 is permitted.

Why Option A is incorrect: Port 22 (SSH) is used for secure shell access to the array's CLI. While essential for local administration, it is not used for the automated Phone Home or Pure1 telemetry data stream.

Why Option B is incorrect: Port 8117 was historically used for the "Remote Assist" tunnel in older Purity versions. However, even for Remote Assist, modern Purity versions have transitioned to using port 443 to simplify firewall rules for customers. It is not the standard port for the general Phone Home/Pure1 logging service.

Verification: An administrator can verify connectivity by running the purearray test phonehome command in the CLI. If port 443 is blocked, the test will fail with a connection timeout.

質問 # 54

Volume space has increased on a FlashArray and shared space decreased by the same amount.

What does this indicate?

- A. Volumes were deleted.
- B. Space reclamation fell behind.
- C. Hosts were removed.

正解: A

解説:

Understanding Space Reporting: To understand this behavior, you have to look at how Purity calculates capacity. Pure Storage uses a data reduction engine where data is deduplicated and compressed.

Volume Space vs. Shared Space:

Volume Space: This represents the unique data belonging to a specific volume that is not shared with any other volume via deduplication or snapshots.

Shared Space: This represents the data that is common across multiple volumes or snapshots. If you have two volumes that are clones of each other, most of that data is "Shared." The "Shift" Mechanism: When a volume is deleted (and potentially eradicated), the data it once shared with other volumes no longer needs to be "shared." Imagine Volume A and Volume B share 100GB of data. That 100GB is accounted for in Shared Space.

If you delete Volume B, that 100GB of data is now only referenced by Volume A.

Consequently, that 100GB is moved from the Shared Space bucket into Volume A's Volume Space bucket.
Net Result: The total physical space used on the array remains the same initially, but the accounting shifts. You see a decrease in Shared Space and an identical increase in the Volume Space of the remaining volumes that held those deduplication references.

質問 # 55

A storage administrator is troubleshooting multipathing issues.

What is the CLI command that allows the administrator to sample the I/O balance information at a consistent interval?

- A. purehost monitor --balance --resample 5
- B. purehost monitor --balance --interval 15 --repeat 5
- C. purehost monitor --balance --interval 15

正解: C

解説:

Command Purpose: The purehost monitor command is the primary tool in the Pure Storage CLI for observing real-time performance and connectivity health from the perspective of the hosts connected to the FlashArray.

The --balance Flag: When the --balance flag is added, the output shifts from general performance (IOPS, bandwidth, latency) to showing how I/O is distributed across the available paths (controllers and ports). This is critical for identifying "unbalanced" loads, which usually point to misconfigured MPIO (Multi-Path I/O) on the host side (e.g., a host only using one controller's ports).

Interval vs. Repeat:

The --interval flag specifies the time in seconds between each sample. In option C, --interval 15 tells the array to refresh the data every 15 seconds.

The --repeat flag (seen in option A) is used to limit the total number of samples taken before the command exits. However, in standard troubleshooting, the administrator typically wants a consistent stream of data until manually stopped (Ctrl+C).

--resample (seen in option B) is not a valid flag for the purehost monitor command in Purity.

Best Practice: When troubleshooting multipathing, Pure Storage recommends monitoring the balance to ensure that the "Relative I/O" percentage is roughly equal across all active paths. Large discrepancies often indicate that the host's MPIO policy is set to "Failover Only" instead of the recommended "Round Robin" or "Least Queue Depth."

質問 # 56

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FlashArray-Storage-Professional認証試験: <https://www.it-passports.com/FlashArray-Storage-Professional.html>

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