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globally and is sought after by employers in various industries, including healthcare, finance, and government agencies.

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Here are the Top Tips to Pass the CompTIA SK0-005 Certification

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CompTIA Server+ Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q337-Q342):

NEW QUESTION # 337

A systems administrator recently installed a new virtual server. After completing the installation, the administrator was only able to reach a few of the servers on the network. While testing, the administrator discovered only servers that had similar IP addresses were reachable. Which of the following is the most likely cause of the issue?

- A. The subnet mask is incorrect.
- B. There is an IP address conflict.
- C. The jumbo frames are not enabled.
- D. There is an improper DNS configuration.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

A subnet mask is a number that distinguishes the network address and the host address within an IP address1.

A subnet mask allows network traffic to understand IP addresses by splitting them into the network and host addresses. If the subnet mask is incorrect, the network traffic may not be able to determine the correct destination for the packets, and only reach some of the servers that have similar IP addresses. For example, if the new virtual server has an IP address of 192.168.1.100 and a subnet mask of 255.255.0.0, it can only communicate with servers that have IP addresses in the range of 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255. To fix this issue, the systems administrator needs to check and correct the subnet mask of the new virtual server according to the network configuration.

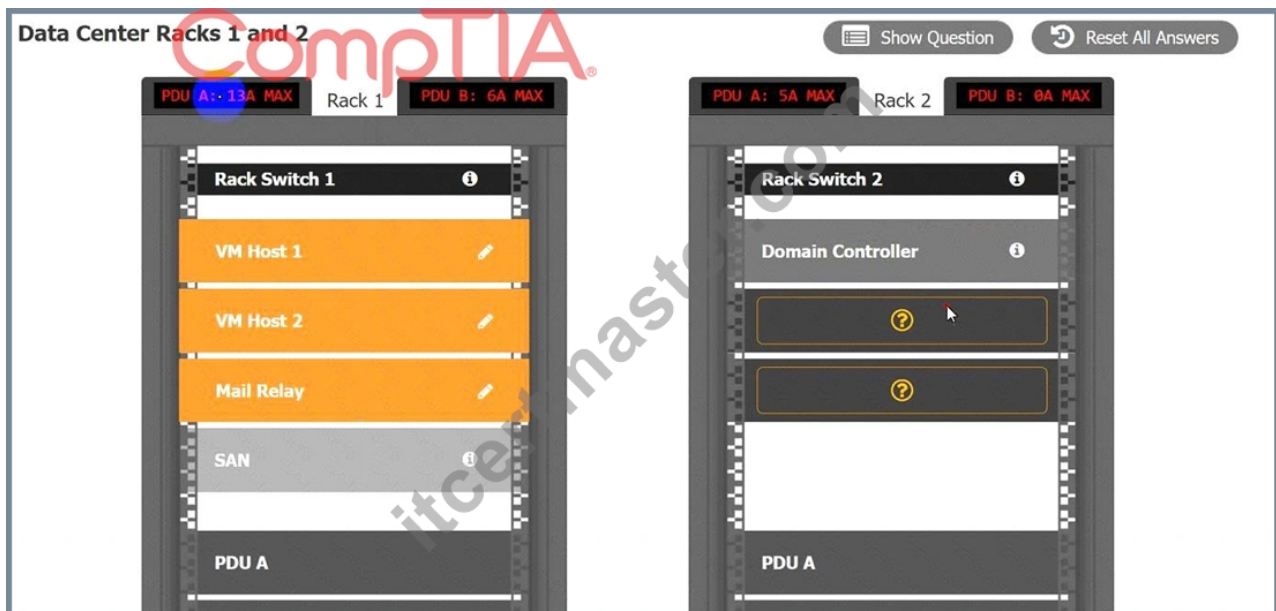
NEW QUESTION # 338

A recent power Outage caused email services to go down. A sever administrator also received alerts from the datacenter's UPS. After some investigation, the server administrator learned that each POU was rated at a maximum Of 12A.

INSTRUCTIONS

Ensure power redundancy is implemented throughout each rack and UPS alarms are resolved. Ensure the maximum potential PDU consumption does not exceed 80% or 9.6A).

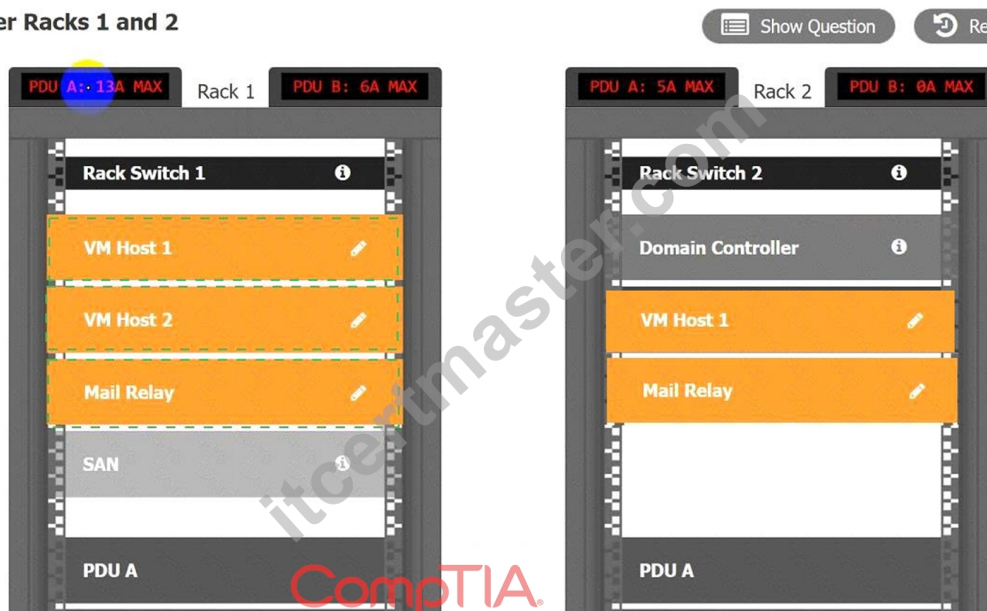
- a. PDU selections must be changed using the pencil icon.
- b. VM Hosts 1 and 2 and Mail Relay can be moved between racks.
- c. Certain devices contain additional details



Answer:

Explanation:

Data Center Racks 1 and 2



Explanation

Graphical user interface, application Description automatically generated



NEW QUESTION # 339

A technician needs to install a Type 1 hypervisor on a server. The server has SD card slots, a SAS controller, and a SATA controller, and it is attached to a NAS. On which of the following drive types should the technician install the hypervisor?

- A. SD card
- B. NAS drive
- C. SAS drive
- D. SATA drive

Answer: A

Explanation:

A SD card is a type of flash memory card that can be used to store data and run applications. A SD card can be used to install a Type 1 hypervisor on a server, as it provides fast boot time, low power consumption, and high reliability. A Type 1 hypervisor runs directly on the underlying computer's physical hardware, interacting directly with its CPU, memory, and physical storage. For this reason, Type 1 hypervisors are also referred to as bare-metal hypervisors. A Type 1 hypervisor takes the place of a host operating

system and VM resources are scheduled directly to the hardware by the hypervisor¹²³. A NAS drive (B) is a type of network-attached storage (NAS) device that provides shared access to files and data over a network. A NAS drive cannot be used to install a Type 1 hypervisor on a server, as it requires a network connection and a host operating system to function. A SATA drive is a type of hard disk drive (HDD) or solid state drive (SSD) that uses the Serial ATA (SATA) interface to connect to a computer. A SATA drive can be used to install a Type 1 hypervisor on a server, but it may have some disadvantages compared to a SD card, such as slower boot time, higher power consumption, and lower reliability. A SAS drive (D) is a type of hard disk drive (HDD) or solid state drive (SSD) that uses the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) interface to connect to a computer. A SAS drive can also be used to install a Type 1 hypervisor on a server, but it may have similar disadvantages as a SATA drive, and it may also be more expensive and less compatible than a SD card.

References: 1 <https://phoenixnap.com/kb/what-is-hypervisor-type-1-2> 2 <https://www.ibm.com/topics/hypervisors> 3 <https://www.redhat.com/en/topics/virtualization/what-is-a-hypervisor>

NEW QUESTION # 340

An administrator is configuring a host-based firewall for a server. The server needs to allow SSH, FTP, and LDAP traffic. Which of the following ports must be configured so this traffic will be allowed? (Select THREE).

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. 4
- F. 5
- G. 6
- H. 7

Answer: C,D,H

Explanation:

These are the port numbers that must be configured on a host-based firewall for a server that needs to allow SSH, FTP, and LDAP traffic. A port number is a numerical identifier that specifies a communication endpoint for a network protocol or an application. A host-based firewall is a software tool that monitors and controls incoming and outgoing network traffic on a single host based on predefined rules. SSH (Secure Shell) is a protocol that allows secure remote access and file transfer over an encrypted connection. The default port number for SSH is 22. FTP (File Transfer Protocol) is a protocol that allows transferring files between hosts over a network connection. The default port number for FTP is 21. LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol) is a protocol that allows accessing and managing directory services over a network connection. The default port number for LDAP is 389.

References:

<https://www.howtogeek.com/190014/virtualization-basics-understanding-techniques-and-fundamentals/>

<https://www.howtogeek.com/220152/what-is-the-difference-between-127.0.0.1-and-0.0.0.0/>

<https://www.howtogeek.com/428483/what-is-end-to-end-encryption-and-why-does-it-matter/>

NEW QUESTION # 341

A server technician has been asked to upload a few files from the internal web server to the internal FTP server. The technician logs in to the web server using PuTTY, but the connection to the FTP server fails. However, the FTP connection from the technician's workstation is successful. To troubleshoot the issue, the technician executes the following command on both the web server and the workstation:

```
ping ftp.acme.local
```

The IP address in the command output is different on each machine. Which of the following is the MOST likely reason for the connection failure?

- A. A misconfigured hosts.deny file
- B. A misconfigured hosts.allow file
- C. A misconfigured firewall
- D. A misconfigured hosts file

Answer: B

Explanation:

A misconfigured hosts file can cause name resolution issues on a server. A hosts file is a text file that maps hostnames to IP addresses on a local system. It can be used to override DNS settings or provide custom name resolution for testing purposes.

NEW QUESTION # 342

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