

FCSS_SOC_AN-7.4 Prüfungsressourcen: FCSS - Security Operations 7.4 Analyst & FCSS_SOC_AN-7.4 Reale Fragen

FCSS_SOC_AN-7.4 Fortinet Security Operations Analyst Certification Study Guide

Fortinet FCSS_SOC_AN-7.4 ExamDetails, Syllabus and Questions

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Fortinet FCSS_SOC_AN-7.4 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">SOC automation: This section of the exam measures the skills of target professionals in the implementation of automated processes within a SOC. It emphasizes configuring playbook triggers and tasks, which are crucial for streamlining incident response. Candidates should be able to configure and manage connectors, facilitating integration between different security tools and systems.

Thema 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOC concepts and adversary behavior: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Operations Analysts and covers fundamental concepts of Security Operations Centers and adversary behavior. It focuses on analyzing security incidents and identifying adversary behaviors. Candidates are expected to demonstrate proficiency in mapping adversary behaviors to MITRE ATT&CK tactics and techniques, which aid in understanding and categorizing cyber threats.
Thema 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Architecture and detection capabilities: This section of the exam measures the skills of SOC analysts in the designing and managing of FortiAnalyzer deployments. It emphasizes configuring and managing collectors and analyzers, which are essential for gathering and processing security data.
Thema 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOC operation: This section of the exam measures the skills of SOC professionals and covers the day-to-day activities within a Security Operations Center. It focuses on configuring and managing event handlers, a key skill for processing and responding to security alerts. Candidates are expected to demonstrate proficiency in analyzing and managing events and incidents, as well as analyzing threat-hunting information feeds.

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Fortinet FCSS - Security Operations 7.4 Analyst FCSS_SOC_AN-7.4 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q11-Q16):

11. Frage

Refer to the exhibits.

The screenshot displays the FortiAnalyzer interface. At the top, a job summary shows a failed status for a scheduled task. Below this, the 'Playbook Tasks' section lists two tasks: 'faz_attach_action_status_to_incident' (failed) and 'ems_quarantine_endpoint' (success). The raw log for the failed task shows a traceback error: 'AirflowException: Invalid params: Invalid incident ID: IN000001.' The error message indicates that the task failed to execute due to an invalid incident ID.

The Quarantine Endpoint by EMS playbook execution failed.

What can you conclude from reviewing the playbook tasks and raw logs?

- A. The endpoint is quarantined, but the action status is not attached to the incident.
- B. The admin user does not have the necessary rights to update incidents.
- C. The local connector is incorrectly configured, which is causing JSON API errors.

- D. The playbook executed in an ADOM where the incident does not exist.

Antwort: A

12. Frage

Which three end user logs does FortiAnalyzer use to identify possible IOC compromised hosts? (Choose three.)

- A. DNS filter logs
- B. Web filter logs
- C. IPS logs
- D. Email filter logs
- E. Application filter logs

Antwort: A,B,C

Begründung:

Overview of Indicators of Compromise (IoCs): Indicators of Compromise (IoCs) are pieces of evidence that suggest a system may have been compromised. These can include unusual network traffic patterns, the presence of known malicious files, or other suspicious activities.

FortiAnalyzer's Role: FortiAnalyzer aggregates logs from various Fortinet devices to provide comprehensive visibility and analysis of network events. It uses these logs to identify potential IoCs and compromised hosts.

Relevant Log Types:

DNS Filter Logs:

DNS requests are a common vector for malware communication. Analyzing DNS filter logs helps in identifying suspicious domain queries, which can indicate malware attempting to communicate with command and control (C2) servers.

Reference: Fortinet Documentation on DNS Filtering FortiOS DNS Filter IPS Logs:

Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) logs detect and block exploit attempts and malicious activities.

These logs are critical for identifying compromised hosts based on detected intrusion attempts or behaviors matching known attack patterns.

Reference: Fortinet IPS Overview FortiOS IPS

Web Filter Logs:

Web filtering logs monitor and control access to web content. These logs can reveal access to malicious websites, download of malware, or other web-based threats, indicating a compromised host.

Reference: Fortinet Web Filtering FortiOS Web Filter

Why Not Other Log Types:

Email Filter Logs:

While important for detecting phishing and email-based threats, they are not as directly indicative of compromised hosts as DNS, IPS, and Web filter logs.

Application Filter Logs:

These logs control application usage but are less likely to directly indicate compromised hosts compared to the selected logs.

Detailed Process:

- Step 1: FortiAnalyzer collects logs from FortiGate and other Fortinet devices.
- Step 2: DNS filter logs are analyzed to detect unusual or malicious domain queries.
- Step 3: IPS logs are reviewed for any intrusion attempts or suspicious activities.
- Step 4: Web filter logs are checked for access to malicious websites or downloads.
- Step 5: FortiAnalyzer correlates the information from these logs to identify potential IoCs and compromised hosts.

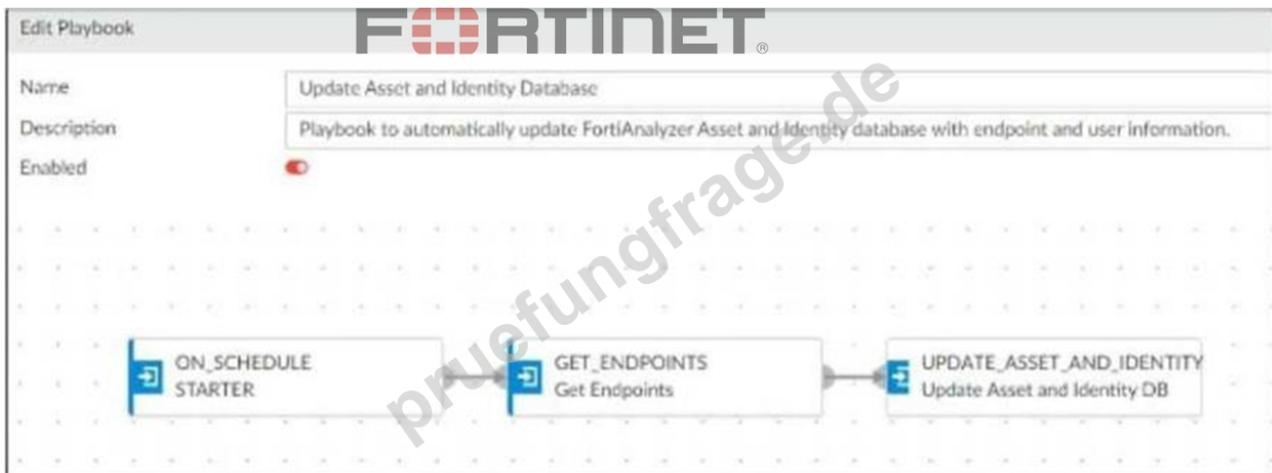
Reference: Fortinet Documentation: FortiOS DNS Filter, IPS, and Web Filter administration guides.

FortiAnalyzer Administration Guide: Details on log analysis and IoC identification.

By using DNS filter logs, IPS logs, and Web filter logs, FortiAnalyzer effectively identifies possible compromised hosts, providing critical insights for threat detection and response.

13. Frage

Refer to the exhibit.



Which two options describe how the Update Asset and Identity Database playbook is configured? (Choose two.)

- A. The playbook is using a FortiMail connector.
- **B. The playbook is using a local connector.**
- C. The playbook is using an on-demand trigger.
- **D. The playbook is using a FortiClient EMS connector.**

Antwort: B,D

Begründung:

Understanding the Playbook Configuration:

The playbook named "Update Asset and Identity Database" is designed to update the FortiAnalyzer Asset and Identity database with endpoint and user information.

The exhibit shows the playbook with three main components: ON_SCHEDULE STARTER, GET_ENDPOINTS, and UPDATE_ASSET_AND_IDENTITY. Analyzing the Components:

ON_SCHEDULE STARTER: This component indicates that the playbook is triggered on a schedule, not on-demand.

GET_ENDPOINTS: This action retrieves information about endpoints, suggesting it interacts with an endpoint management system.

UPDATE_ASSET_AND_IDENTITY: This action updates the FortiAnalyzer Asset and Identity database with the retrieved information.

Evaluating the Options:

Option A: The actions shown in the playbook are standard local actions that can be executed by the FortiAnalyzer, indicating the use of a local connector.

Option B: There is no indication that the playbook uses a FortiMail connector, as the tasks involve endpoint and identity management, not email.

Option C: The playbook is using an "ON_SCHEDULE" trigger, which contradicts the description of an on-demand trigger.

Option D: The action "GET_ENDPOINTS" suggests integration with an endpoint management system, likely FortiClient EMS, which manages endpoints and retrieves information from them. Conclusion:

The playbook is configured to use a local connector for its actions.

It interacts with FortiClient EMS to get endpoint information and update the FortiAnalyzer Asset and Identity database.

Reference: Fortinet Documentation on Playbook Actions and Connectors.

FortiAnalyzer and FortiClient EMS Integration Guides.

14. Frage

What should be prioritized when analyzing threat hunting information feeds?

(Choose Two)

- **A. Relevance to current security landscape**
- B. Frequency of advertisement insertion
- C. Entertainment value of the content
- **D. Accuracy of the information**

Antwort: A,D

15. Frage

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