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SAP C_IBP_2502 SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply Chain

**Questions & Answers PDF
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SAP C_IBP_2502 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Key Figures & Attributes: This section of the exam measures the skills of supply chain analysts and focuses on the key figures and attributes used in planning. It covers how to define and configure key figures to ensure accurate data representation and decision-making. Candidates are also tested on their ability to manage attributes that support various planning scenarios.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Demand Planning: This section measures the skills of demand planners and focuses on the core concepts of demand planning. It includes understanding forecasting techniques, demand sensing, and demand propagation. Candidates are tested on their ability to manage demand signals and align planning with business objectives.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solution Architecture & Data Integration: This exam section is aimed at solution architects who work with SAP data integration. It covers the fundamental concepts of integrating external data sources with SAP, ensuring seamless data flow between systems. Candidates need to understand how to maintain system architecture for optimized performance and reliability.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Master Data: This section is relevant to master data specialists and focuses on managing essential data for planning activities. It includes an understanding of product, location, and resource master data within SAP. Candidates will be tested on how to maintain accurate and consistent data to support planning functions.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Model Supply Processes: This section assesses the expertise of supply chain planners in designing and managing supply processes. It includes setting up sourcing, inventory management, and supply constraints. Candidates will be evaluated on their ability to model supply networks and optimize resource allocation.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User Interface: This section assesses the knowledge of business users in navigating and utilizing the SAP interface effectively. It covers how to interact with different features, customize views, and leverage UI functionalities for efficient planning and reporting. Candidates are expected to demonstrate proficiency in accessing and interpreting data within the system.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Model Sales & Operations Processes: This section targets operations managers and evaluates knowledge of sales and operations planning. It covers the alignment of supply and demand, scenario planning, and decision-making processes to optimize operational efficiency. Candidates will be assessed on their ability to configure models that support strategic business goals.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General Configuration of a Planning Area: This section is aimed at SAP solution consultants and covers the configuration of a planning area. It includes defining key planning parameters, setting up structures, and ensuring the system is configured to meet business needs. Candidates will be tested on their ability to customize planning areas for optimal performance.

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SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply Chain Sample Questions (Q33-Q38):

NEW QUESTION # 33

Which of the following key functions are supported by SAP IBP for sales and operations? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. SAP Product Lifecycle Management
- B. Simple statistical forecast
- C. Allocation planning
- D. Multi-level supply planning heuristics

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

SAP IBP for Sales and Operations Planning (S&OP) supports demand, supply, and inventory alignment. Key functions are defined by its modules.

* Option A: Allocation planning This is incorrect. Allocation planning is specific to SAP IBP for Response and Supply (order-based), not the S&OP module, which focuses on time-series planning.

* Option B: Simple statistical forecast This is correct. S&OP includes demand planning with simple statistical forecasts (e.g., moving average, exponential smoothing), a core function, per SAP IBP's demand documentation.

* Option C: Multi-level supply planning heuristics This is correct. S&OP supports multi-level supply planning via heuristics (e.g., infinite/finite) to balance supply across the network, a key feature, per SAP IBP's supply planning guides.

* Option D: SAP Product Lifecycle Management This is incorrect. SAP PLM is a separate system, not a function of SAP IBP S&OP, though IBP can integrate with lifecycle data.

Thus, B and C are supported S&OP functions, per SAP IBP's official scope.

NEW QUESTION # 34

Which unified planning processes' data is commonly reviewed in SAP IBP for sales and operations? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Inventory Plan
- B. Consensus Demand Plan
- C. Global Demand Plan
- D. Constrained Demand Plan

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

SAP IBP for Sales and Operations Planning (S&OP) unifies demand, supply, and inventory processes, with key data reviewed in the S&OP cycle, per SAP IBP's S&OP documentation.

* Option A: Global Demand Plan This is incorrect. "Global Demand Plan" is not a standard term in SAP IBP S&OP; it's typically "Consensus Demand Plan" after collaboration.

* Option B: Constrained Demand Plan This is incorrect. Constrained demand is more relevant to supply planning or response, not the unified S&OP review process.

* Option C: Inventory Plan This is correct. The Inventory Plan (e.g., safety stock, target inventory) is reviewed in S&OP to ensure alignment with demand and supply, a key unified process, per SAP IBP's documentation.

* Option D: Consensus Demand Plan This is correct. The Consensus Demand Plan, finalized after S&OP collaboration, is a central data point reviewed to balance supply and inventory, per SAP IBP's S&OP workflow.

Thus, C and D are commonly reviewed in S&OP, per SAP IBP's official processes.

NEW QUESTION # 35

You are setting up planning with lot sizes. What are some of the properties of lot sizes that you need to be aware of? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Lot sizes are time-independent master data settings
- B. Lot sizes are applicable for production and handling quantities
- C. Periodic lot size setting overrides the minimum lot size
- D. Lot sizes are applicable for production and transportation quantities

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Lot sizes in SAP IBP are critical for supply planning, defining the minimum or fixed quantities for production or transportation to optimize resource use and costs. They are typically configured as master data attributes in planning areas supporting time-series-based supply planning.

* Option A: Lot sizes are applicable for production and handling quantities This is misleading. In SAP IBP, lot sizes apply to production (e.g., Production Source of Supply) and transportation (e.g., Transportation Lane), but "handling quantities" is not a standard term in SAP IBP's supply planning context. Handling might imply warehouse operations, which are out of scope for lot size settings.

* Option B: Periodic lot size setting overrides the minimum lot size This is incorrect. SAP IBP does not define "periodic lot size" as overriding minimum lot size in its standard configuration. Minimum lot size (e.g., Minimum Production Lot Size) is a fixed constraint enforced by the supply planning heuristic or optimizer, and periodic settings (e.g., planning frequency) do not override it.

* Option C: Lot sizes are time-independent master data settings This is correct. In SAP IBP, lot sizes (e.g., Minimum Lot Size, Maximum Lot Size) are defined as attributes of master data types like Production Source of Supply or Transportation Lane. These are static, time-independent values unless explicitly modeled as time-dependent key figures, which is not the default behavior. This aligns with SAP IBP's master data framework.

* Option D: Lot sizes are applicable for production and transportation quantities This is correct.

SAP IBP's supply planning supports lot sizes for both production (e.g., via Production Source Header) and transportation (e.g., via Transportation Lane). For example, a minimum lot size ensures that production runs or shipments meet a threshold, optimizing efficiency, as per SAP IBP's supply planning documentation. Thus, C and D accurately reflect SAP IBP's lot size properties, emphasizing their role as time-independent master data affecting production and transportation.

NEW QUESTION # 36

Analytics charts are created by the user in the Advanced Analytics application. What can the user do in the Advanced Analytics app? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- **A. Apply filters on the data**
- B. Trigger export to Manage Analytics Stories
- **C. Group data**
- D. Merge charts together

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

The Advanced Analytics app in SAP IBP allows users to create and customize charts for insights, with specific interactive features.

* Option A: Trigger export to Manage Analytics Stories This is incorrect. Charts are exported from Manage Analytics Stories, not Advanced Analytics directly; the flow is reversed.

* Option B: Merge charts together This is incorrect. Merging charts isn't a feature in Advanced Analytics; it supports individual chart creation.

* Option C: Apply filters on the data This is correct. Users can apply filters (e.g., by Product, Time) to refine chart data, a core feature, per SAP IBP's analytics documentation.

* Option D: Group data This is correct. Grouping (e.g., by Region) aggregates data in charts, a standard capability, per SAP IBP's Advanced Analytics guides.

Thus, C and D are actions in Advanced Analytics, per SAP IBP's official functionality.

NEW QUESTION # 37

What are some of the available ABC segmentation methods in SAP IBP? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. By Pareto Principle (Sorted and Calculated Values)
- **B. By Pareto Principle (Sorted and Cumulated %)**
- C. By Number of Items (Sorted Average)
- **D. By Number of Items (Sorted Value)**

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

ABC segmentation in SAP IBP classifies items (e.g., products) based on value or volume, using methods in the ABC/XYZ Segmentation app, per SAP IBP's demand planning documentation.

* Option A: By Number of Items (Sorted Average) This is incorrect. "Sorted Average" is not a standard ABC method; it's not defined in SAP IBP's segmentation options.

* Option B: By Pareto Principle (Sorted and Cumulated %) This is correct. The Pareto Principle (80/20 rule) sorts items by value (e.g., revenue) and cumulates percentages (e.g., top 20% = A), a standard method, per SAP IBP's documentation.

* Option C: By Number of Items (Sorted Value) This is correct. Sorting by value (e.g., total sales) and assigning classes (A, B, C) based on item count thresholds is a supported ABC method, per SAP IBP's segmentation features.

* Option D: By Pareto Principle (Sorted and Calculated Values) This is incorrect. "Calculated Values" is vague and not a distinct method; B covers the Pareto approach accurately.

Thus, B and C are available ABC methods, per SAP IBP's official segmentation capabilities.

NEW QUESTION # 38

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