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## Netskope NSK300 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Cloud Security Solutions: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Security Analysts and covers the core components and functions of the Netskope Security Cloud Platform. It includes understanding how the platform integrates with enterprise environments, the deployment methods supported by Netskope, and the role of various microservices in delivering cloud-based security. The focus is on ensuring candidates can recognize how Netskope's architecture protects users, applications, and data across cloud services.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Netskope Platform Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Support Engineers and focuses on identifying and resolving common issues within the Netskope platform. It includes troubleshooting client connectivity problems, analyzing steering methods, resolving general connectivity concerns, and addressing SAML integration issues. The section ensures candidates can diagnose and fix issues that impact platform performance and user access.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Netskope Platform Implementation: This section of the exam measures the abilities of Cloud Security Engineers and focuses on implementing the Netskope Security Cloud Platform using recommended steering architectures and deployment approaches. It includes key concepts such as API-enabled protection and real-time protection features, ensuring candidates understand how to deploy Netskope to secure cloud usage effectively within enterprise networks.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Netskope Platform Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Administrators and covers essential administrative tasks required to manage the Netskope Security Cloud Platform. It includes managing DLP functions, handling identity integrations, and monitoring Netskope components to maintain platform stability. The domain ensures professionals can manage daily operations and maintain strong access, data, and security controls.</li></ul>

Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Netskope Platform Monitoring: This section of the exam measures the capabilities of Security Operations Center (SOC) Analysts and focuses on monitoring the platform through reporting and analytics tools. It highlights how Netskope insights support visibility into user activity, cloud app behavior, and policy effectiveness to help organizations maintain a continuous cloud security posture.</li> </ul>
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## Netskope Certified Cloud Security Architect Sample Questions (Q41-Q46):

### NEW QUESTION # 41

You are troubleshooting an issue with users who are unable to reach a financial SaaS application when their traffic passes through Netskope. You determine that this is because of IP restrictions in place with the SaaS vendor. You are unable to add Netskope's IP ranges at this time, but need to allow the traffic.

How would you allow this traffic?

- A. Use NPA to implement Source IP anchoring so the traffic will egress from the corporate data center.
- B. Use an IPsec tunnel to forward traffic so it will egress from the corporate data center
- C. Use Explicit Proxy Over Tunnel (EPoT) so the traffic will egress from the corporate data center.
- **D. Use Cloud Explicit Proxy so the traffic will egress from the corporate data center**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

To allow traffic to a financial SaaS application that is being blocked due to IP restrictions, the best option is to use Cloud Explicit Proxy. This method allows traffic to egress from the corporate data center without requiring Netskope's IP ranges to be added to the SaaS vendor's allowlist. By configuring an allowlist in the Cloud Explicit Proxy settings, you can add any source egress IP addresses for your on-premises users, and Netskope will allow the traffic from the added user and IP address without authenticating.

### NEW QUESTION # 42

You are the network architect for a company using Netskope Private Access. Multiple users are reporting that they are unable to access an application using Netskope Private Access that was working previously. You have verified that the Real-time Protection policy allows access to the application, private applications are steered for the users, and the application is reachable from internal machines. You must verify that the application is reachable through Netskope Publisher. In this scenario, which two tools in the Netskope UI would you use to accomplish this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Applications in Skope IT
- B. Clear Private App Auth under Users in Skope IT
- **C. Reachability Via Publisher in the App Definitions page**
- **D. Troubleshooter tool in the App Definitions page**

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

In the scenario where users are unable to access an application through Netskope Private Access, and after verifying that the Real-time Protection policy allows access, the application is steered for the users, and it is reachable from internal machines, the next step is to verify the application's reachability through the Netskope Publisher. The two tools in the Netskope UI that would be used to accomplish this task are:

A . Reachability Via Publisher in the App Definitions page - This tool allows you to check if the application is reachable through the

configured Publishers. It is essential to ensure that the application's connectivity is intact and that there are no issues with the Publishers themselves.

B. Troubleshooter tool in the App Definitions page - The Troubleshooter tool can help diagnose and resolve issues related to application reachability. It provides insights into potential problems and offers guidance on how to fix them.

These tools are designed to assist in troubleshooting and ensuring that applications are accessible through Netskope Private Access.

#### NEW QUESTION # 43

You need to monitor the health of configured IPsec or GRE tunnels.

In this scenario, which two methods are supported by Netskope to accomplish this task? (Choose two.)

- A. Use Dead Peer Detection.
- B. Use ICMP keepalive probing.
- C. Use Netskope Trust Portal.
- D. Use Layer 4 health checks.

**Answer: A,D**

#### NEW QUESTION # 44

Users at your company's branch office in San Francisco report that their clients are connecting, but websites and SaaS applications are slow. When troubleshooting, you notice that the users are connected to a Netskope data plane in New York where your company's headquarters is located.

What is a valid reason for this behavior?

- A. The Netskope Client's on-premises detection check failed.
- B. The Netskope Client's default DNS over HTTPS call is failing.
- C. The Netskope Client's DNS call to Secure Forwarder is failing.
- D. The closest Netskope data plane to San Francisco is unavailable.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

The reported issue of slow website and SaaS application access for users in the San Francisco branch office, despite being connected to a Netskope data plane in New York, can be attributed to the geographical distance between the user location and the data plane. The Netskope Security Cloud operates through a distributed network of data planes strategically placed in various regions. When users connect to a data plane that is geographically distant, it can result in latency due to longer network traversal times. In this case, the closest Netskope data plane to San Francisco might be unavailable or experiencing high load, leading to performance issues. To address this, consider optimizing data plane selection based on proximity to the user location or investigating any data plane availability or performance issues.

Reference:

Netskope Cloud Security

Netskope Resources

Netskope Documentation

#### NEW QUESTION # 45

You are deploying the Netskope Client to Windows devices. The following command line would be used to install the client MSI file:

```
msiexec /I NSClient.msi token=<token> host=<host> [mode=peruserconfig] installmode=IDF [userconfiglocation=<path>]] fail-close=[no-nsa|all] [autoupdate=on|off]
```

In this scenario, what is <token> referring to in the command line?

- A. the Netskope organization ID
- B. a private token given to you by the SCCM administrator
- C. a Netskope user identifier
- D. the URL of the IdP used to authenticate the users

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

