

CPC - Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam–High Pass-Rate Valid Test Vce



P.S. Free & New CPC dumps are available on Google Drive shared by PassReview: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1al_3IH1nqFPFm_9rvHINpxRKLhiPGIRB

Everybody hopes he or she is a successful man or woman no matter in his or her social life or in his or her career. Thus owning an authorized and significant CPC certificate is very important for them because it proves that he or she boosts practical abilities and profound knowledge in some certain area. Passing CPC Certification can help they be successful and if you are one of them please buy our CPC guide torrent because they can help you pass the CPC exam easily and successfully.

You can use this CPC practice exam software to test and enhance your Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam (CPC) exam preparation. Your practice will be made easier by having the option to customize the CPC Exam Dumps. The fact that it runs without an active internet connection is an incredible comfort for users who don't have access to the internet all the time.

>> CPC Valid Test Vce <<

2026 Newest CPC: Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam Valid Test Vce

As candidates who will attend the exam, some may be anxious about the coming exam, maybe both in the CPC practice material and the mental state. We will provide you the CPC practice material with high quality as well as the comfort in your mental. The CPC Exam Dumps have the knowledge for the exam, and the stimulated CPC soft test engine will be of great benefit to you through making you know the exam procedures.

AAPC CPC Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pathology & Laboratory: This section of the exam measures the skills of medical coders and includes lab tests, specimen analysis, and pathological examination procedures. It ensures that coders understand how to apply codes for chemistry panels, cultures, and histopathological diagnostics.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urinary System and Male Genital System: This section of the exam measures the skills of medical coders and assesses understanding of procedures on kidneys, bladder, ureters, prostate, and male reproductive organs. Proper use of CPT codes for surgical and diagnostic interventions is tested.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Special Senses (Ocular and Auditory): This section of the exam measures the skills of coding specialists and covers the coding of procedures related to the eyes and ears. Topics include surgeries on the cornea, retina, and middle • inner ear, as well as related diagnostic procedures.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Endocrine System and Nervous System: This section of the exam measures the skills of medical coders and assesses the ability to assign codes for surgeries involving glands, the brain, spinal cord, and peripheral nerves. Procedures like resections and electrical stimulation are part of the evaluated content.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Radiology: This section of the exam measures the skills of coding specialists and focuses on diagnostic imaging procedures including X-rays, CT scans, MRIs, ultrasounds, and nuclear medicine. It emphasizes proper selection of codes based on anatomical site and modality used.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review of Anatomy: This section of the exam measures the skills of coding specialists and covers a high-level understanding of human anatomy. It includes organs, systems, directional terminology, and anatomical locations, enabling coders to link procedures and diagnoses to the correct bodily structures with accuracy and consistency.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cardiovascular System: This section of the exam measures the skills of coding specialists and addresses services related to the heart, arteries, and veins. It involves the coding of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, including catheterizations, bypasses, and repairs.:
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applying the ICD-10-CM Guidelines: This section of the exam measures the skills of coding specialists and covers how to apply official ICD-10-CM guidelines to real-world coding scenarios. It emphasizes the hierarchy of instructional notes, general and chapter-specific rules, and how to make judgment calls within compliant coding frameworks.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accurate ICD-10-CM Coding: This section of the exam measures the skills of medical coders and focuses on the precise assignment of diagnosis codes using the ICD-10-CM system. The goal is to ensure accurate representation of patient conditions, proper sequencing, and a clear linkage between diagnoses and services.
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integumentary System: This section of the exam measures the skills of medical coders and covers procedures related to the skin and related structures. Topics include excisions, biopsies, repairs, and destruction services, focusing on accurate code selection and modifier usage for integumentary interventions.
Topic 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overview of ICD-10-CM: This section of the exam measures the skills of medical coders and introduces the structure, format, and usage of the ICD-10-CM coding system. It reviews the purpose of ICD-10-CM in diagnosis reporting and prepares candidates to interpret chapters, code ranges, and conventions embedded in the system.
Topic 12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluation & Management Services: This section of the exam measures the skills of coding specialists and covers office visits, hospital care, consultations, and other E • M services. It tests the understanding of time-based coding, medical decision-making, and history • exam components per current CMS guidelines.
Topic 13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Digestive System: This section of the exam measures the skills of coding specialists and evaluates the coding of surgeries and procedures involving the oral cavity, pharynx, esophagus, stomach, intestines, liver, pancreas, and related organs. Understanding endoscopic procedures is particularly critical here.
Topic 14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anesthesia: This section of the exam measures the skills of medical coders and involves coding anesthesia services based on surgical site, complexity, and time. It tests the understanding of anesthesia modifiers and the importance of linking anesthesia codes with the correct primary procedures.

AAPC Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam Sample Questions (Q184-Q189):

NEW QUESTION # 184

Preoperative diagnosis: Right thigh benign congenital hairy nevus. *1

Postoperative diagnosis: Right thigh benign congenital hairy 0 nevus.

Operation performed: Excision of right thigh benign congenital >1 nevus, excision size with margins 4.5 cm and closure size 5 cm.

Anesthesia: General.0

Intraoperative antibiotics: Ancef.0

Indications: The patient is a 5-year-old girl who presented with her parents for evaluation of her right thigh congenital nevus. It has been followed by pediatrics and thought to have changed over the past year. Family requested excision. They understood the risks involved, which included but were not limited to risks of general anesthesia, infection, bleeding, wound dehiscence, and poor scar formation. They understood the scar would likely widen as the child grows because of the location of it and because of the age of the patient. They consented to proceed.

Description of procedure: The patient was seen preoperatively in > I the holding area, identified, and then brought to the operating room. Once adequate general anesthesia had been induced, the patient's right thigh was prepped and draped in standard surgical fashion. An elliptical excision measuring 6 x 1.8 cm had been marked. This was injected with Lidocaine with epinephrine, total of 6 cc of 1% with 1:100,000. After an adequate amount of time, a #15 blade was used to sharply excise this full thickness.

This was passed to pathology for review. The wound required # limited undermining in the deep subcutaneous plane on both sides for approximately 1.5 cm in order to allow mobilization of the skin for closure. The skin was then closed in a layered fashion using 3-0 Vicryl on the dermis and then 4-0 Monocryl running subcuticular in the skin, the wound was cleaned and dressed with Dermabond and Steri-Strips.

The patient was then cleaned and turned over to anesthesia for S extubation.

She was extubated successfully in the operating room and taken S to the recovery room in stable condition.

There were no complications.

What CPT coding is reported?

- A. 12032, 11606-51
- B. 12032, 11406-51
- C. 12002, 11406-51
- D. 12002, 11606-51

Answer: B

Explanation:

The lesion is a benign congenital hairy nevus # benign lesion excision codes (11400-11446) Location: thigh (trunk/arms/legs) Excision size with margins = 4.5 cm # 11406 (4.1-5.0 cm) Closure length = 5 cm, layered closure with limited undermining # intermediate repair

12032 = Intermediate repair, trunk/extremities, 2.6-7.5 cm

Modifier -51 applies to the secondary procedure

NEW QUESTION # 185

Preoperative diagnosis: Right thigh benign congenital hairy nevus. *1

Postoperative diagnosis: Right thigh benign congenital hairy 0 nevus.

Operation performed: Excision of right thigh benign congenital >1 nevus, excision size with margins 4.5 cm and closure size 5 cm.

Anesthesia: General.0

Intraoperative antibiotics: Ancef.0

Indications: The patient is a 5-year-old girl who presented with her parents for evaluation of her right thigh congenital nevus. It has been followed by pediatrics and thought to have changed over the past year. Family requested excision. They understood the risks involved, which included but were not limited to risks of general anesthesia, infection, bleeding, wound dehiscence, and poor scar formation. They understood the scar would likely widen as the child grows because of the location of it and because of the age of the patient. They consented to proceed.

Description of procedure: The patient was seen preoperatively in > I the holding area, identified, and then brought to the operating room. Once adequate general anesthesia had been induced, the patient's right thigh was prepped and draped in standard surgical fashion. An elliptical excision measuring 6 x 1.8 cm had been marked. This was injected with Lidocaine with epinephrine, total of 6 cc of 1% with 1:100,000. After an adequate amount of time, a #15 blade was used to sharply excise this full thickness.

This was passed to pathology for review. The wound required limited undermining in the deep subcutaneous plane on both sides for

approximately 1.5 cm in order to allow mobilization of the skin for closure. The skin was then closed in a layered fashion using 3-0 Vicryl on the dermis and then 4-0 Monocryl running subcuticular in the skin, the wound was cleaned and dressed with Dermabond and Steri-Strips.

The patient was then cleaned and turned over to anesthesia for S extubation.

She was extubated successfully in the operating room and taken S to the recovery room in stable condition. There were no complications.

What CPT and ICD-10-CM code is reported?

- A. 99205, R21
- **B. 99242, L93.1, R21**
- C. 99203, L93.1, R21
- D. 99243, L93.1

Answer: B

Explanation:

99242 = Outpatient consultation, moderate complexity

L93.1 = Subacute cutaneous lupus erythematosus

R21 = Rash (allowed as secondary symptom)

NEW QUESTION # 186

Which one of the following is correct to report an intermediate repair code (12031-12037)?

- **A. A right leg laceration that involves extensive cleaning with removal of debris and is closed in a single layer with sutures.**
- B. A scalp laceration that involves extensive undermining and is closed in a single layer with staples.
- C. A chest laceration that involves the epidermis skin layer and is repaired with adhesive strips and medical glue.
- D. A traumatic laceration involving the upper left arm that requires deep layered closure with debridement of wound edges.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Intermediate repair includes single-layer closure with extensive cleaning, debridement, or removal of debris, or layered closure of one or more deeper layers.

Option B meets the definition due to extensive cleaning and debris removal.

Option C would be a complex repair.

Option D is a simple repair.

Extensive undermining alone does not define intermediate repair.

NEW QUESTION # 187

According to the Repair (Closure) CPT guidelines, what type of repair is reported when a single layer closure includes copious irrigation and extensive cleaning to remove particulate matter?

- A. Simple repair
- **B. Intermediate repair**
- C. Simple repair plus a code for irrigation
- D. Complex repair

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 188

A patient presents to the urgent care facility with multiple burns acquired while burning debris in his backyard. After examination the physician determines the patient has third-degree burns of the left and right posterior thighs (10%). He also has second-degree burns of the anterior portion of the right side of his chest wall (8%) and upper back (6%). TBSA is 24% with third-degree burns totaling 10%.

What ICD-10-CM codes are reported, according to ICD-10-CM coding guidelines?

- A. T21.21XA, T21.23XA, T24.311A, T24.312A, T31.21
- **B. T24.311A, T24.312A, T21.21XA, T21.23XA, T31.21**

- C. T24.311A, T24.312A, T21.21XA, T21.23XA, T31.31
- D. T24.711A, T24.712A, T21.61XA, T31.63XA, T32.21

Answer: B

Explanation:

In coding burns, ICD-10-CM guidelines indicate that each burn site is coded separately, specifying the degree, location, and extent of the burn. Additionally, a code for total body surface area (TBSA) burned is included when burns cover more than 10% of the body. Here's the breakdown:

1. T24.311A: Represents a third-degree burn on the left thigh, initial encounter.
2. T24.312A: Represents a third-degree burn on the right thigh, initial encounter.
3. T21.21XA: Represents a second-degree burn on the anterior chest wall, initial encounter.
4. T21.23XA: Represents a second-degree burn on the upper back, initial encounter.
5. T31.21: Represents burns with 20-29% TBSA involvement, with third-degree burns covering 10-19% of the TBSA.

Explanation of incorrect answers:

A includes an incorrect TBSA code (T31.21).

B has the correct codes but lists an incorrect TBSA code for third-degree burns.

C uses incorrect burn site codes for the areas involved and incorrect TBSA percentages.

Therefore, the correct answer is D. T24.311A, T24.312A, T21.21XA, T21.23XA, T31.21, which accurately captures the burns' degrees, locations, and TBSA.

NEW QUESTION # 189

.....

One of the significant advantages of our CPC exam material is that you can spend less time to pass the exam. People are engaged in modern society. So our goal is to achieve the best learning effect in the shortest time. So our CPC test prep will not occupy too much time. You might think that it is impossible to memorize well all knowledge. We can tell you that our CPC Test Prep concentrate on systematic study, which means all your study is logic. Why not give us a chance to prove? Our CPC guide question dumps will never let you down.

CPC Current Exam Content: https://www.passreview.com/CPC_exam-braindumps.html

- Exam CPC Guide Test CPC Centres CPC Detailed Answers Search for ➡ CPC and obtain a free download on “www.examdiscuss.com” CPC Study Dumps
- Training CPC Tools CPC Test Engine Version Exam Sample CPC Questions Open www.pdfvce.com enter 「 CPC 」 and obtain a free download CPC Certification Test Questions
- Free PDF Quiz CPC - Efficient Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam Valid Test Vce Search for (CPC) and download exam materials for free through [www.easy4engine.com] Exam CPC Guide
- Pass Guaranteed Perfect AAPC - CPC - Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam Valid Test Vce Search for 《 CPC 》 and download it for free on www.pdfvce.com website CPC Real Questions
- Free PDF Quiz CPC - Efficient Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam Valid Test Vce Simply search for ➡ CPC for free download on { www.pass4test.com } CPC Test Engine Version
- Pass Guaranteed Perfect AAPC - CPC - Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam Valid Test Vce Search for “ CPC ” and download it for free on www.pdfvce.com website Exam CPC Guide
- CPC Real Questions CPC Test Engine Version Valid CPC Exam Questions Copy URL { www.pass4test.com } open and search for CPC to download for free CPC Certification Test Questions
- CPC Valid Test Vce – Reliable Current Exam Content Providers for AAPC CPC: Certified Professional Coder (CPC) Exam Simply search for 「 CPC 」 for free download on ▶ www.pdfvce.com ◀ Reliable CPC Test Cost
- Exam CPC Guide Valid CPC Exam Questions Reliable CPC Test Experience The page for free download of ⇒ CPC ⇐ on ➡ www.troytecdumps.com will open immediately Exam Sample CPC Questions
- CPC Study Dumps New CPC Exam Discount Exam CPC Guide Download ✓ CPC ✓ for free by simply entering ➡ www.pdfvce.com website CPC Detailed Answers
- CPC Test Engine Version CPC Certification Test Questions Test CPC Centres Search for ☀ CPC ☀ and easily obtain a free download on ⇒ www.troytecdumps.com ⇐ Best CPC Practice
- kalerbxn991915.buyoutblog.com, zoyajzhf872173.bloggerchest.com, jasononly732928.blogozz.com, webnowmedia.com, addurl-directory.com, eternalbookmarks.com, lucvczg027898.plpwiki.com, haseebkubh016252.webbuzzfeed.com, opensocialfactory.com, flynglov150714.buyoutblog.com, Disposable vapes

DOWNLOAD the newest PassReview CPC PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1al_3IH1nqFPFm_9rvHINpxRKLhiPGIRB

