

# 2026 Perfect 2V0-17.25: VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Administrator New Braindumps Book



BTW, DOWNLOAD part of Prep4SureReview 2V0-17.25 dumps from Cloud Storage: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=122oJagRNHJfaUU8PP-CLNJpg2kqwWN91>

Passing the 2V0-17.25 certification can prove that you boost both the practical abilities and the knowledge and if you buy our 2V0-17.25 latest question you will pass the exam smoothly. Our 2V0-17.25 exam torrent is compiled elaborately and we provide free download and tryout before your purchase. We provide free update and the old client can enjoy the discount. We protect the client's privacy and the purchase procedure on our website is safe and our 2V0-17.25 Guide questions boost no virus. We provide 24 hours online customer service and if you couldn't pass the exam we will refund you in full immediately.

## VMware 2V0-17.25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Plan and Design the VMware by Broadcom Solution: This section of the exam measures the skills of Solution Designers and emphasizes the ability to plan and design VMware by Broadcom solutions. Although no testable objectives are defined here, it reinforces the importance of architectural planning and design considerations for large-scale cloud deployments.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Deploy, Configure, and Operate VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF): This section of the exam measures the skills of VCF Administrators and goes in-depth into deploying, configuring, and managing VMware Cloud Foundation. The deployment portion covers identifying deployment models, configuring private cloud environments, and setting up workload domains and networking. The management objectives focus on lifecycle operations such as fleet management, identity and role-based access, licensing, certificate handling, and importing existing vCenters. Operations are assessed through capabilities like monitoring health, logs, networks, and storage, along with creating dashboards, configuring alerts, and ensuring compliance. The automation portion evaluates skills in using VCF Automation for multi-tenancy, provider networking, content libraries, governance policies, and extensibility to automate business processes. It also includes knowledge of deploying Supervisor-based services within Cloud Foundation.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>IT Architectures, Technologies, Standards: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Architects and focuses on understanding the broader context of IT architectures, common technologies, and industry standards. While it does not have testable objectives, it sets the foundation for how VMware Cloud Foundation aligns with enterprise cloud strategies.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>VMware Cloud Foundation Fundamentals: This section of the exam measures the skills of Private Cloud Engineers and covers the basic building blocks of VMware Cloud Foundation. It includes the vision and use cases for private cloud, along with the value it provides to businesses. Candidates are expected to understand compute fundamentals such as deploying and managing vCenter, ESXi, clusters, and virtual machines. Storage fundamentals include configuring vSphere storage, setting up vSAN clusters, applying storage policies, and understanding resilience options. Networking fundamentals are also assessed, with a focus on configuring connectivity, fabrics, routing, and network services in a VMware environment.</li></ul>

## Reliable 2V0-17.25 Test Tips & Certification 2V0-17.25 Dump

Budget-friendly 2V0-17.25 study guides have been created by Prep4SureReview because the registration price for the VMware 2V0-17.25 exam is already high. You won't ever need to look up information in various books because our VMware 2V0-17.25 Real Questions are created with that in mind. We provide 365 days free upgrades.

### VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Administrator Sample Questions (Q62-Q67):

#### NEW QUESTION # 62

An administrator has been tasked with showing the average health of all virtual machines (VMs) in a VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) fleet.

The following information has been provided:

- All clusters are connected to the same VCF Operations instance.
- The Virtual Machines in scope are located across different clusters in the same VCF instance.

What should the administrator create to meet the stated objective?

- A. An alert
- B. A dashboard
- C. A symptom
- D. A super metric

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Metrics and Super Metrics explains that super metrics are used when administrators need to aggregate or compute new values from existing metrics. Super metrics can be applied across multiple objects, such as aggregating the health score of all VMs in a fleet. A super metric is a user-defined formula that calculates a value derived from one or more existing metrics. Super metrics can be applied across objects to provide aggregate insights such as averages or totals.

#### NEW QUESTION # 63

An administrator has been tasked with configuring Single Sign-On (SSO) to a VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) instance to provide Role-Based Access Control for a team of cloud administrators.

Once the initial configuration of VCF SSO has been completed, which three components must the administrator assign service roles in order to allow elevated access to the VCF management components? (Choose three.)

- A. VMware vCenter
- B. VMware vSAN
- C. VCG Installer
- D. VCF Operations
- E. VMware ESX
- F. VMware NSX Manager

**Answer: A,D,F**

Explanation:

After VCF Single Sign-On is configured, elevated administrative access is granted by assigning service roles on the core

management components that enforce RBAC. VMware NSX Manager requires role assignments to manage networking and security services, VMware vCenter requires role assignments for compute and cluster administration, and VCF Operations requires service roles to access and manage monitoring, analytics, and lifecycle-related operational capabilities across the VCF instance.

#### NEW QUESTION # 64

Which two resources can be configured in a VM Class in VMware vSphere with vSphere Supervisor? (Choose two.)

- **A. Memory**
- B. Network interface
- C. PCI devices
- **D. CPU**
- E. Storage

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

A VM Class predefines hardware for Supervisor-managed VMs: "The VM class... defines such parameters as the number of virtual CPUs, memory capacity, and reservation settings." Administration steps show these are configurable: "You can configure hardware resources such as CPU, memory, and different devices" when editing a VM class. Additionally, the DCLI/API specification underscores CPU and Memory fields: "--cpu-count ... Required." and "--memory- mb ... Required." for a VM class. While network adapters, PCI devices, and instance storage can also be added via advanced config, the question asks for two; CPU and Memory are canonical, always-present VM Class resources per the core definition above.

#### NEW QUESTION # 65

Which statement correctly describes cluster API?

- **A. It is a specialized toolset to bring declarative cluster creation, configuration, and management in the Kubernetes ecosystem.**
- B. It is a native Kubernetes certificate management controller that adds certificates and certificate issuers as resource types in Kubernetes clusters.
- C. It is responsible for scanning language-specific packages in container images, such as Java, Python, Go, and others.
- D. It enables pod networking and enforces network Kubernetes policies.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Cluster API is a Kubernetes subproject that provides a declarative, Kubernetes-native framework for creating, configuring, upgrading, and managing the lifecycle of Kubernetes clusters using custom resources and controllers.

#### NEW QUESTION # 66

An administrator is tasked with creating a new VLAN-backed segment in a VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) environment to provide connectivity for a group of Virtual Machines (VMs).

Which two actions must the administrator take when creating a VLAN-backed segment in NSX Networking? (Choose two.)

- **A. Specify VLAN transport zone.**
- B. Define the default gateway IP address.
- C. Bind to segment profiles.
- **D. Specify VLAN ID.**
- E. Connect segment to Tier-1 gateway.

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

To create a VLAN segment in NSX, you must create it in a VLAN transport zone and provide a VLAN ID. The NSX documentation states you "set up VLAN transport zones to... connect VLAN segments," and when creating a VLAN-backed segment you select the VLAN transport zone. The segment creation flow shows "Segment Type: VLAN" with required "VLAN ID" entry and transport zone selection; gateways are not required to merely create a L2 segment. Default gateway IP and Tier-1 attachment are applicable for routed (overlay/T1) use cases, not mandatory for a basic VLAN L2 network; segment profiles can be applied but are not required to create the segment.

• • • • •

**Reliable 2V0-17.25 Test Tips:** <https://www.prep4surereview.com/2V0-17.25-latest-braindumps.html>

- 2026 Latest Prep4SureReview 2V0-17.25 PDF Dumps and 2V0-17.25 Exam Engine Free Share: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=122oJagRNHJfaUU8PP-CLNJpg2kqwWN91>