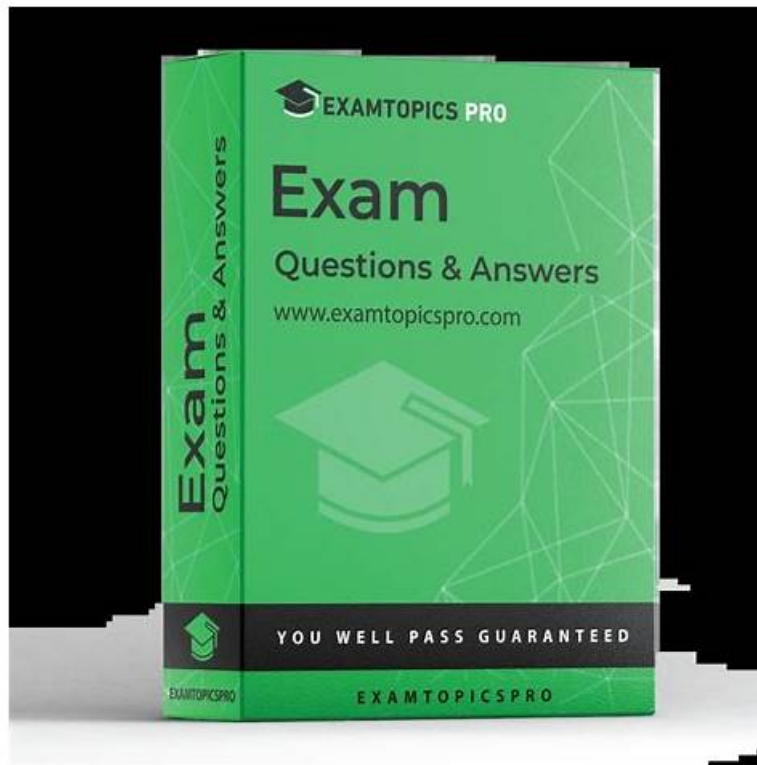


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HPE7-A02 exam is intended for network professionals who work with Aruba wireless and wired network solutions, and who are responsible for designing, implementing, and managing secure network infrastructures. Candidates for HPE7-A02 Exam should have a strong grasp of network security fundamentals and should be familiar with Aruba's line of network security products, including ClearPass, Mobility Controllers, and AirWave.

HP Aruba Certified Network Security Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34

Refer to the exhibit:

The exhibit shows the TACACS+ enforcement profile that HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Policy Manager (CPPM) assigns to a manager. When this manager logs into an AOS-CX switch, what does the switch do?

- A. Assigns the manager auditor-level privileges
- B. Assigns the manager administrator-level privileges
- C. Rejects the manager with an error message
- **D. Assigns the manager operator-level privileges**

Answer: D

Explanation:

* TACACS+ Enforcement Profile:

* The profile specifies a Service Attribute under Aruba:Common with:

* Name: Aruba-Admin-Role

* Value: operators

* AOS-CX Role Mapping:

* On Aruba AOS-CX switches, the Aruba-Admin-Role attribute maps the authenticated user to predefined roles:

* operators: Operator-level privileges (read-only access, limited commands).

* administrators: Full administrator privileges.

* Other roles like auditors may exist based on configuration.

* Analysis:

* The value operators explicitly maps the user to operator-level privileges, granting read-only access to the AOS-CX switch.

* Since the Aruba-Admin-Role is correctly set and recognized, the switch assigns the appropriate role without errors.

* Option Breakdown:

* Option A: Correct. The switch assigns operator-level privileges based on the Aruba-Admin-Role value.

* Option B: Incorrect. Administrator-level privileges require the role value to be administrators.

* Option C: Incorrect. The manager is successfully authenticated and authorized; there is no error.

* Option D: Incorrect. There is no reference to an auditor role in the configuration shown.

Conclusion:

The operators value in the TACACS+ enforcement profile ensures that the manager is assigned operator-level privileges on the AOS-CX switch.

NEW QUESTION # 35

You have installed an HPE Aruba Networking Network Analytic Engine (NAE) script on an AOS-CX switch to monitor a particular function.

Which additional step must you complete to start the monitoring?

- A. Enable NAE, which is disabled by default.
- B. Reboot the switch.
- **C. Create an agent from the script.**
- D. Edit the script to define monitor parameters.

Answer: C

Explanation:

After installing an HPE Aruba Networking Network Analytic Engine (NAE) script on an AOS-CX switch, the additional step required to start the monitoring is to create an agent from the script. The agent is responsible for executing the script and collecting the monitoring data as defined by the script parameters.

1.Script Installation: Installing the script provides the logic and parameters for monitoring.

2.Agent Creation: Creating an agent from the script activates the monitoring process, allowing the NAE to begin tracking the specified function.

3.Operational Step: This step ensures that the monitoring logic is applied and the data collection starts as per the script's configuration.

Reference: Aruba AOS-CX documentation and Network Analytics Engine guides outline the process of script installation and the necessity of creating an agent to activate monitoring.

NEW QUESTION # 36

A company is implementing a client-to-site VPN based on tunnel-mode IPsec. Which devices are responsible for the IPsec encapsulation?

- **A. The remote clients and a gateway at the main site**
- B. Gateways at the remote clients' locations and devices accessed by the clients at the main site
- C. Gateways at the remote clients' locations and a gateway at the main site
- D. The remote clients and devices accessed by the clients at the main site

Answer: A

Explanation:

In a client-to-site VPN based on tunnel-mode IPsec, the remote clients and a gateway at the main site are responsible for the IPsec encapsulation. The remote clients initiate the VPN connection and encapsulate their traffic in IPsec, which is then decapsulated by the gateway at the main site.

1. IPsec Encapsulation: The remote clients encapsulate their traffic using IPsec protocols before sending it over the internet to the main site.

2. Gateway Role: The gateway at the main site receives the encapsulated traffic, decapsulates it, and forwards it to the internal network. Similarly, traffic from the main site to the remote clients is encapsulated by the gateway and decapsulated by the clients.

3. Security: This setup ensures that data is securely transmitted between the remote clients and the main site, protecting it from eavesdropping and tampering.

NEW QUESTION # 37

You are setting up HPE Aruba Networking SSE. Which use case requires you to apply a non-default device posture in a rule?

- A. Redirecting compromised clients to a remediation server
- B. Applying threat inspection to users when they access certain websites
- C. Integrating with HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass OnGuard
- **D. Checking whether a client has antivirus software as a condition for receiving access to resources**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive Detailed Explanation

A non-default device posture is applied in scenarios where specific checks on a device's compliance or security state (posture) are required to grant or deny access. The correct answer is:

* B. Checking whether a client has antivirus software as a condition for receiving access to resources.

* This use case explicitly requires device posture assessment, which involves evaluating the device for attributes like antivirus software, patch levels, or other compliance criteria.

* Non-default device posture rules are configured to assess these conditions and enforce the appropriate policy based on the device's state.

Other Options:

* A. Applying threat inspection: Threat inspection rules operate independently of device posture and apply based on traffic content, not device compliance.

* C. Redirecting compromised clients: This action is typically triggered based on a security event or threat detection, not directly related to device posture evaluation.

* D. Integrating with ClearPass OnGuard: While OnGuard can contribute to posture assessment, it does not require a non-default device posture in the SSE rule directly.

References

* HPE Aruba SSE Posture-Based Access Control documentation.

* Aruba ClearPass and SSE Integration Deployment Guide.

NEW QUESTION # 38

A company has wired VoIP phones, which transmit tagged traffic and connect to AOS-CX switches. The company wants to tunnel the phones' traffic to an HPE Aruba Networking gateway for applying security policies.

What is part of the correct configuration on the AOS-CX switches?

- A. A VXLAN VNI mapped to the VLAN assigned to the VoIP phones
- B. VLANs assigned to the VoIP phones configured on the switch uplinks
- C. UBT mode set to VLAN extend

- D. A UBT reserved VLAN set to a VLAN dedicated for that purpose

Answer: D

Explanation:

To tunnel VoIP phone traffic from AOS-CX switches to an HPE Aruba Networking gateway, you need to configure a User-Based Tunneling (UBT) reserved VLAN on the switches. This VLAN is dedicated for tunneling purposes and ensures that the VoIP traffic is correctly identified and tunneled to the gateway where security policies can be applied.

1. UBT Configuration: Setting a UBT reserved VLAN ensures that the switch knows which VLAN to use for tunneling traffic to the gateway.

2. **Traffic Tunneling:** The reserved VLAN helps in segregating the VoIP traffic, ensuring it is handled securely and according to the configured policies at the gateway.

3. Policy Application: By tunneling the traffic, the gateway can apply advanced security policies to the VoIP traffic.

Reference: Aruba's AOS-CX and UBT configuration guides detail the steps for setting up reserved VLANs for tunneling traffic to gateways.

NEW QUESTION # 39

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