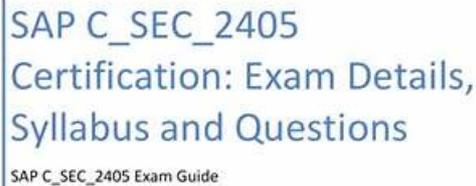


# C\_SEC\_2405 Latest Questions - Reliable C\_SEC\_2405 Learning Materials



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## SAP C\_SEC\_2405 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Authorization and Role Maintenance: This section of the exam measures the skills of SAP administrators and covers the management of user authorizations and roles within SAP systems. It emphasizes the processes involved in defining, maintaining, and approving roles to ensure secure access. A key skill assessed is managing role authorizations effectively to mitigate access risks.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• User Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of SAP Administrators and covers user administration tasks within SAP systems. It includes managing user accounts, roles, and profiles efficiently. A critical skill evaluated is maintaining accurate user records to support security and compliance efforts.</li></ul>

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Infrastructure Security and Authentication: This section of the exam measures the skills of SAP IT Professionals and covers infrastructure security measures and authentication methods used in SAP environments. It emphasizes protecting systems from unauthorized access and ensuring secure user authentication.</li> </ul>
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>> C\_SEC\_2405 Latest Questions <<

## Newest SAP C\_SEC\_2405 Latest Questions Are Leading Materials & Complete Reliable C\_SEC\_2405 Learning Materials

The team of experts hired by C\_SEC\_2405 exam torrent constantly updates and supplements the contents of our study materials according to the latest syllabus and the latest industry research results, and compiles the latest simulation exam question based on the research results of examination trends. We also have dedicated staffs to maintain updating C\_SEC\_2405 Practice Test every day, and you can be sure that compared to other test materials on the market, C\_SEC\_2405 quiz guide is the most advanced.

### SAP Certified Associate - Security Administrator Sample Questions (Q32-Q37):

#### NEW QUESTION # 32

What happens to data within SAP Enterprise Threat Detection during the aggregation process? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. It is enriched.
- B. It is categorized.
- C. It is normalized.
- D. It is prioritized.
- E. It is pseudonymized.

**Answer: A,C,E**

Explanation:

During the aggregation process in SAP Enterprise Threat Detection, data undergoes several transformations to ensure it can be effectively analyzed for threats while maintaining privacy and enhancing usability.

\* Pseudonymization (B): Sensitive data is pseudonymized to protect privacy. This ensures that personally identifiable information (PII) is masked while still being analyzable for patterns and anomalies.

\* Normalization (D): Data from various sources is normalized into a consistent format. This is critical for correlating and analyzing logs from diverse systems.

\* Enrichment (E): Additional context is added to the data to enhance its value. For example, IP addresses might be enriched with geolocation data, or event logs might be augmented with user attributes.

SAP Security References:

- \* SAP Enterprise Threat Detection Operations Guide
- \* SAP Help Portal: Security Logs in Enterprise Threat Detection
- \* SAP Technical Reference: Data Processing in SAP ETD

#### NEW QUESTION # 33

Which SAP Fiori deployment option requires the Cloud connector?

- A. SAP S/4HANA Cloud Public Edition
- B. SAP Fiori for SAP S/4HANA standalone front-end server
- C. SAP Business Technology Platform
- D. SAP S/4HANA embedded

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

\* Context: The Cloud Connector enables secure communication between on-premise SAP systems and cloud-based applications.

\* Solution Explanation:

\* SAP BTP Deployment: Requires Cloud Connector to facilitate access between cloud-hosted Fiori apps and on-premise data sources.

SAP Security References:

\* SAP Cloud Connector Guide

\* SAP Fiori Deployment Options Documentation

#### NEW QUESTION # 34

What must you do if you want to enforce an additional authorization check when a user starts an SAP transaction?

- A. Assign authorization object S\_START to the chosen transaction code with transaction SU24 and specify the Program ID and Object Type.
- B. Assign the authorization object and permissions to the chosen transaction code using transaction SE93.
- C. Assign the authorization object to be checked to the chosen transaction code with transaction SU24 and set Default Status to "Yes".
- D. Assign the authorization object to be checked to the chosen transaction code in the SAP

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION # 35

For which of the following can transformation variables be used?

- A. To save data permanently
- B. To save data temporarily
- C. To save data to the output JSON file

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Transformation variables in SAP Cloud Identity Services are used to store data temporarily during the processing of identity transformations. These variables act as placeholders and are not saved permanently in the system.

SAP Security References:

\* SAP Transformation Variable Configuration Guide

\* SAP Help Portal: Identity Transformation in Cloud Identity Services

#### NEW QUESTION # 36

You are building a PFCG role for access to an SAP Fiori app on your SAP S/4HANA on-premise system.

After you enter the catalog in the role menu, an entry for an OData service is missing and you have to add it manually to the role menu. When you maintain authorization data in the PFCG role, why does SAP recommend that you NOT maintain the SRV\_NAME field value of the S\_SERVICE authorization object manually?

- A. Because the SRV\_NAME hash value for the front-end server component and back-end server component are the same.
- B. Because the TADIR Service name is the same for the front-end server component and the back-end server component.
- C. Because the TADIR Service name for the back-end server component was automatically added to the role menu.
- D. Because the SRV\_NAME hash value for the front-end server component and back-end server component are different.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

\* Context: When building SAP Fiori access roles, the SRV\_NAME field in the S\_SERVICE authorization object represents unique OData services. Manually maintaining this field could lead to inconsistencies.

\* Solution Explanation:

\* The SRV\_NAME hash values for front-end and back-end server components differ. Manual maintenance risks misalignment and access issues.

SAP Security References:

\* SAP Fiori Authorization Maintenance Guide

\* SAP Help Portal for PFCG Role Building

