

# 試験の準備方法-100%合格率のLEED-AP-Homes資格 トレーニング試験-有効的なLEED-AP-Homes勉強方法



ちなみに、Pass4Test LEED-AP-Homesの一部をクラウドストレージからダウンロードできます：  
[https://drive.google.com/open?id=1kSkZ8Lr7IxMUWg7Wrr9J4k\\_psw0D1vnM](https://drive.google.com/open?id=1kSkZ8Lr7IxMUWg7Wrr9J4k_psw0D1vnM)

USGBCのLEED-AP-Homesの認定試験は当面いろいろな認証試験で最も価値がある試験の一つです。最近の数十年間で、コンピュータ科学の教育は世界各地の数多くの注目を得られています。USGBCのLEED-AP-Homesの認定試験はIT情報技術領域の欠くことができない一部ですから、IT領域の人々はこの試験認証に合格することを通じて自分自身の知識を増加して、他の分野で突破します。Pass4TestのUSGBCのLEED-AP-Homes認定試験の問題と解答はそういう人たちのニーズを答えるために研究した成果です。この試験に合格することがたやすいことではないですから、適切なショートカットを選択するのは成功することの必要です。Pass4Testはあなたの成功を助けるために存在しているのですから、Pass4Testを選ぶということは成功を選ぶことと等しいです。Pass4Testが提供した問題と解答はIT領域のエリートたちが研究と実践を通じて開発されて、十年間過ぎのIT認証経験を持っています。

世界で、多くの人はLEED-AP-Homes学習教材を利用しています。ここから見ると、LEED-AP-Homes学習教材はいい資料です。彼らはLEED-AP-Homes学習教材を勉強したら、LEED-AP-Homes試験に合格しました。だから、彼らはLEED-AP-Homes学習教材に対して、感謝の気持ちです。つまり、あなたもLEED-AP-Homes学習教材を購入すれば、後悔することはありません。

>> LEED-AP-Homes資格トレーニング <<

## LEED-AP-Homes勉強方法、LEED-AP-Homes試験過去問

Pass4TestのLEED-AP-Homes問題集の超低い価格に反して、Pass4Testに提供される問題集は最高の品質を持っています。そして、もっと重要なのは、Pass4Testは質の高いサービスを提供します。望ましい問題集を支払うと、あなたはすぐにそれを得ることができます。Pass4Testのサイトはあなたが最も必要なもの、しかもあなたに最適な試験参考書を持っています。LEED-AP-Homes問題集を購入してから、また一年間の無料更新サービスを得ることもできます。一年以内に、あなたが持っている資料を更新したい限り、Pass4Testは最新バージョンのLEED-AP-Homes問題集を捧げます。Pass4Testはあなたに最大の利便性を与えるために全力を尽くしています。

## USGBC LEED-AP-Homes 認定試験の出題範囲：

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Location &amp; Transportation: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Environmental Planner. It focuses on how homes integrate with their surroundings and connect to transportation networks, emphasizing sustainable siting strategies aligned with urban planning practices.</li></ul>

トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Regional Priority Credits: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Regional Performance Advisor. It covers specific environmental credits that reflect local priorities, enabling tailored certification strategies that align with regional ecosystems or regulatory contexts.</li> </ul>
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Materials &amp; Resources: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Sustainability Specialist. It emphasizes the selection and management of eco-friendly materials, efficient usage of resources, and implementation of waste reduction strategies to support green residential construction.</li> </ul>

## USGBC LEED AP Homes (Residential) Exam 認定 LEED-AP-Homes 試験問題 (Q48-Q53):

### 質問 # 48

In order to verify that environmentally preferable products are low-emitting, the project team must submit which of the following information?

- A. Distance from manufacturing facility to project site
- B. Date of purchase
- C. Cost of qualifying product as a percentage of total project cost
- D. Product literature or certification labels

正解: D

解説:

The LEED for Homes Rating System (v4) awards points for the Materials and Resources (MR) Credit:

Environmentally Preferable Products when products meet criteria such as low emissions (e.g., low-VOC paints or adhesives).

Verification requires documentation to confirm compliance.

According to the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction (v4):

MR Credit: Environmentally Preferable Products (1-4 points)

To verify that products are low-emitting, submit product literature or certification labels (e.g., GREENGUARD, SCS Indoor Advantage) demonstrating compliance with low-VOC or low-emission standards. This documentation confirms that products meet the credit's requirements for indoor environmental quality.

Source: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, Materials and Resources Credit:

Environmentally Preferable Products, p. 161.

The LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C Rating system confirms:

MR Credit: Environmentally Preferable Products

Low-emitting products must be documented with product literature or third-party certification labels verifying compliance with VOC or emission standards.

Source: LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, Credit Library, accessed via USGBC LEED Online.

The correct answer is product literature or certification labels (Option C), as these provide the necessary evidence to verify low-emitting properties.

Why not the other options?

Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, MR Credit: Environmentally Preferable Products, p. 161.

B). Cost of qualifying product as a percentage of total project cost: Cost data is used for overall credit calculations, not low-emission verification. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, MR Credit: Environmentally Preferable Products, p. 160.

D). Distance from manufacturing facility to project site: This is relevant for Option 1: Local Production, not low-emission verification. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, MR Credit: Environmentally Preferable Products, p. 160.

The LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook emphasizes MR credits, including documentation requirements, and references the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction as a key resource. The exam is based on LEED v4, ensuring the relevance of product literature.

References:

LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, USGBC, Materials and Resources Credit: Environmentally Preferable Products, p. 160-161.

LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, USGBC LEED Credit Library, accessed via LEED Online (<https://www.usgbc.org/credits>).

LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook, GBCI, October 2024, p. 12 (references study resources and exam scope based on LEED v4).

USGBC LEED for Homes Rating System (v4), available via USGBC website (<https://www.usgbc.org/resources/leed-homes-design-and-construction-v4>).  
LEED v4.1 for Homes, USGBC, accessed via LEED Online, confirming low-emission documentation.

#### 質問 # 49

Which of the following measures is a radon-resistant construction technique?

- A. Continuously operating bath fans to remove gases from inside the home
- B. Perforated foundation slab to allow air circulation
- **C. Vent pipe to exhaust gases from under the home**
- D. Pressurized basement or crawlspace to prevent gases from entering the home

正解: C

解説:

The LEED for Homes Rating System (v4) includes the Indoor Environmental Quality (EQ) Credit: Radon Control, which promotes radon-resistant construction techniques to mitigate the health risks of radon gas, a naturally occurring radioactive gas that can accumulate in homes.

According to the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction (v4):

EQ Credit: Radon Control (1 point)

Install a passive or active radon-resistant system, including a vent pipe extending from below the foundation (e.g., sub-slab or crawlspace) to the roof to exhaust radon gases before they enter the home. This is a primary radon-resistant construction technique. Source: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, Indoor Environmental Quality Credit: Radon Control, p. 150.

The LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C Rating system confirms:

EQ Credit: Radon Control

A vent pipe to exhaust gases from under the home (e.g., sub-slab depressurization system) is a key radon-resistant technique, preventing radon entry into living spaces.

Source: LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, Credit Library, accessed via USGBC LEED Online.

The correct answer is vent pipe to exhaust gases from under the home (Option A), as this is a standard radon-resistant technique, typically involving a sub-slab depressurization system with a vent pipe.

Why not the other options?

Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, EQ Credit: Radon Control, p. 150.

C). Perforated foundation slab to allow air circulation: Perforated slabs are not a recognized radon-resistant method; they may increase radon entry by allowing gas to flow into the home. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, EQ Credit: Radon Control, p. 150.

D). Continuously operating bath fans to remove gases from inside the home: Bath fans address general ventilation, not radon-specific mitigation, which requires sub-slab venting. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, EQ Credit: Enhanced Ventilation, p. 146.

The LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook emphasizes EQ credits, including radon control, and references the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction as a key resource. The exam is based on LEED v4, ensuring the relevance of vent pipe systems.

References:

LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, USGBC, Indoor Environmental Quality Credit: Radon Control, p. 150.

LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, USGBC LEED Credit Library, accessed via LEED Online (<https://www.usgbc.org/credits>).

LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook, GBCI, October 2024, p. 12 (references study resources and exam scope based on LEED v4).

USGBC LEED for Homes Rating System (v4), available via USGBC website (<https://www.usgbc.org/resources/leed-homes-design-and-construction-v4>).

LEED v4.1 for Homes, USGBC, accessed via LEED Online, confirming radon-resistant techniques.

#### 質問 # 50

To comply with Materials and Resources Prerequisite: Certified Tropical Wood, all wood in the building must be:

- A. Only from the tropical region

- B. Non-tropical, reused, reclaimed, or certified
- C. From within 200 miles of the building site
- D. Tropical wood that is more than 10 years old

正解: B

解説:

The LEED for Homes Rating System (v4) includes the Materials and Resources (MR) Prerequisite:

Certified Tropical Wood, which ensures that wood used in LEED projects is sourced sustainably to protect tropical ecosystems.

According to the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction (v4):

MR Prerequisite: Certified Tropical Wood

All new wood in the project must be nontropical, reused, reclaimed, or certified by the Forest Stewardship Council (FSC). Tropical wood, if used, must be FSC-certified. This prerequisite ensures that wood sourcing does not contribute to deforestation in ecologically sensitive regions.

Source: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, Materials and Resources Prerequisite: Certified Tropical Wood, p. 156.

The LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C Rating system confirms:

MR Prerequisite: Certified Tropical Wood

All wood must be nontropical, reused, reclaimed, or FSC-certified. Tropical wood is only permitted if it is FSC-certified.

Source: LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, Credit Library, accessed via USGBC LEED Online.

To comply, all wood must be non-tropical, reused, reclaimed, or certified (Option A), ensuring sustainable sourcing across all wood types used in the project.

Why not the other options?

Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, MR Prerequisite: Certified Tropical Wood, p. 156.

C). Only from the tropical region: This contradicts the prerequisite, as tropical wood must be FSC-certified, and non-tropical wood is preferred. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, MR Prerequisite: Certified Tropical Wood, p. 156.

D). From within 200 miles of the building site: Local sourcing is relevant for MR Credit: Environmentally Preferable Products, Option 1, not this prerequisite. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, MR Credit: Environmentally Preferable Products, p. 160.

The LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook emphasizes MR prerequisites, including Certified Tropical Wood, and references the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction as a key resource.

The exam is based on LEED v4, ensuring the relevance of the compliance criteria.

References:

LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, USGBC, Materials and Resources Prerequisite: Certified Tropical Wood, p. 156.

LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, USGBC LEED Credit Library, accessed via LEED Online (<https://www.usgbc.org/credits>).

LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook, GBCI, October 2024, p. 12 (references study resources and exam scope based on LEED v4).

USGBC LEED for Homes Rating System (v4), available via USGBC website (<https://www.usgbc.org/resources/leed-homes-design-and-construction-v4>).

LEED v4.1 for Homes, USGBC, accessed via LEED Online, confirming wood sourcing requirements.

## 質問 #51

The primary purpose of the Thermal Enclosure Checklist is to:

- A. Evaluate site appropriateness for ground-source heat pump installation
- B. Perform preliminary air infiltration testing prior to HERS rater inspection
- C. Inspect continuity of ductwork and quality of duct insulation
- D. Inspect continuity of air barriers and quality of insulation installation

正解: D

解説:

The LEED for Homes Rating System (v4) includes the Thermal Enclosure System Checklist as part of the Energy and Atmosphere (EA) Prerequisite: Minimum Energy Performance, ensuring the building envelope meets energy efficiency standards.

According to the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction (v4):

EA Prerequisite: Minimum Energy Performance

The Thermal Enclosure System Checklist verifies the continuity of air barriers and the quality of insulation installation to minimize heat

loss and air leakage, ensuring energy efficiency. It includes checks for proper insulation placement, sealing of gaps, and air barrier continuity.

Source: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, Energy and Atmosphere Prerequisite: Minimum Energy Performance, p. 112.

The LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C Rating system confirms:

EA Prerequisite: Energy Performance

The primary purpose of the Thermal Enclosure Checklist is to inspect the continuity of air barriers and the quality of insulation installation to achieve a high-performance building envelope.

Source: LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, Credit Library, accessed via USGBC LEED Online.

The correct answer is inspect continuity of air barriers and quality of insulation installation (Option B), as this is the primary purpose of the checklist.

Why not the other options?

Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, EA Credit: Heating and Cooling Distribution Systems, p. 126.

C). Evaluate site appropriateness for ground-source heat pump installation: This is unrelated to the checklist, which focuses on the building envelope. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, EA Prerequisite: Minimum Energy Performance, p. 112.

D). Perform preliminary air infiltration testing prior to HERS rater inspection: Air infiltration testing (e.

g., blower door) is separate from the checklist, which is a visual inspection. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, EA Credit: Air Infiltration, p. 124.

The LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook emphasizes EA prerequisites, including the Thermal Enclosure Checklist, and references the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction as a key resource. The exam is based on LEED v4, ensuring the relevance of air barrier and insulation inspection.

References:

LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, USGBC, Energy and Atmosphere Prerequisite: Minimum Energy Performance, p. 112.

LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, USGBC LEED Credit Library, accessed via LEED Online (<https://www.usgbc.org/credits>).

LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook, GBCI, October 2024, p. 12 (references study resources and exam scope based on LEED v4).

USGBC LEED for Homes Rating System (v4), available via USGBC website (<https://www.usgbc.org/resources/leed-homes-design-and-construction-v4>).

LEED v4.1 for Homes, USGBC, accessed via LEED Online, confirming checklist purpose.

## 質問 # 52

An effective design strategy to reduce outdoor water consumption is using:

- A. Sprinkler systems with minimum reach of 10 ft. (3 m)
- **B. Native and adapted plants**
- C. ENERGY STAR-certified irrigation equipment
- D. Only drip irrigation on impermeable surfaces

正解: B

解説:

The LEED for Homes Rating System (v4) addresses outdoor water use in the Water Efficiency (WE) Credit: Outdoor Water Use, which promotes strategies to reduce irrigation needs, particularly through plant selection.

According to the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction (v4):

WE Credit: Outdoor Water Use (1-4 points)

Use native or adapted plants with low water requirements to reduce outdoor water consumption. These plants are suited to the local climate and require less irrigation compared to conventional turf or non-native species.

Source: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, Water Efficiency Credit: Outdoor Water Use, p. 98.

The LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C Rating system confirms:

WE Credit: Outdoor Water Use

Selecting native and adapted plants is an effective strategy to minimize irrigation needs, contributing to points by reducing outdoor water consumption.

Source: LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, Credit Library, accessed via USGBC LEED Online.

The correct answer is native and adapted plants (Option D), as these reduce irrigation demand by being well-suited to local conditions, directly aligning with the credit's intent.

Why not the other options?

Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, WE Credit: Outdoor Water Use, p. 98.

B). ENERGY STAR-certified irrigation equipment: ENERGY STAR applies to appliances, not irrigation equipment; no such certification exists for this credit. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, WE Credit: Outdoor Water Use, p. 98.

C). Sprinkler systems with minimum reach of 10 ft. (3 m): Sprinkler reach does not inherently reduce water use and may increase waste if not optimized. Reference: LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, WE Credit: Outdoor Water Use, p. 98.

The LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook emphasizes WE credits, including outdoor water use, and references the LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction as a key resource. The exam is based on LEED v4, ensuring the relevance of native plants.

References:

LEED Reference Guide for Homes Design and Construction, v4, USGBC, Water Efficiency Credit: Outdoor Water Use, p. 98.

LEED v4.1 Residential BD+C, USGBC LEED Credit Library, accessed via LEED Online (<https://www.usgbc.org/credits>).

LEED AP Homes Candidate Handbook, GBCI, October 2024, p. 12 (references study resources and exam scope based on LEED v4).

USGBC LEED for Homes Rating System (v4), available via USGBC website (<https://www.usgbc.org/resources/leed-homes-design-and-construction-v4>).

LEED v4.1 for Homes, USGBC, accessed via LEED Online, confirming native plant strategy.

## 質問 # 53

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USGBCのLEED-AP-Homes試験ガイドを使用すると、いつでもどこでも障害なく学習できます。プラットフォームのすべての試験資料には、PDF、PCテストエンジン、およびAPPテストエンジンの3つのモードが含まれています。LEED-AP-Homesその中でも、学習教材のPDFバージョンはダウンロードして印刷し、練習用に紙に印刷してメモを取るのが簡単です。PCバージョンのLEED-AP-Homesトレーニングトレント：LEED AP Homes (Residential) Examは実際のテスト環境を模倣し、Pass4Test時間制限のあるテストを実施できます。システムはテスト後に自動的に採点します。また、LEED-AP-Homes試験ガイドのAPPバージョンは、あらゆる電子デバイスをサポートします。暇な時間やスクラップ時間を簡単に確認することができます。すべてのコンテンツの学習を完了するのに役立つのは携帯電話だけです。これにより、より軽量のランドセルが手に入ります。

**LEED-AP-Homes勉強方法:** <https://www.pass4test.jp/LEED-AP-Homes.html>

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BONUS!!! Pass4Test LEED-AP-Homesダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード: [https://drive.google.com/open?id=1kSkZ8Lr7IxMUWg7Wrr9J4k\\_psw0D1vnM](https://drive.google.com/open?id=1kSkZ8Lr7IxMUWg7Wrr9J4k_psw0D1vnM)