

# MLA-C01 Dumps Questions & MLA-C01 Free Exam



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## Amazon MLA-C01 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic   | Details                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
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| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Deployment and Orchestration of ML Workflows: This section of the exam measures skills of Forensic Data Analysts and focuses on deploying machine learning models into production environments. It covers choosing the right infrastructure, managing containers, automating scaling, and orchestrating workflows through CI</li><li>CD pipelines. Candidates must be able to build and script environments that support consistent deployment and efficient retraining cycles in real-world fraud detection systems.</li></ul>      |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ML Model Development: This section of the exam measures skills of Fraud Examiners and covers choosing and training machine learning models to solve business problems such as fraud detection. It includes selecting algorithms, using built-in or custom models, tuning parameters, and evaluating performance with standard metrics. The domain emphasizes refining models to avoid overfitting and maintaining version control to support ongoing investigations and audit trails.</li></ul>                                      |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Data Preparation for Machine Learning (ML): This section of the exam measures skills of Forensic Data Analysts and covers collecting, storing, and preparing data for machine learning. It focuses on understanding different data formats, ingestion methods, and AWS tools used to process and transform data. Candidates are expected to clean and engineer features, ensure data integrity, and address biases or compliance issues, which are crucial for preparing high-quality datasets in fraud analysis contexts.</li></ul> |

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|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ML Solution Monitoring, Maintenance, and Security: This section of the exam measures skills of Fraud Examiners and assesses the ability to monitor machine learning models, manage infrastructure costs, and apply security best practices. It includes setting up model performance tracking, detecting drift, and using AWS tools for logging and alerts. Candidates are also tested on configuring access controls, auditing environments, and maintaining compliance in sensitive data environments like financial fraud detection.</li> </ul> |
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### Amazon AWS Certified Machine Learning Engineer - Associate Sample Questions (Q80-Q85):

#### NEW QUESTION # 80

An ML engineer is setting up an Amazon SageMaker AI pipeline for an ML model. The pipeline must automatically initiate a retraining job if any data drift is detected.

How should the ML engineer set up the pipeline to meet this requirement?

- A. Use SageMaker Model Monitor to detect data drift. Use an AWS Lambda function to automate the retraining job.
- B. Use Amazon QuickSight anomaly detection to detect data drift. Use an AWS Step Functions workflow to automate the retraining job.
- C. Use Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink to detect data drift. Use an AWS Lambda function to automate the retraining job.
- D. Use an AWS Glue crawler and an AWS Glue ETL job to detect data drift. Use AWS Glue triggers to automate the retraining job.

#### Answer: A

Explanation:

AWS recommends Amazon SageMaker Model Monitor as the native service for detecting data drift, model drift, and bias drift in deployed ML models. Model Monitor continuously compares incoming inference data against a baseline dataset captured during training.

When Model Monitor detects drift beyond configured thresholds, it can emit Amazon CloudWatch events.

These events can trigger an AWS Lambda function, which is a common AWS-documented pattern for orchestrating automated workflows such as model retraining.

This Lambda function can then initiate a SageMaker Pipeline execution, starting a retraining job with updated data. This architecture aligns with AWS best practices for building automated, event-driven ML pipelines.

Option A is incorrect because AWS Glue is designed for data cataloging and ETL, not for ML-specific drift detection. Option B is unnecessary and overly complex for this use case. Option D is incorrect because Amazon QuickSight anomaly detection is intended for business intelligence analytics, not ML model monitoring.

AWS documentation explicitly positions SageMaker Model Monitor + Lambda automation as the recommended approach for continuous ML monitoring and retraining.

Therefore, Option C is the correct and AWS-verified answer.

#### NEW QUESTION # 81

An ML engineer is tuning an image classification model that shows poor performance on one of two available classes during prediction. Analysis reveals that the images whose class the model performed poorly on represent an extremely small fraction of the whole training dataset.

The ML engineer must improve the model's performance.

Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Optimize for F1 score. Use Synthetic Minority Oversampling Technique (SMOTE) on the less common images to generate new samples.
- B. **Optimize for F1 score. Use image augmentation on the less common images to generate new samples.**
- C. Optimize for accuracy. Use image augmentation on the less common images to generate new samples.
- D. Optimize for accuracy. Use Synthetic Minority Oversampling Technique (SMOTE) on the less common images to generate new samples.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

This problem describes severe class imbalance in an image classification task, where the minority class has poor predictive performance. In such cases, accuracy is a misleading metric, because a model can achieve high accuracy by predicting only the majority class. AWS ML best practices recommend using F1 score, which balances precision and recall and is more appropriate for imbalanced classification problems.

To improve performance on the minority image class, image augmentation is the preferred approach.

Augmentation techniques-such as rotation, cropping, flipping, and brightness adjustment-create realistic new training examples while preserving semantic meaning. AWS documentation recommends augmentation for computer vision workloads to improve generalization without collecting new data.

SMOTE (Options C and D) is designed for tabular data, not image data, and generating synthetic pixel-level images using SMOTE is not appropriate or supported in typical computer vision pipelines.

Option A is incorrect because optimizing for accuracy does not address minority-class performance. Option D is incorrect because SMOTE is unsuitable for images.

Therefore, optimizing for F1 score and using image augmentation on the minority class is the correct solution.

**NEW QUESTION # 82**

A company is using Amazon SageMaker to create ML models. The company's data scientists need fine-grained control of the ML workflows that they orchestrate. The data scientists also need the ability to visualize SageMaker jobs and workflows as a directed acyclic graph (DAG). The data scientists must keep a running history of model discovery experiments and must establish model governance for auditing and compliance verifications.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use SageMaker Pipelines and its integration with SageMaker Experiments to manage the entire ML workflows. Use SageMaker Experiments for the running history of experiments and for auditing and compliance verifications.
- B. Use AWS CodePipeline and its integration with SageMaker Experiments to manage the entire ML workflows. Use SageMaker Experiments for the running history of experiments and for auditing and compliance verifications.
- C. **Use SageMaker Pipelines and its integration with SageMaker Studio to manage the entire ML workflows. Use SageMaker ML Lineage Tracking for the running history of experiments and for auditing and compliance verifications.**
- D. Use AWS CodePipeline and its integration with SageMaker Studio to manage the entire ML workflows. Use SageMaker ML Lineage Tracking for the running history of experiments and for auditing and compliance verifications.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION # 83**

A company uses an Amazon EMR cluster to run a data ingestion process for an ML model. An ML engineer notices that the processing time is increasing.

Which solution will reduce the processing time MOST cost-effectively?

- A. **Use Spot Instances to increase the number of task nodes.**
- B. Use Spot Instances to increase the number of primary nodes.
- C. Use On-Demand Instances to increase the number of core nodes.
- D. Use Spot Instances to increase the number of core nodes.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Amazon EMR clusters consist of primary, core, and task nodes, each with a distinct role. The primary node manages the cluster, core nodes store data and run tasks, and task nodes only run tasks without storing data.

AWS documentation recommends using task nodes for scaling compute capacity when workloads are compute-intensive, such as data ingestion and transformation pipelines.

To reduce processing time cost-effectively, AWS strongly advises using Spot Instances for task nodes. Spot Instances provide the same compute capacity as On-Demand Instances but at a significantly reduced cost, often up to 90% lower. Because task nodes do not store HDFS data, they can be safely interrupted without risking data loss.

Increasing the number of primary nodes is not supported by EMR and would not improve performance.

Increasing core nodes affects both storage and compute and is more expensive, especially when using On-Demand Instances.

Option D is therefore the least cost-effective.

AWS EMR best practices explicitly state that scaling out with Spot task nodes is the preferred way to improve performance for transient, parallel workloads such as ETL, ingestion, and feature preparation.

Therefore, Option C is the most cost-effective and AWS-recommended solution.

#### NEW QUESTION # 84

A company is building a conversational AI assistant on Amazon Bedrock. The company is using Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG) to reference the company's internal knowledge base. The AI assistant uses the Anthropic Claude 4 foundation model (FM).

The company needs a solution that uses a vector embedding model, a vector store, and a vector search algorithm.

Which solution will develop the AI assistant with the LEAST development effort?

- A. Use Amazon Kendra Experience Builder.
- B. Use the AWS Glue Data Catalog metadata repository.
- C. Use Amazon Aurora PostgreSQL with the pgvector extension.
- D. Use Amazon RDS for PostgreSQL with the pgvector extension.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Amazon Kendra Experience Builder provides a fully managed, low-code solution for building conversational search and question-answering applications. AWS documentation states that Kendra natively supports semantic search, vector embeddings, and vector-based retrieval, making it well suited for RAG-style applications with minimal development effort.

When integrated with Amazon Bedrock, Kendra can act as the retrieval layer, handling document ingestion, indexing, embedding generation, and relevance ranking automatically. This eliminates the need to manually manage embedding models, vector databases, and search logic.

Options B and C require custom schema design, vector indexing, query logic, and operational management of PostgreSQL instances. Although pgvector supports vector search, it significantly increases development and maintenance effort. Option D is unrelated to vector search and is used only for metadata cataloging.

AWS explicitly positions Amazon Kendra as the fastest way to build enterprise-grade conversational assistants that integrate with foundation models.

Therefore, Option A is the correct and most AWS-aligned solution.

#### NEW QUESTION # 85

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