

DS0-001 Minimum Pass Score & DS0-001 Valid Exam Braindumps



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CompTIA DS0-001 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data and Database Security: This topic focuses on data security concepts, governance and regulatory compliance purposes, implementing authentication and authorization policies and best practices. Additionally, the topic discusses database infrastructure security, and understanding types of attacks and their effects on data systems.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Business Continuity: Finally, this topic covers the importance of disaster recovery techniques. Moreover, the topic explains backup and restore best practices and processes.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Database Fundamentals: This topic covers database structure types, SQL code development and modification based on scenarios, comparison of scripting methods and environments, and the impact of programming on database operations.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Database Deployment: In this topic, you'll find discussions on database planning and design aspects. It also focuses on the implementation, testing, and deployment phases of databases.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Database Management and Maintenance: Here, you'll learn about monitoring and reporting for database management and performance, common database maintenance processes, documentation production, and relevant tools usage. Lastly, the topic focuses on implementing data management tasks.

>> DS0-001 Minimum Pass Score <<

DS0-001 Valid Exam Braindumps, Valid Exam DS0-001 Book

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CompTIA DataSys+ Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q46-Q51):

NEW QUESTION # 46

An automated script is using common passwords to gain access to a remote system. Which of the following attacks is being performed?

- A. SQL injection
- B. DoS
- C. Phishing
- D. Brute-force

Answer: D

Explanation:

The attack that is being performed is brute-force. A brute-force attack is a type of attack that tries to guess a password or a key by systematically trying all possible combinations of characters or values until the correct one is found. A brute-force attack can use common passwords, such as "123456", "password", or "qwerty", as well as dictionaries, word lists, or patterns to speed up the process. A brute-force attack can target a remote system, such as a web server, an email account, or a network device, and gain unauthorized access to its data or resources. The other options are either different types of attacks or not related to password guessing. For example, a DoS, or Denial-of-Service, attack is a type of attack that floods a system with requests or traffic to overwhelm its capacity and prevent legitimate users from accessing it; an SQL injection attack is a type of attack that inserts malicious SQL statements into an input field or parameter of a web application to manipulate or compromise the underlying database; a phishing attack is a type of attack that sends fraudulent emails or messages that appear to come from a trusted source to trick users into revealing their personal or financial information.

NEW QUESTION # 47

Which of the following firewall types allows an administrator to control traffic and make decisions based on factors such as connection information and data flow communications?

- A. Packet
- B. Circuit-level
- C. Stateful
- D. Proxy

Answer: C

Explanation:

The firewall type that allows an administrator to control traffic and make decisions based on factors such as connection information and data flow communications is stateful. A stateful firewall is a type of firewall that tracks the state of each connection and packet that passes through it, and applies rules or policies based on the context and content of the traffic. A stateful firewall can control traffic and make decisions based on factors such as source and destination IP addresses, ports, protocols, session status, application layer data, etc. The other options are either different types of firewalls or not related to firewalls at all. For example, a circuit-level firewall is a type of firewall that monitors and validates the establishment of TCP or UDP connections; a proxy firewall is a type of firewall that acts as an intermediary between the source and destination of the traffic; a packet firewall is a type of firewall that filters packets based on their header information.

NEW QUESTION # 48

Which of the following cloud delivery models provides users with the highest level of flexibility regarding resource provisioning and administration?

- A. DBaaS
- B. SaaS
- C. IaaS

- D. PaaS

Answer: C

Explanation:

The cloud delivery model that provides users with the highest level of flexibility regarding resource provisioning and administration is IaaS. IaaS, or Infrastructure as a Service, is a cloud delivery model that provides users with access to virtualized computing resources, such as servers, storage, network, and operating systems, over the internet. Users can provision, configure, and manage these resources according to their needs and preferences, without having to worry about the maintenance or security of the physical infrastructure. IaaS offers users the most control and customization over their cloud environment, as well as the ability to scale up or down as needed. The other options are either different cloud delivery models or not related to cloud computing at all. For example, DBaaS, or Database as a Service, is a cloud delivery model that provides users with access to database management systems and tools over the internet; SaaS, or Software as a Service, is a cloud delivery model that provides users with access to software applications and services over the internet; PaaS, or Platform as a Service, is a cloud delivery model that provides users with access to development platforms and tools over the internet.

NEW QUESTION # 49

An e-commerce website that resides in the cloud is lagging due to high traffic following the launch of a promotional offer. Which of the following should the IT manager do to improve the performance of the website?

- A. Limit access to 1,000 concurrent connections.
- B. Increase the bandwidth during peak hours.
- C. Move the website to an on-premises server.
- **D. Increase the computing resources.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Increasing computing resources (such as CPU, RAM, or adding more instances) in the cloud will help handle higher traffic loads, directly improving website performance during traffic spikes.

NEW QUESTION # 50

An automated script is using common passwords to gain access to a remote system. Which of the following attacks is being performed?

- A. SQL injection
- B. DoS
- C. Phishing
- **D. Brute-force**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The attack that is being performed is brute-force. A brute-force attack is a type of attack that tries to guess a password or a key by systematically trying all possible combinations of characters or values until the correct one is found. A brute-force attack can use common passwords, such as "123456", "password", or "qwerty", as well as dictionaries, word lists, or patterns to speed up the process. A brute-force attack can target a remote system, such as a web server, an email account, or a network device, and gain unauthorized access to its data or resources. The other options are either different types of attacks or not related to password guessing. For example, a DoS, or Denial-of-Service, attack is a type of attack that floods a system with requests or traffic to overwhelm its capacity and prevent legitimate users from accessing it; an SQL injection attack is a type of attack that inserts malicious SQL statements into an input field or parameter of a web application to manipulate or compromise the underlying database; a phishing attack is a type of attack that sends fraudulent emails or messages that appear to come from a trusted source to trick users into revealing their personal or financial information. Reference: CompTIA DataSys+ Course Outline, Domain 4.0 Data and Database Security, Objective 4.4 Given a scenario, identify common types of attacks against databases.

NEW QUESTION # 51

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