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## ASHRAE HFDP Test Papers, HFDP Exam Tips

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## ASHRAE Healthcare Facility Design Professionals Sample Questions (Q40-Q45):

### NEW QUESTION # 40

In accordance with ASHRAE Standard 170, which of the following areas is required to have a positive pressure relationship?

- A. Morgue and autopsy area
- B. Nuclear medicine laboratory
- C. Physical therapy room
- D. **Cystoscopy surgical suite**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

Pressure Requirements: ASHRAE 170, Table 7.1, mandates positive pressure for cystoscopy surgical suites (0.01 in. w.g.) to maintain sterility. Morgue/autopsy (C) and some nuclear medicine areas (D) require negative pressure; physical therapy (B) is typically neutral.

### NEW QUESTION # 41

In accordance with the ASHRAE HVAC Design Manual for Hospitals and Clinics, which of the following is the BEST form of communication to accomplish good planning, testing, and commissioning?

- A. Written reports
- B. Phone message logs
- C. Requests for information
- D. Change orders

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION # 42

An airborne infection isolation (AII) patient room has a volume of 1,100 cubic feet ( $31.15 \text{ m}^3$ ) and requires a minimum supply airflow of 12 air changes per hour (ACH). Airflow across the door to maintain pressurization is 150 CFM (70.8 L/s). Leakage and toilet room exhaust is 130 CFM (61.4 L/s). What airflow should the exhaust fan serving the patient room and toilet room be sized for?

- A. 150 CFM (70.8 L/s)
- B. 70 CFM (33.0 L/s)
- C. **370 CFM (174.6 L/s)**
- D. 500 CFM (236.0 L/s)

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

Supply Air:  $12 \text{ ACH} \times 1,100 \text{ ft}^3 / 60 = 220 \text{ CFM}$ .

Exhaust Requirement:  $\text{Exhaust} = \text{Supply} + \text{Leakage} + \text{Door Airflow} = 220 + 130 + 150 = 500 \text{ CFM}$ .

However, toilet exhaust (130 CFM) is included, so room exhaust =  $500 - 130 = 370 \text{ CFM}$ .

### NEW QUESTION # 43

The isolation room is supplied with 300 cfm (142 L/s) of HEPA filtered air. The return air grille is located in the ceiling and has been balanced to 150 cfm (71 L/s). The room is monitored with a differential pressure sensor, and the sensor is sending an alarm signal to the nurse's station. Which of the following BEST describes the problem?

- A. This is a Protective Environment Room with the door to the corridor propped open
- B. **This is an Airborne Infection Isolation Room with inadequate toilet room exhaust of 25 cfm (12 L/s)**
- C. This is an Airborne Infection Isolation Room with the door to the corridor propped open

- D. This is a Protective Environment Room with inadequate toilet room exhaust of 25 cfm (12 L/s)

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

Airflow Analysis: Supply = 300 cfm, Return = 150 cfm, Toilet Exhaust = 25 cfm. Total exhaust = 150 + 25 = 175 cfm. Net airflow = 300 - 175 = +125 cfm (positive pressure).

AIIR Requirements: ASHRAE Standard 170, Section 7.2.1, mandates negative pressure for Airborne Infection Isolation Rooms (AIIRs), meaning exhaust must exceed supply. Here, the room is positive (+125 cfm), triggering the pressure sensor alarm.

Problem Identification: The toilet exhaust (25 cfm) is insufficient to offset the supply, failing to achieve negative pressure. AIIRs typically require 50-75 cfm exhaust per toilet (Table 7.1), so 25 cfm is inadequate.

Option Analysis:

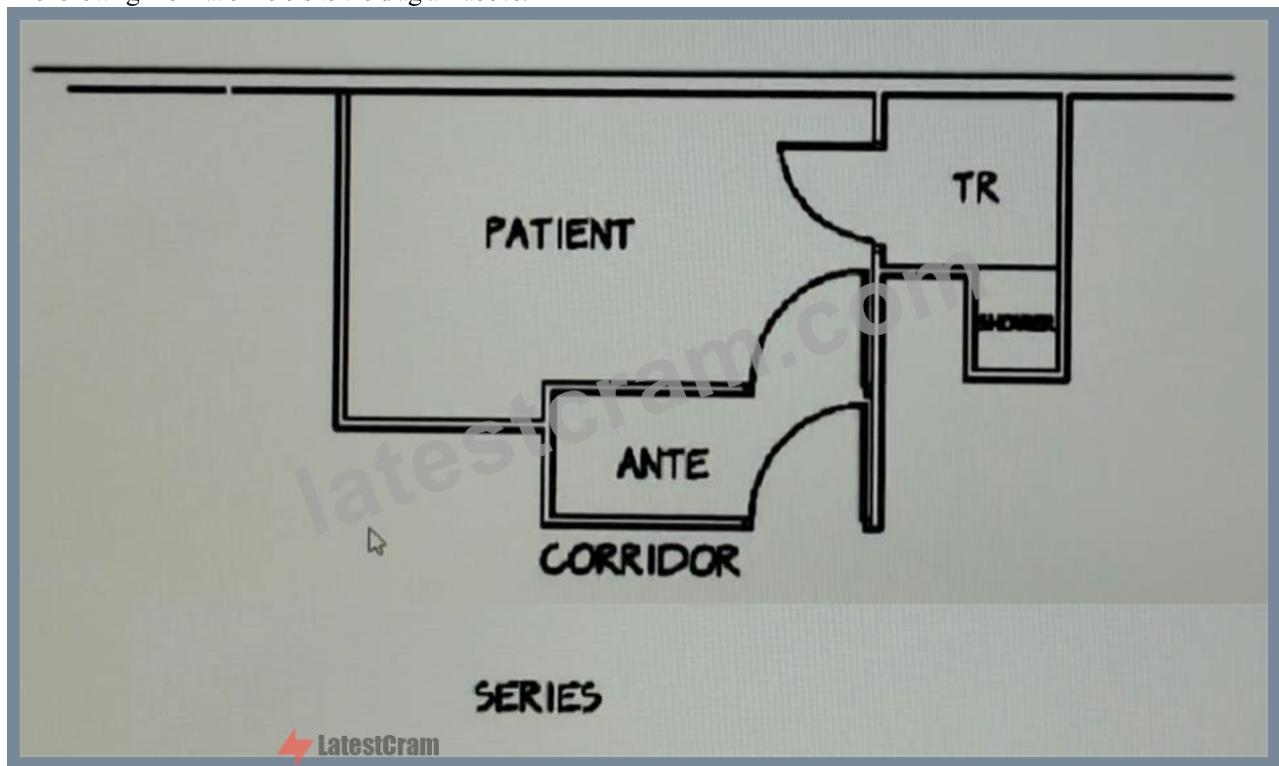
A: Correct - insufficient exhaust explains the positive pressure in an AIIR.

B: An open door would reduce pressure differential but not explain the airflow imbalance.

C/D: Protective Environment (PE) rooms require positive pressure, which aligns with the +125 cfm, but the alarm suggests an AIIR (negative pressure) context.

#### NEW QUESTION # 44

The following information refers to the diagram above.



The following information refers to the diagram above:

- \* The room is an Airborne Infection Isolation Room with a series anteroom.
- \* The room volume is 960 cubic ft. (27 cubic m).
- \* The room cooling load is 4,000 Btu/hr sensible only. (Ignore latent loads.) (1172 W)
- \* The supply air temperature is 55° F (12.8° C), and the room temperature set point is 75° F (23.9° C).
- \* The toilet exhaust is 100 cfm (47.2 L/s).
- \* The total room envelope leakage area is 35 sq. in. (22.575 sq. cm), (A\_L).
- \* The anteroom supply air volume is 75 cfm (35 L/s).
- \* The design pressure difference complies with FGI Guidelines (D\_p) (in. water/kPa).
- \* The room air flow difference (Q\_d) is defined by the following:  

$$Q_d = (7p)$$

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