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## Fortinet NSE7\_CDS\_AR-7.6 Certification Guide with Exam Details and Practice Questions

Complete Exam Preparation Guide with Syllabus Coverage and Practice Questions

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This study guide is designed to help IT professionals prepare for the Fortinet Public Cloud Security Architect NSE7\_CDS\_AR-7.6 certification exam. It covers key exam topics including cloud security architecture, Terraform, FortiCNAPP, container security, and public cloud integrations. The guide also includes sample questions that reflect the real exam format, helping candidates understand question patterns, strengthen core concepts, and improve overall exam readiness.

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### Fortinet NSE7\_SOC\_AR-7.6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>SOAR Incident Handling and Threat Hunting: Includes threat hunting analysis, managing FortiSOAR incidents, workload coordination, and using war rooms for incident response.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Detection Capabilities: Focuses on configuring FortiSIEM incident rules, building log queries, and analyzing incidents for effective threat detection.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>SOC Concepts and Frameworks: Covers analyzing security incidents, identifying adversary behaviors, understanding Fortinet SOC architecture, and recognizing common attack vectors.</li></ul>

- SOAR Playbook Development: Covers configuring playbooks and connectors, using Jinja filters for data handling, and troubleshooting FortiSOAR automation workflows.

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## Fortinet NSE 7 - Security Operations 7.6 Architect Sample Questions (Q24-Q29):

### NEW QUESTION # 24

Which three factors does the FortiSIEM rules engine use to determine the count when it evaluates the aggregate condition COUNT (Matched Events) on a specific subpattern? (Choose three answers)

- A. Data source
- B. Group By attributes
- C. Time window
- D. Search filter
- E. Incident action

**Answer: B,C,D**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From FortiSOAR 7.6., FortiSIEM 7.3 Exact Extract study guide:

The FortiSIEM rules engine evaluates subpatterns to detect complex attack behaviors. When a rule uses an aggregate condition like COUNT (Matched Events), the engine calculates this value based on specific architectural parameters:

\* Group By attributes (A): The engine maintains a separate counter for each unique combination of

"Group By" attributes defined in the subpattern. For example, if you group by "Source IP," the engine tracks the count of events for each unique IP address independently.

\* Time window (C): The count is relative to a specific time duration (e.g., 5 minutes). The engine only counts events that fall within this sliding or fixed window. Once an event falls outside this window, it is no longer included in the aggregate count.

\* Search filter (D): Only events that satisfy the specific "Search Filter" criteria (e.g., Event Type = "Failed Login") are considered "Matched Events." The filter defines the scope of the data that the rules engine processes before applying the count.

Why other options are incorrect:

\* Data source (B): While the data source determines where the logs come from, the rules engine itself uses the parsed attributes (defined in the search filter) rather than the raw data source to determine the count.

Multiple data sources might contribute to the same filter and count.

\* Incident action (E): Incident actions (such as sending an email or triggering a SOAR playbook) are the result of a rule firing. They do not influence the internal logic or calculation of the event count during the evaluation phase.

### NEW QUESTION # 25

Refer to the exhibit.

Assume that all devices in the FortiAnalyzer Fabric are shown in the image.

Which two statements about the FortiAnalyzer Fabric deployment are true? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate-B1 and FortiGate-B2 are in a Security Fabric.
- B. All FortiGate devices are directly registered to the supervisor.
- C. There is no collector in the topology.
- D. FAZ-SiteA has two ADOMs enabled.

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

\* Understanding the FortiAnalyzer Fabric:

\* The FortiAnalyzer Fabric provides centralized log collection, analysis, and reporting for connected FortiGate devices.

\* Devices in a FortiAnalyzer Fabric can be organized into different Administrative Domains (ADOMs) to separate logs and management.

\* Analyzing the Exhibit:

\* FAZ-SiteAandFAZ-SiteBare FortiAnalyzer devices in the fabric.

\* FortiGate-B1andFortiGate-B2are shown under theSite-B-Fabric, indicating they are part of the same Security Fabric.

\* FAZ-SiteAhas multiple entries under it:SiteAandMSSP-Local, suggesting multiple ADOMs are enabled.

\* Evaluating the Options:

\* Option A:FortiGate-B1 and FortiGate-B2 are underSite-B-Fabric, indicating they are indeed part of the same Security Fabric.

\* Option B:The presence ofFAZ-SiteA and FAZ-SiteB as FortiAnalyzers does not preclude the existence of collectors. However, there is no explicit mention of a separate collector role in the exhibit.

\* Option C:Not all FortiGate devices are directly registered to the supervisor. The exhibit shows hierarchical organization under different sites and ADOMs.

\* Option D:The multiple entries underFAZ-SiteA(SiteA and MSSP-Local) indicate that FAZ-SiteA has two ADOMs enabled.

\* Conclusion:

\* FortiGate-B1 and FortiGate-B2 are in a Security Fabric.

\* FAZ-SiteA has two ADOMs enabled.

References:

Fortinet Documentation on FortiAnalyzer Fabric Topology and ADOM Configuration.

Best Practices for Security Fabric Deployment with FortiAnalyzer.

## NEW QUESTION # 26

You are trying to create a playbook that creates a manual task showing a list of public IPv6 addresses. You were successful in extracting all IP addresses from a previous action into a variable called `ip_list`, which contains both private and public IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. You must now filter the results to display only public IPv6 addresses. Which two Jinja expressions can accomplish this task? (Choose two answers)

- A. `{{ vars.ip_list | ipaddr('public') | ipv6 }}`
- B. `{{ vars.ip_list | ipv6 | ipaddr('public') }}`
- C. `{{ vars.ip_list | ipaddr('!private') | ipv6 }}`
- D. `{{ vars.ip_list | ipv6addr('public') }}`

**Answer: A,B**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From FortiSOAR 7.6., FortiSIEM 7.3 Exact Extract study guide:

InFortiSOAR 7.6, the playbook engine utilizes the powerful `ipaddr` family of Jinja filters (derived from the Ansible `netaddr` library) to manipulate network data. To isolate public IPv6 addresses from a mixed list, the order of operations in the filter chain ensures the correct data is extracted:

\* Double Filtering Sequence (B):In the expression `{{ vars.ip_list | ipaddr('public') | ipv6 }}`, the first filter `ipaddr('public')` processes the entire list and retains only public addresses, including both IPv4 and IPv6 versions. The second filter in the pipe, `| ipv6`, then takes that subset of public addresses and filters them again to keep only those that conform to the IPv6 standard. The final result is a list containing only public IPv6 addresses.

\* Version-First Filtering (D):In the expression `{{ vars.ip_list | ipv6 | ipaddr('public') }}`, the logic is reversed but equally effective. The first filter `| ipv6` immediately strips all IPv4 and non-IP strings from the list, leaving only IPv6 addresses (both private and public). The subsequent filter `| ipaddr('public')` then evaluates these IPv6 addresses and discards any that fall within the private/unique-local ranges (like ULA or link-local), resulting in the same set of public IPv6 addresses.

Why other options are incorrect:

\* A (`ipv6addr 'public'`):While `ipv6addr` is a valid filter in many Ansible environments, FortiSOAR's standard documentation for manual task creation and data manipulation primarily emphasizes the use of the generic `ipaddr` filter with specific flags or chained version filters (like `| ipv6`) to ensure cross- compatibility with the underlying Python libraries used by the SOAR engine.

\* C (`!private` syntax):The `ipaddr` filter utilizes specific keywords for classification. While "not private" is the logical requirement, the filter expects positive assertions such as 'public', 'private', or 'multicast'. The

`!private` syntax is not a supported or documented operator for this filter within the Fortinet SOC ecosystem.

### NEW QUESTION # 27

Which two playbook triggers enable the use of trigger events in later tasks as trigger variables? (Choose two.)

- A. ON DEMAND
- **B. EVENT**
- **C. INCIDENT**
- D. ON SCHEDULE

**Answer: B,C**

Explanation:

\* Understanding Playbook Triggers:

\* Playbook triggers are the starting points for automated workflows within FortiAnalyzer or FortiSOAR.

\* These triggers determine how and when a playbook is executed and can pass relevant information (trigger variables) to subsequent tasks within the playbook.

\* Types of Playbook Triggers:

\* EVENT Trigger:

\* Initiates the playbook when a specific event occurs.

\* The event details can be used as variables in later tasks to customize the response.

\* Selected as it allows using event details as trigger variables.

\* INCIDENT Trigger:

\* Activates the playbook when an incident is created or updated.

\* The incident details are available as variables in subsequent tasks.

\* Selected as it enables the use of incident details as trigger variables.

\* ON SCHEDULE Trigger:

\* Executes the playbook at specified times or intervals.

\* Does not inherently use trigger events to pass variables to later tasks.

\* Not selected as it does not involve passing trigger event details.

\* ON DEMAND Trigger:

\* Runs the playbook manually or as required.

\* Does not automatically include trigger event details for use in later tasks.

\* Not selected as it does not use trigger events for variables.

\* Implementation Steps:

\* Step 1: Define the conditions for the EVENT or INCIDENT trigger in the playbook configuration.

\* Step 2: Use the details from the trigger event or incident in subsequent tasks to customize actions and responses.

\* Step 3: Test the playbook to ensure that the trigger variables are correctly passed and utilized.

\* Conclusion:

\* EVENT and INCIDENT triggers are specifically designed to initiate playbooks based on specific occurrences, allowing the use of trigger details in subsequent tasks.

Fortinet Documentation on Playbook Configuration FortiSOAR Playbook Guide By using the EVENT and INCIDENT triggers, you can leverage trigger events in later tasks as variables, enabling more dynamic and responsive playbook actions.

### NEW QUESTION # 28

Refer to the exhibits.

**Investigation Actions**

Investigation Actions:

1. **Identify and Isolate Affected Systems:** Begin by identifying the systems associated with the incident, specifically those linked to the IP addresses FortiGate-ISFW, FortiGate-NGFW, 10.200.200.254, and 100.64.2.21. Isolate these systems to prevent further data exfiltration.
2. **Analyze Network Traffic:** Examine network logs to trace the data flow and identify any unusual patterns or unauthorized data transfers. Focus on traffic related to the technique "Exfiltration Over Unencrypted/Obfuscated Non-C2 Protocol" (T1048.003).
3. **Review Security Alerts and Logs:** Check security alerts and logs from the incident reporting device and other security tools to gather more context about the exfiltration attempt.
4. **Conduct a Forensic Analysis:** Perform a forensic analysis on the affected systems to uncover any malware or unauthorized access points that facilitated the exfiltration.
5. **Assess Data Impact:** Determine the type and volume of data exfiltrated to assess the potential impact on the organization.
6. **Implement Mitigation Measures:** Based on findings, apply necessary security patches, update firewall rules, and enhance monitoring to prevent future incidents.

**Remediation Actions**

Remediation Actions:

1. **Immediate Containment:** Isolate the affected systems, including the devices with IPs FortiGate-ISFW, FortiGate-NGFW and 10.200.200.254, to prevent further data exfiltration. Disconnect these systems from the network to halt any ongoing unauthorized data transfers.
2. **Incident Analysis:** Conduct a thorough investigation to understand the scope and impact of the exfiltration. Analyze logs and network traffic to identify the data accessed and the method used for exfiltration.
3. **Patch and Update:** Ensure all systems, especially those involved in the incident, are updated with the latest security patches to close any vulnerabilities that may have been exploited.
4. **Enhance Monitoring:** Implement enhanced monitoring and alerting for unusual data transfer activities, particularly focusing on non-standard protocols that may be used for exfiltration.
5. **User Training:** Conduct cybersecurity awareness training for employees to recognize and report suspicious activities, emphasizing the importance of data protection.
6. **Review and Update Security Policies:** Reassess and update security policies and procedures to address any gaps identified during the incident analysis.

How is the investigation and remediation output generated on FortiSIEM? (Choose one answer)

- A. By running an incident report
- **B. By using FortiAI to summarize the incident**
- C. By viewing the Context tab of an incident
- D. By exporting an incident

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From FortiSOAR 7.6., FortiSIEM 7.3 Exact Extract study guide:

In FortiSIEM 7.3, a key innovation is the integration of FortiAI, which provides generative AI capabilities to assist SOC analysts during the triage and response process.

\* **Generative AI Summary:** When an incident occurs, FortiAI can automatically analyze the underlying logs, correlation logic, and MITRE ATT&CK techniques (such as "Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol" shown in the exhibit) to generate a human-readable summary.

\* **Structured Output:** The output displayed in the exhibit—specifically the categorized Investigation Actions (identifying affected systems, analyzing traffic) and Remediation Actions (immediate containment, patching, user training)—is the typical result of a FortiAI summary request.

\* **Analyst Efficiency:** This feature is designed to reduce the "mean time to respond" (MTTR) by providing analysts with immediate, actionable steps without requiring them to manually piece together the recommended response plan from static documentation or disparate log views.

Why other options are incorrect:

\* **Exporting an incident (A):** Exporting an incident typically results in a raw data file (CSV/JSON/PDF) containing the log data and metadata, rather than an AI-generated strategic plan for investigation and remediation.

\* **Running an incident report (B):** Standard incident reports provide statistical and historical data about incidents over time. They do not dynamically generate specific, numbered investigation steps tailored to the unique context of a single live incident.

\* **Context tab (D):** The Context tab in FortiSIEM is primarily used to view the CMDB information of the involved assets (e.g., host details, owner, location) and related historical events. While it provides the data needed for an investigation, it does not provide the list of actions to take.

**NEW QUESTION # 29**

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