

Pass Guaranteed Quiz 2026 Oracle 1z0-1093-25: Fantastic Oracle Cloud Database Services 2025 Professional Reliable Test Forum



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Oracle 1z0-1093-25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---------|---|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Base Database Service - VM (BaseDB): This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cloud Database Administrator and covers the foundational elements of Oracle's Base Database Service. It includes understanding what the BaseDB service is, how to provision and manage it, and lifecycle operations such as backups, recovery, patching, and upgrades. It also tests familiarity with monitoring and management interfaces used to control and observe the BaseDB environment. |
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| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Database Management Service: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cloud Operations Analyst and provides insight into Oracle's Database Management Service on OCI. It focuses on enabling the service for databases, monitoring their performance, and performing diagnostic and tuning activities. It also covers tasks related to the administration of databases running on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MySQL HeatWave Technical Overview: This section of the exam measures the skills of a MySQL Cloud Specialist and introduces MySQL HeatWave, Oracle's high-performance analytics engine for MySQL. It includes provisioning, migrating existing MySQL databases to HeatWave, and working with its analytical and machine-learning capabilities. It also covers day-to-day operational activities within the MySQL HeatWave environment. |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NoSQL Database Service Technical Overview: This section of the exam measures the skills of a NoSQL Developer and explores Oracle's NoSQL Database Service. It includes understanding the basics of NoSQL architecture, handling table-level security, rate limiting, and data modeling. It also covers concepts like provisioned throughput and the usage of language SDKs for interacting with NoSQL services on Oracle Cloud. |
| Topic 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exadata Database Service (ExaDB): This section of the exam measures the skills of a Database Infrastructure Engineer and focuses on the advanced Exadata Database Service. It includes the provisioning of Exadata systems, management of Exadata Cloud Infrastructure, and VM Cluster administration. It also evaluates knowledge of lifecycle management tasks and how to interact with various Exadata management utilities and interfaces. |

Oracle Cloud Database Services 2025 Professional Sample Questions (Q27-Q32):

NEW QUESTION # 27

Which two statements are accurate regarding the placement of VM Clusters within an Exadata Cloud Infrastructure?

- A. Multiple VM Clusters can be created within a single Exadata Cloud Infrastructure, allowing for workload isolation.
- B. Each VM Cluster must be associated with its own dedicated VCN, isolating network traffic between clusters.
- C. Only one VM Cluster can exist within an Exadata Cloud Infrastructure.
- D. VM Clusters within the same Exadata Infrastructure can share a single VCN, simplifying network management.
- E. VM Clusters can span multiple Exadata Cloud Infrastructures, providing a single, unified database environment.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

B: Multiple VM Clusters within a single Exadata Infrastructure:

- * Multiple clusters can coexist, each isolated for specific workloads.
- * Supports resource optimization and isolation.

E: Sharing a single VCN:

- * VM Clusters within the same Exadata Infrastructure can be configured to use the same Virtual Cloud Network (VCN), streamlining network management.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A. Only one VM Cluster: Incorrect as multiple clusters are supported.
- * C. Spanning multiple infrastructures: VM Clusters do not span Exadata Infrastructures; they are confined to a single infrastructure.
- * D. Dedicated VCN for each cluster: Unnecessary, as clusters can share a VCN.

NEW QUESTION # 28

What is the MOST appropriate method for patching an Exadata Database Service infrastructure, including both database and storage servers, to maintain the latest security updates and bug fixes?

- A. Utilizing the automated patching capabilities provided by the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) console or API.
- B. Relying on the default OS auto-update features to handle all necessary patching.
- C. Only patching the database nodes and ignoring the storage servers unless a specific issue arises.

- D. Manually downloading and applying patches to each individual component.

Answer: A

Explanation:

B: Automated Patching via OCI Console/API:

- * Oracle Cloud Infrastructure offers automated patching tools specifically designed for Exadata Database Service.
- * These tools coordinate patching across database and storage servers, ensuring consistency.
- * Features include rolling patching to minimize downtime.
- * Automation significantly reduces human error and ensures that both database and storage servers are patched efficiently.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A. Manual patching: Prone to errors and time-consuming, especially for complex Exadata environments.
- * C. Default OS auto-update: Insufficient for comprehensive patching of Exadata components.
- * D. Ignoring storage servers: Unsafe and could lead to security vulnerabilities.

NEW QUESTION # 29

When deploying Exadata Database Service, what is the PRIMARY benefit of using the "Cloud Tooling" deployment option versus manually configuring an on-premises Exadata system?

- A. "Cloud Tooling" allows using older versions of Oracle Database that are no longer supported on-premises.
- B. "Cloud Tooling" offers significantly more granular control over the underlying hardware configuration.
- C. "Cloud Tooling" completely eliminates the need for any database administrator intervention.
- **D. "Cloud Tooling" automates the provisioning, patching, and lifecycle management of the Exadata infrastructure.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

B: Automation of provisioning and management:

- * Cloud Tooling automates key tasks such as provisioning, patching, scaling, and maintenance.
- * Reduces manual configuration errors and saves time.
- * Ensures consistency in setup and updates, minimizing downtime.
- * Greatly simplifies lifecycle management, making cloud deployments more efficient than on-premises.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A. More granular hardware control: Cloud tooling abstracts low-level hardware management.
- * C. No DBA intervention: While reduced, DBAs still handle application-specific configurations and performance tuning.
- * D. Using older database versions: Exadata Cloud Service supports only supported versions, not deprecated ones.

NEW QUESTION # 30

Which two of the following options are valid statements regarding the management of the operating system on a Base Database Service Virtual Machine DB System?

- **A. Customers are responsible for the security and maintenance of the operating system, including applying necessary patches and updates.**
- B. Oracle manages the underlying operating system patching and updates, ensuring the system remains secure and compliant.
- C. Direct SSH access to the underlying VM is restricted, and all OS-level operations must be performed through the Web Console.
- **D. Customers have full root access to the underlying operating system of the Virtual Machine DB System, allowing for customization and installation of custom software.**
- E. Customers are responsible for the initial OS installation, but then patching is controlled entirely by Oracle.

Answer: A,D

NEW QUESTION # 31

You need to implement a backup and recovery strategy for your MySQL HeatWave Database System. What is the recommended method for backing up and restoring your HeatWave cluster?

- A. Using the MySQL Enterprise Backup tool directly on the HeatWave nodes.
- **B. Utilizing OCI Database backups, which include both the MySQL Database System and the HeatWave cluster.**

- Answer: B**

- * A. Manual copying: Prone to errors and lacks consistency.
- * B. Manual dumps to Object Storage: Labor-intensive and not automated.
- * D. MySQL replication: Suitable for high availability, but not a substitute for regular backups.
- * E. MySQL Enterprise Backup on nodes: Complex and not designed for HeatWave's distributed environment.

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