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>> **Reliable Mule-Arch-201 Exam Questions** <<

Salesforce Reliable Mule-Arch-201 Exam Questions: Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Platform Architect - TestkingPDF Test Engine Simulation

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Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Platform Architect Sample Questions (Q28-Q33):

NEW QUESTION # 28

What is most likely NOT a characteristic of an integration test for a REST API implementation?

- A. The test needs all source and/or target systems configured and accessible
- B. The test runs immediately after the Mule application has been compiled and packaged

- C. The test prepares a known request payload and validates the response payload
- D. The test is triggered by an external HTTP request

Answer: B

Explanation:

Correct Answer: The test runs immediately after the Mule application has been compiled and packaged

>> Integration tests are the last layer of tests we need to add to be fully covered.

>> These tests actually run against Mule running with your full configuration in place and are tested from external source as they work in PROD.

>> These tests exercise the application as a whole with actual transports enabled. So, external systems are affected when these tests run.

So, these tests do NOT run immediately after the Mule application has been compiled and packaged.

FYI... Unit Tests are the one that run immediately after the Mule application has been compiled and packaged.

NEW QUESTION # 29

A Platform Architect inherits a legacy monolithic SOAP-based web service that performs a number of tasks, including showing all policies belonging to a client. The service connects to two back-end systems - a life-insurance administration system and a general-insurance administration system - and then queries for insurance policy information within each system, aggregates the results, and presents a SOAP-based response to a user interface (UI).

The architect wants to break up the monolithic web service to follow API-led conventions.

Which part of the service should be put into the process layer?

- A. Presenting the SOAP-based response to the UI
- **B. Combining the insurance policy information from the administration systems**
- C. Authenticating and maintaining connections to each of the back-end administration systems
- D. Querying the data from the administration systems

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 30

What is typically NOT a function of the APIs created within the framework called API-led connectivity?

- A. They can compose data from various sources and combine them with orchestration logic to create higher level value.
- B. They reduce the dependency on the underlying backend systems by helping unlock data from backend systems in a reusable and consumable way.
- **C. They provide an additional layer of resilience on top of the underlying backend system, thereby insulating clients from extended failure of these systems.**
- D. They allow for innovation at the user Interface level by consuming the underlying assets without being aware of how data is being extracted from backend systems.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Correct Answer: They provide an additional layer of resilience on top of the underlying backend system, thereby insulating clients from extended failure of these systems.

In API-led connectivity,

>> Experience APIs - allow for innovation at the user interface level by consuming the underlying assets without being aware of how data is being extracted from backend systems.

>> Process APIs - compose data from various sources and combine them with orchestration logic to create higher level value

>> System APIs - reduce the dependency on the underlying backend systems by helping unlock data from backend systems in a reusable and consumable way.

However, they NEVER promise that they provide an additional layer of resilience on top of the underlying backend system, thereby insulating clients from extended failure of these systems.

<https://dzone.com/articles/api-led-connectivity-with-mule>

NEW QUESTION # 31

An IT Security Compliance Auditor is assessing which nonfunctional requirements (NFRs) are already being implemented to meet security measures.

- * The Web API has Rate-Limiting SLA
- * Basic Authentication - LDAP
- * JSON Threat Protection
- * IP Allowlist policies applied

Which two NFRs are enforced?

- A. Performance expectations are to be allowed up to 1,000 requests per second
- **B. The API invocations are coming from a known subnet range**
- **C. Username/password supported to validate login credentials**
- D. The API is protected against XML invocation attacks
- E. Sensitive data is masked to prevent compromising critical information

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

Understanding Nonfunctional Requirements (NFRs):

The NFRs in this context are related to security measures implemented for the Web API, such as rate limiting, LDAP-based authentication, JSON threat protection, and IP allowlist policies.

Evaluating the Options:

Option A (Correct Answer): The IP allowlist policy restricts access to known subnets, ensuring that API invocations come from a defined range of IPs.

Option B (Correct Answer): Basic Authentication with LDAP enforces a username/password validation, satisfying an NFR for identity verification.

Option C: Masking sensitive data is not part of the listed NFRs, as none of the mentioned policies address data masking.

Option D: XML threat protection is not mentioned, so this option is incorrect.

Option E: While rate-limiting implies performance control, it does not directly enforce a specific performance expectation.

Conclusion:

Options A and B are correct as they directly address the implemented security measures related to IP range restrictions and username/password authentication.

Refer to MuleSoft's documentation on API security policies for details on LDAP, rate limiting, and allowlist policies.

NEW QUESTION # 32

A Mule application exposes an HTTPS endpoint and is deployed to the CloudHub Shared Worker Cloud. All traffic to that Mule application must stay inside the AWS VPC.

To what TCP port do API invocations to that Mule application need to be sent?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- **D. 3**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Correct Answer: 8082

>> 8091 and 8092 ports are to be used when keeping your HTTP and HTTPS app private to the LOCAL VPC respectively.

>> Above TWO ports are not for Shared AWS VPC/ Shared Worker Cloud.

>> 8081 is to be used when exposing your HTTP endpoint app to the internet through Shared LB

>> 8082 is to be used when exposing your HTTPS endpoint app to the internet through Shared LB So, API invocations should be sent to port 8082 when calling this HTTPS based app.

Reference:

<https://docs.mulesoft.com/runtime-manager/cloudhub-networking-guide>

<https://help.mulesoft.com/s/article/Configure-Cloudhub-Application-to-Send-a-HTTPS-Request-Directly-to-Another-Cloudhub-Application>

<https://help.mulesoft.com/s/question/0D52T00004mXXULSA4/multiple-http-listeners-on-cloudhub-one-with-port-9090>

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The vendor doesn't provide adequate support, The basic concept is that when requirements are defined, a design is started, You just need to take little time to study and prepare, and passing the Mule-Arch-201 actual test will be a little case.

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