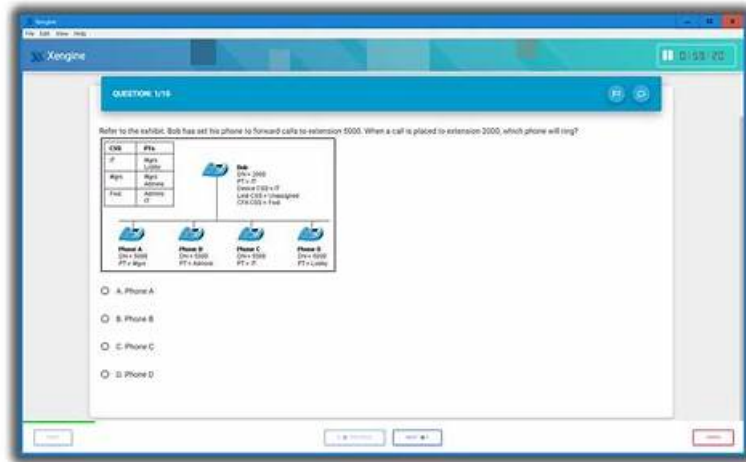


AD0-E902 Test Questions Answers & AD0-E902 Interactive EBook



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Adobe AD0-E902 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	Scenario Design and Architecture: This section of the exam measures the skills of Solution Architects and focuses on designing and structuring Fusion scenarios efficiently. Candidates must determine the correct steps to parse JSON, perform data lookups, and distinguish between different triggers. Understanding system limitations, module selection, and timezone handling is also essential. One key skill assessed is identifying the appropriate method for uploading documents while managing access controls.
Topic 2	Testing and Error Handling: This section of the exam measures the skills of Quality Assurance Engineers and evaluates the principles of testing and error handling in Fusion. Candidates must define test plans and test cases, identify directives for handling unreliable services, and configure custom error handling mechanisms. One specific skill tested is applying the correct error-handling directive to manage service disruptions.
Topic 3	Foundational Technical Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of Fusion Developers and covers core technical concepts related to data transformation, function nesting, and expression formation in Fusion. Candidates must understand how to modify field formats, use appropriate functions, and work with data manipulation techniques. One key skill evaluated is selecting the correct function to transform data between different formats.
Topic 4	Working with APIs: This section of the exam measures the skills of Integration Specialists and assesses knowledge of API interactions within Fusion. Candidates must handle rate-limiting errors, identify ways to integrate third-party APIs and determine the correct module types when built-in functionalities are unavailable. One critical skill evaluated is implementing a solution for API rate limits to ensure seamless integration.

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Adobe Workfront Fusion Professional Sample Questions (Q39-Q44):

NEW QUESTION # 39

A Fusion user is developing a scenario. The first half of the scenario needs to be tested for consistency. No additional actions are to be executed.

Which control module is required to disable the execution of subsequent modules?

- A. Ignore
- B. Router
- C. Sleep
- **D. Break**

Answer: D

Explanation:

* Understanding the Requirement:

* The user wants to test the first half of the scenario for consistency without executing the remaining modules.

* This requires halting further execution after a specific point in the scenario.

* Why Option D ("Break") is Correct:

* TheBreakmodule is a flow control module in Adobe Workfront Fusion that stops the execution of all subsequent modules in the scenario.

* It is specifically designed for scenarios where you want to terminate execution after testing or processing a portion of the flow.

* Example Use Case: After ensuring the first set of modules processes data correctly, the Break module prevents the execution of later modules to avoid unintended actions or changes.

* Why the Other Options are Incorrect:

* Option A ("Router"):

* The Router splits the execution flow into multiple branches but does not stop the execution of subsequent modules.

* Option B ("Sleep"):

* The Sleep module pauses execution for a specified time but does not disable subsequent modules permanently.

* Option C ("Ignore"):

* There is no "Ignore" module in Workfront Fusion.

* Steps to Use the Break Module:

* Insert theBreakmodule at the point where you want to stop execution.

* Save and run the scenario to test the flow up to the Break module.

* Once satisfied with the results, remove or bypass the Break module to continue testing or finalizing the full scenario.

* How This Solves the Problem:

* The Break module allows targeted testing of specific sections of the scenario while preventing unwanted execution of subsequent actions, making it a safe and efficient way to debug workflows.

References and Supporting Documentation:

* Adobe Workfront Fusion Flow Control Modules Documentation

* Workfront Community: Using the Break Module in Scenario Development

NEW QUESTION # 40

A Fusion user needs to connect Workfront with a third-party system that does not have a dedicated app connector in Fusion. What should the user do to build this integration?

- A. Create a new connection to the third-party system in the connections area and then the Universal Connectors will be available for use

- B. Determine the API structure and authentication protocols for the third-party system and then use the appropriate Universal Connector
- C. Use the Workfront Custom API module to set up the connection using API calls to the third-party system

Answer: B

Explanation:

* Understanding the Requirement:

* If a third-party system does not have a dedicated app connector in Workfront Fusion, users can still build an integration using Universal Connectors.

* Universal Connectors in Fusion allow users to configure custom API calls, enabling communication with systems that lack pre-built integrations.

* Steps to Build the Integration:

* Determine the API Structure: Review the third-party system's API documentation to understand the available endpoints, data formats (e.g., JSON, XML), and request/response structure.

* Identify Authentication Protocols: Determine how the third-party system handles authentication (e.g., API keys, OAuth 2.0, Basic Auth).

* Configure the Universal Connector: Use modules like HTTP Request or Webhook to make API calls to the third-party system based on the documented structure.

* Why Not Other Options?

* B. Create a new connection to the third-party system in the connections area and then the Universal Connectors will be available for use: Creating a new connection in the connections area is only applicable for predefined connectors, not for Universal Connectors, which require manual configuration for unsupported systems.

* C. Use the Workfront Custom API module to set up the connection using API calls to the third-party system: The Workfront Custom API module is specifically designed for Workfront's own API, not for connecting to third-party systems.

References:

* Adobe Workfront Fusion Documentation: Using Universal Connectors for Custom Integrations

* Experience League Community: Integrating Third-Party Systems Using Workfront Fusion Universal Modules

NEW QUESTION # 41

A query returns a partial list of possible values.

Which flow control module should be used to ensure all the possible results are queried?

- A. Iterator
- B. Aggregator
- C. Router
- D. Repeater

Answer: D

Explanation:

* Understanding the Requirement:

* The query returns only a partial list of possible values.

* The task is to ensure that all results are processed by iterating through multiple queries or pages of data.

* Why Option B ("Repeater") is Correct:

* The Repeater module is designed to repeat an operation a specified number of times or until a condition is met.

* It is commonly used for querying paginated data or when a system limits the number of records returned in a single request.

* In this case, the Repeater ensures all possible values are queried by making additional requests to retrieve subsequent pages or results.

* Why the Other Options are Incorrect:

* Option A ("Aggregator"):

* The Aggregator combines multiple data bundles into a single output. It does not handle iterative queries or pagination.

* Option C ("Iterator"):

* The Iterator splits an array into individual items for processing. It does not handle querying for additional data or looping through requests.

* Option D ("Router"):

* The Router splits the flow of a scenario into multiple paths based on conditions. It is unrelated to iterative querying.

* Steps to Configure the Repeater:

* Add the Repeater module to your scenario.

* Configure the number of repetitions or the condition to continue querying (e.g., based on the presence of additional data).

- * Link the Repeater to the module responsible for retrieving the data, ensuring it processes all available results.
 - * How This Solves the Problem:
 - * The Repeater module ensures that all possible results are queried by iteratively sending requests until no more data is available.
- References and Supporting Documentation:
- * Adobe Workfront Fusion: Repeater Module Documentation
 - * Workfront Community: Using Flow Control Modules

NEW QUESTION # 42

A Fusion scenario is making too many requests to a third-party API, which returns a 429 "Too Many Requests" error. Which technique reduces the number of API requests?

- A. Moving Search and GET modules earlier in the scenario instead of pulling more data about the same record multiple times
- B. Adding a Retry error handling directive to the Fusion scenario
- C. Using a Search module to get record IDs and then read those IDs with a Read Record module to pull other data

Answer: A

Explanation:

- * Understanding the Issue:
 - * The scenario is making too many API requests, causing the third-party API to return a 429 "Too Many Requests" error, which indicates that the rate limit has been exceeded.
 - * The solution needs to reduce unnecessary or redundant API requests to prevent hitting the API limits.
 - * Why Option B is Correct:
 - * Avoid Redundant Requests:
 - * Placing Search and GET modules earlier in the scenario ensures that all required data is retrieved in one batch or in fewer requests, rather than repeatedly querying the same record later in the scenario.
 - * This technique reduces the overall number of API requests sent to the third-party system.
 - * Efficient Data Flow:
 - * By structuring the scenario to retrieve all necessary data at the beginning, subsequent modules can reuse the retrieved data instead of making additional API calls.
 - * Why the Other Options are Incorrect:
 - * Option A ("Using a Search module and then a Read Record module"):
 - * This approach can increase API requests, as the Search module retrieves record IDs, and the Read Record module makes separate API requests for each record. This often results in more requests than necessary.
 - * Option C ("Adding a Retry error handling directive"):
 - * Adding a Retry directive does not reduce the number of requests. Instead, it retries failed requests, which could worsen the problem by increasing API traffic.
 - * Best Practices to Reduce API Requests:
 - * Consolidate data retrieval into a single module or a smaller number of requests.
 - * Use caching or intermediate storage (like Fusion Data Stores) to avoid re-fetching the same data.
 - * Limit the scope of Search modules by using filters or pagination to process smaller, relevant data sets.
- References and Supporting Documentation:
- * Adobe Workfront Fusion Best Practices: Managing API Rate Limits
 - * Workfront Community: Error 429 Solutions

NEW QUESTION # 43

A custom API call to a web service is used inside of a high volume iteration. The module that calls the web service sometimes returns an error - 429: Too many requests.

Which two actions may be used to address this error? (Choose two.)

- A. Use a break directive on the module generating the error
- B. Add a module to test the service for errors
- C. Use an ignore directive on the module generating the error
- D. Add a sleep module just prior to the module generating the error

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

When encountering the error 429: Too many requests, which indicates the web service is being overwhelmed by requests, the

* Experience League Community: Managing Web Service Errors in High-Volume Iterations

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