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Confluent CCDAK (Confluent Certified Developer for Apache Kafka Certification Examination) Certification Exam is a globally recognized certification program that validates an individual's knowledge and skills in Apache Kafka technology. Confluent Certified Developer for Apache Kafka Certification Examination certification exam is designed for developers who work with Apache Kafka and want to demonstrate their expertise in the field. Confluent Certified Developer for Apache Kafka Certification Examination certification is offered by Confluent, the leading provider of Apache Kafka-based solutions.

>> CCDAK Exam Objectives <<

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The CCDAK certification exam is a computer-based exam that consists of 60 multiple-choice questions. CCDAK exam is timed and lasts for 90 minutes. The passing score for the exam is 70%, meaning that candidates need to answer at least 42 questions correctly to pass the exam. CCDAK Exam can be taken online or at a certified testing center.

Confluent Certified Developer for Apache Kafka Certification Examination

Sample Questions (Q61-Q66):

NEW QUESTION # 61
Which of the following is not an Avro primitive type?

- A. null
- B. date
- C. string
- D. long
- E. int

Answer: B

Explanation:
date is a logical type

NEW QUESTION # 62
You are sending messages with keys to a topic. To increase throughput, you decide to increase the number of partitions of the topic.
Select all that apply.

- A. New records may get written to a different partition
- B. Old records will stay in their partitions
- C. All the existing records will get rebalanced among the partitions to balance load
- D. New records with the same key will get written to the partition where old records with that key were written

Answer: A,B

Explanation:
Increasing the number of partition causes new messages keys to get hashed differently, and breaks the guarantee "same keys goes to the same partition". Kafka logs are immutable and the previous messages are not re-shuffled

NEW QUESTION # 63
You need to explain the best reason to implement the consumer callback interface ConsumerRebalanceListener prior to a Consumer Group Rebalance.
Which statement is correct?

- A. Partitions assigned to a consumer may change.
- B. Offsets are compacted.
- C. Partition leaders may change.
- D. Previous log files are deleted.

Answer: A

Explanation:
The ConsumerRebalanceListener lets you handle partition assignments and revocations during rebalances.
This is critical for managing offsets, stateful processing, or external transactions.
From Kafka Consumer Rebalance Docs:
"Implementing ConsumerRebalanceListener allows your application to take action before and after partitions are reassigned." A is true: It lets your app react when partitions assigned to the consumer change.
B, C, and D are unrelated to consumer rebalancing directly.
Reference: Kafka Consumer JavaDocs > ConsumerRebalanceListener

NEW QUESTION # 64
You create a topic with five partitions.
What can be assumed about messages read from that topic by a single consumer group?

- A. The consumer group can only read the same number of messages from all the partitions.
- B. Messages can be consumed by a maximum of five consumers in the same consumer group.

- C. Messages read from any one partition by the consumer group will all have exactly the same key.
- D. All the messages will be read from exactly one Broker by the consumer group.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 65

A consumer has auto.offset.reset=latest, and the topic partition currently has data for offsets going from 45 to 2311. The consumer group never committed offsets for the topic before. Where will the consumer read from?

- A. it will crash
- B. offset 2311
- C. offset 0
- D. offset 45

Answer: B

Explanation:
Latest means that data retrievals will start from where the offsets currently end

NEW QUESTION # 66

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