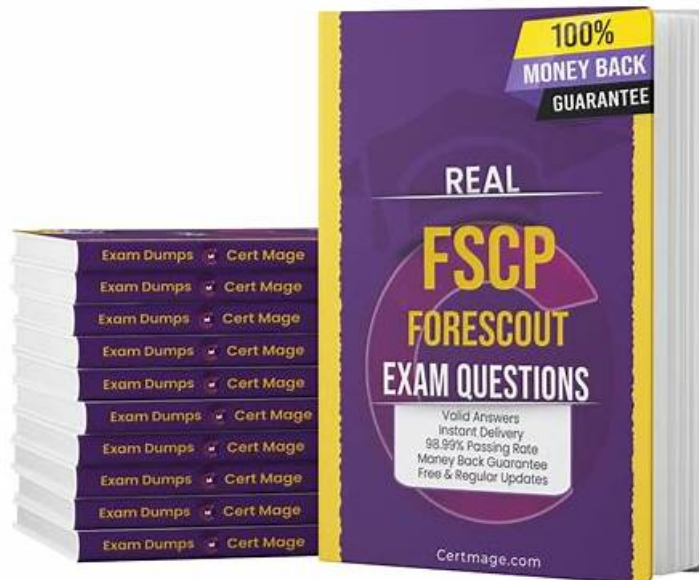


FSCP Forescout Certified Professional Exam Dumps For Ultimate Results 2026



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Forescout FSCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures skills of operations leads and senior technical support engineers, and covers diagnosing complex issues across component interactions, policy enforcement failures, plugin misbehavior, and end to end workflows requiring root cause analysis and corrective strategy rather than just surface level fixes.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General Review of FSCA Topics: This section of the exam measures skills of network security engineers and system administrators, and covers a broad refresh of foundational platform concepts, including architecture, asset identification, and initial deployment considerations. It ensures you are fluent in relevant baseline topics before moving into more advanced areas.]. Policy Best Practices: This section of the exam measures skills of security policy architects and operational administrators, and covers how to design and enforce robust policies effectively, emphasizing maintainability, clarity, and alignment with organizational goals rather than just technical configuration.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plugin Tuning User Directory: This section of the exam measures skills of directory services integrators and identity engineers, and covers tuning plugins that integrate with user directories: configuration, mapping of directory attributes to platform policies, performance considerations, and security implications.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advanced Product Topics Certificates and Identity Tracking: This section of the exam measures skills of identity and access control specialists and security engineers, and covers the management of digital certificates, PKI integration, identity tracking mechanisms, and how those support enforcement and audit capability within the system.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customized Policy Examples: This section of the exam measures skills of security architects and solution delivery engineers, and covers scenario based policy design and implementation: you will need to understand business case requirements, craft tailored policy frameworks, adjust for exceptional devices or workflows, and document or validate those customizations in context.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plugin Tuning Switch: This section of the exam measures skills of network switch engineers and NAC (network access control) specialists, and covers tuning switch related plugins such as switch port monitoring, layer 2 • 3 integration, ACL or VLAN assignments via network infrastructure and maintaining visibility and control through those network assets.

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Forescout Certified Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q48-Q53):

NEW QUESTION # 48

Which of the following is true when setting up an Enterprise Manager as a High Availability Pair?

- A. HA needs to be manually configured on the secondary appliance in order to sync correctly.
- B. Connect devices to the network and to each other.
- **C. HA requires a license.**
- D. If HA reboots, this is an indication of a problem.
- E. Set up HA on the Secondary node first.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout Resiliency Solutions User Guide and the Forescout Platform Installation Guide, High Availability (HA) requires a license. The documentation explicitly states:

"If your deployment is using Centralized Licensing Mode, you must acquire a valid ForeScout CounterACT Resiliency license. The Resiliency license supports: High Availability Pairing for Enterprise Manager is supported by the Forescout CounterACT See License." High Availability Licensing Requirements:

According to the official documentation:

Per-Appliance Licensing Mode:

"The demo license for your High Availability system is valid for 30 days. You must install a permanent license before this period expires." Centralized Licensing Mode:

"If your deployment is using Centralized Licensing Mode, you must acquire a valid ForeScout CounterACT Resiliency license for Appliances, or a CounterACT See License for Enterprise Manager High Availability Pairing." License Usage Considerations:

According to the documentation:

* "You should use the IP address of the High Availability pair when requesting a High Availability license"

* "If a license is only issued to the Active node in a High Availability pair, the system may not operate after failover to the Standby node"

* "Both nodes must be up when requesting a license"

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

* A. If HA reboots, this is an indication of a problem - According to the documentation, reboots can occur during the setup process:

"Following the second reboot in the high availability setup, allow time for data synchronization" - this is normal, not an indication of a problem

* B. Set up HA on the Secondary node first - Incorrect order. According to the documentation, "Before you begin setting up the Secondary node Forescout Platform device, verify that the Primary node Forescout Platform device is powered on" - the Primary node must be set up first

* C. Connect devices to the network and to each other - While devices must be connected, this is a general infrastructure requirement, not specific to HA setup. The more specific requirement is licensing

* D. HA needs to be manually configured on the secondary appliance in order to sync correctly - According to the documentation, the Secondary node configuration uses a setup process that is distinct from the Primary node: "When setting up the Secondary node device, use the same sync interfaces and netmask settings used in the Primary node device" - this is guided setup, not manual configuration for sync High Availability Setup Process:

According to the documentation:

* Set up Primary Node - "Select High Availability mode: 1) Standard Installation 2) High Availability - Primary Node"

* Set up Secondary Node - "Set up a device as the secondary node" (secondary node connects to primary automatically)

* Licensing - "You must install a permanent license before this period expires" Referenced Documentation:

* Forescout Resiliency Solutions User Guide (v8.0)

* Forescout Installation Guide v8.1.x

* Forescout Resiliency and Recovery Solutions User Guide v8.1

* Set up and configure a device as the primary node

* Set up a device as the secondary node

NEW QUESTION # 49

What information must be known prior to generating a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)?

- A. CA, Domain Name, Administrators Name
- B. IP address, CA, Host Name
- C. Certificate extension, format requirements, Encryption Type
- D. Revocation Authority, Certificate Extension, CA
- E. Hostname, IP Address, and FQDN

Answer: E

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout RADIUS Plugin Configuration Guide and CSR Generation documentation, the information that must be known prior to generating a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) is Hostname, IP Address, and FQDN.

Information Required for CSR Generation:

According to the RADIUS Plugin Configuration Guide:

"When you generate the certificate signing request (CSR), you must know the following information about the system requesting the certificate:

* The hostname of the system

* The IP address of the system

* The FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) of the system"

Standard CSR Requirements:

According to the official documentation:

When generating a CSR, the following information is typically requested:

* Common Name (CN) - The FQDN or hostname of the system

* IP Address - The IP address of the appliance or device

* Organization Name - The organization/company name

* Organization Unit (OU) - Department or division

* Locality (L) - City or town

* State (ST) - State or province

* Country (C) - Country code

* Key Type - Typically RSA (2048-bit minimum)

Core Required Elements:

The most critical information that MUST be known before generating the CSR:

* Hostname - The computer/appliance name (e.g., "counteract-em-01")

* IP Address - The management IP address of the appliance (e.g., "192.168.1.50")

* FQDN - The fully qualified domain name (e.g., "counteract-em-01.example.com") These three pieces of information are essential because:

- * The certificate's validity is tied to these identifiers
- * The CSR encodes these values
- * The CA uses this information to validate the certificate request
- * Endpoints and systems verify certificates against these values

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * A. Certificate extension, format requirements, Encryption Type - These are configuration options, not prerequisite knowledge; extension type (e.g., .pfx, .pem) is determined after CSR signing
- * C. IP address, CA, Host Name - Missing FQDN; while CA information is needed eventually, it's not required to GENERATE the CSR
- * D. Revocation Authority, Certificate Extension, CA - Revocation authority and certificate extension are post-generation concerns; not needed to generate CSR
- * E. CA, Domain Name, Administrators Name - Administrator name is not necessary for CSR generation; CA information is needed for obtaining signed certificate, not generating CSR

According to the documentation:

- * Gather Required Information - Collect hostname, IP address, and FQDN
- * Generate CSR - Use tools like ftool cert gen to create the CSR file
- * Answer Prompts - Provide the hostname, IP, and FQDN when prompted
- * Submit to CA - Send the CSR file to a Certificate Authority for signing
- * Receive Signed Certificate - CA returns the signed certificate

CSR File Output:

According to the documentation:

The CSR generation process creates a file (typically ca_request.csr) containing:

- * The encoded hostname, IP address, and FQDN
- * The public key
- * The signature algorithm
- * Other system identification information

This file is then submitted to a Certificate Authority for signing.

Referenced Documentation:

- * Forescout RADIUS Plugin Configuration Guide v4.3 - Certificate Readiness section
- * Create a Certificate Sign Request documentation
- * How to Create a CSR (Certificate Signing Request) - DigiCert Reference
- * RADIUS Plugin Configuration - System Certificate section

NEW QUESTION # 50

Which of the following are true about the comments field of the CounterACT database? (Choose two)

- **A. Endpoints may have multiple comments assigned to them**
- B. It can be edited manually by a right click administrator action, or it can be edited in policy by using the action "Run Script on Windows"
- C. Endpoints may have exactly one comment assigned to them
- D. It cannot be edited manually by a right click administrator action, it can only be edited in policy by using the action "Run Script on CounterACT"
- **E. It can be edited manually by a right click administrator action, or it can be edited in policy by using the action "Run Script on CounterACT"**

Answer: A,E

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout Administration Guide - Device Information Properties documentation, the correct statements about the comments field are: Endpoints may have multiple comments assigned to them (A) and it can be edited manually by a right click administrator action, or it can be edited in policy by using the action "Run Script on CounterACT" (C).

Comments Field Overview:

According to the Device Information Properties documentation:

"(Right-click an endpoint in the Detections pane to add a comment. The comment is retained for the life of the endpoint in the Forescout Console.)" Multiple Comments Support:

According to the ForeScout Administration Guide:

Endpoints support multiple comments that can be added over time:

- * Manual Comments - Administrators can right-click an endpoint and add comments

- * Policy-Generated Comments - Policies can automatically add comments when conditions are met
- * Cumulative - Multiple comments are retained and displayed together
- * Persistent - Comments are retained for the life of the endpoint

Manual Comments via Right-Click:

According to the documentation:

Administrators can manually edit the comments field by:

- * Right-clicking on an endpoint in the Detections pane
- * Selecting "Add comment" or "Edit comment" option
- * Entering the comment text
- * Saving the comment

This manual method is readily available and frequently used for operational notes.

Policy-Based Comments via "Run Script on CounterACT":

According to the Administration Guide:

Policies can also edit the comments field using the "Run Script on CounterACT" action:

- * Create or edit a policy
 - * Add the "Run Script on CounterACT" action
 - * The script can modify the Comments host property
 - * When the policy condition is met, the script runs and updates the comment field
- Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
- * B. Cannot be edited manually...only via Run Script on CounterACT - Incorrect; manual right-click editing is explicitly supported
 - * D. Endpoints may have exactly one comment - Incorrect; multiple comments are supported
 - * E. Can be edited...by using action "Run Script on Windows" - Incorrect; the action is "Run Script on CounterACT," not "Run Script on Windows"

Comments Field Characteristics:

According to the documentation:

The Comments field:

- * Supports Multiple Entries - More than one comment can be added
- * Manually Editable - Right-click administrative action available
- * Policy Editable - "Run Script on CounterACT" action can modify it
- * Persistent - Retained for the life of the endpoint
- * Searchable - Comments can be used in policy conditions
- * Audit Trail - Provides documentation of endpoint history

Usage Examples:

According to the Administration Guide:

Manual Comments:

- * "Device moved to Building C - 2024-10-15"
- * "User reported software issue"
- * "Awaiting quarantine release approval"

Policy-Generated Comments:

- * Vulnerability compliance policy: "Failed patch compliance check"
- * Security policy: "Detected unauthorized application"
- * Remediation policy: "Scheduled for antivirus update"

Multiple such comments can accumulate on a single endpoint over time.

Referenced Documentation:

- * Forescout Administration Guide - Device Information Properties
- * ForeScout CounterACT Administration Guide - Comments field section

NEW QUESTION # 51

Which of the following plugins assists in classification for computer endpoints? (Choose two)

- A. Linux Plugin
- B. Advanced Tools
- C. Switch
- D. HPS Inspection Engine
- E. DNS Client

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout Administration Guide and Base Modules documentation, the plugins that assist in classification for computer endpoints are HPS Inspection Engine (B) and Advanced Tools (D).

HPS Inspection Engine Classification:

According to the HPS Inspection Engine Configuration Guide:

"The HPS Inspection Engine powers CounterACT tools used for classifying endpoints. These tools include the classification engine that is part of HPS Inspection Engine, the Primary Classification, Asset Classification and Mobile Classification templates, the Classify actions, and Classification/Classification (Advanced) properties." The HPS Inspection Engine provides:

- * Classification Engine - Determines the Network Function property
- * Primary Classification Template - Classifies endpoints into categories
- * Asset Classification Template - For asset-level classification
- * Mobile Classification Template - For mobile device classification
- * Multiple Classification Methods - Including NMAP, HTTP banner scanning, SMB analysis, passive TCP/IP fingerprinting

Advanced Tools Plugin Classification:

According to the Advanced Tools Plugin documentation:

"The Advanced Tools Plugin is used to classify endpoints based on characteristics such as operating system, hardware vendor, and application software." The Advanced Tools Plugin provides:

- * Endpoint Classification - Based on OS, vendor, and applications
- * Device Property Resolution - Resolves device characteristics
- * Fingerprinting - Identifies endpoints based on behavioral patterns

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * A. Switch - The Switch Plugin manages network devices (switches) and provides VLAN/access control, not endpoint classification
- * C. Linux Plugin - The Linux Plugin is a platform-specific module for managing Linux endpoints, not a general classification tool
- * E. DNS Client - The DNS Client Plugin resolves DNS queries but does not assist with endpoint classification

Workflow:

According to the documentation:

When classifying computer endpoints, Forescout uses:

- * HPS Inspection Engine - Primary classification tool analyzing:
 - * HTTP banners from web services
 - * SMB protocol information
 - * NMAP scans and service detection
 - * Passive TCP/IP fingerprinting
 - * Domain credentials analysis
- * Advanced Tools Plugin - Secondary classification providing:
 - * Vendor/model information
 - * Application detection
 - * Operating system identification
 - * Hardware characteristics

Together, these plugins provide comprehensive endpoint classification for computer systems.

Classification Properties Resolved:

According to the Base Modules documentation:

The HPS Inspection Engine and Advanced Tools plugins resolve:

- * Function (Workstation, Printer, Server, Router, etc.)
- * Operating System (Windows, Linux, macOS, etc.)
- * Vendor and Model information
- * Network Function (specific device role)
- * Application information

Referenced Documentation:

- * CounterACT Endpoint Module HPS Inspection Engine Configuration Guide v10.8
- * Forescout Platform Base Modules
- * About the Forescout Advanced Tools Plugin

NEW QUESTION # 52

Which of the following statements is true regarding Layer-2 channel?

- A. Recommended when there are a large number of VLANs
- B. Appliance monitor interface must be connected to an access layer switch
- C. Monitor interface is a trunk
- D. Response interface is a VLAN trunk
- E. Utilizes two interfaces

Answer: E

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout Installation Guide and Working with Appliance Channel Assignments documentation, a Layer-2 channel "Utilizes two interfaces" - one monitor interface and one response interface.

Layer-2 Channel Structure:

According to the documentation:

"A channel defines a pair of interfaces used by the Appliance to protect your network. In general, one interface monitors traffic going through the network (the monitor interface), and the other responds to traffic on the network (the response interface)." Two

Interface Components:

According to the Installation Guide:

* Monitor Interface:

* Monitors and tracks network traffic

* Traffic is mirrored from switch ports

* No IP address required

* Can be any available interface

* Response Interface:

* Responds to monitored traffic

* Used for policy actions and protections

* Configuration depends on VLAN tagging

* Can be same VLAN or trunk configuration

Layer-2 vs. Layer-3 Channel:

According to the documentation:

* Layer-2 Channel - Two interfaces (monitor and response)

* Layer-3 Channel - Uses IP layer for response

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

* A. Recommended for large number of VLANs - Actually, Layer-2 channels with VLAN tagging are recommended for multiple VLANs, but this doesn't define what a Layer-2 channel is

* B. Response interface is a VLAN trunk - While response interface CAN be a trunk for multiple VLANs, it's not required for all configurations

* C. Monitor interface is a trunk - The monitor interface receives mirrored traffic; trunk configuration depends on VLAN setup

* E. Must be connected to access layer switch - The appliance can connect to various switch types; not specifically limited to access layer

Referenced Documentation:

* Working with Appliance Channel Assignments

* Quick Installation Guide v8.4

* Quick Installation Guide v8.2

* Add Channels

* Monitor Interface

* Set up the Forescout Platform Network

NEW QUESTION # 53

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