

Web-Development-Applications勉強の資料 & Web-Development-Applications資格受験料



BONUS!!! Tech4Exam Web-Development-Applicationsダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード：<https://drive.google.com/open?id=10JWxu8NI6K5dljTfgvol0IE2l2FnR9SR>

Web-Development-Applicationsテスト教材は、主に3つの学習モード（Pdf、オンライン、ソフトウェア）をそれぞれ使用します。その中でも、ソフトウェアモデルはコンピューターユーザー向けに設計されており、ユーザーがWindowsインターフェイスを使用して学習のWeb-Development-Applicationsテスト準備を開くことができます。ユーザーが読むのに便利です。Web-Development-Applicationsテスト教材には、オンライン学習プラットフォームとは異なる最大の利点があります。Web-Development-Applicationsクイズトレントは、クライアントにログインして同時に詳細を学習することができ、人々はWeb-Development-Applicationsあらゆる種類の電子機器のテスト準備。

Web-Development-Applicationsの学習質問は、文化レベルの種類に関係なく、さまざまなレベルのユーザーに適しています。たとえ文化レベルが高くても、Web-Development-Applicationsトレーニング資料で自分に合ったものを見つけることができます。学習方法。それで、Web-Development-Applications学習教材のすべてのユーザーにとって、絶好の機会であり、さまざまなタイプから選択できます。また、ますます多くの学生がWeb-Development-Applicationsテストガイドを選択します。WGU Web Development Applicationsの学習質問を選択してください！

>> Web-Development-Applications勉強の資料 <<

権威のあるWeb-Development-Applications勉強の資料と実際的なWeb-Development-Applications資格受験料

あなたのキャリアでいくつかの輝かしい業績を行うことを望まないのですか。きっとそれを望んでいるでしょう。では、常に自分自身をアップグレードする必要があります。では、IT業種で仕事しているあなたはどのようにして自分のレベルを高めるべきですか。実は、Web-Development-Applications認定試験を受験して認証資格を取るの是一个非常の良い方法です。WGUの認定試験のWeb-Development-Applications資格は非常に大切なものですから、WGUの試験を受ける人もますます多くなっています。

WGU Web Development Applications 認定 Web-Development-Applications 試験問題 (Q29-Q34):

質問 # 29

What does declaring `<!DOCTYPE html>` indicate to the browser?

- A. The code is written in HTML4.
- **B. The code is written in HTML5.**
- C. The file extension is HTML4.
- D. The file extension is HTML5.

正解: B

解説:

From the W3C HTML5 Recommendation, section "2.5 The DOCTYPE":

"A DOCTYPE is a required preamble. DOCTYPEs are required for legacy reasons. When omitted, browsers tend to use a different rendering mode that is incompatible with some specifications. Including the DOCTYPE in a document ensures that the browser makes a best-effort attempt at following the relevant specifications.

A DOCTYPE must consist of the following components, in this order:

- * The string <!DOCTYPE (case-insensitive).
- * One or more whitespace characters.
- * The string html (case-insensitive).
- * Optionally, a legacy DOCTYPE string.
- * Zero or more whitespace characters.
- * A > character.

In other words, <!DOCTYPE html> exactly."

And from MDN Web Docs' "<!DOCTYPE>" entry:

"The <!DOCTYPE html> declaration informs the browser that the page is written in HTML5 and that it should be rendered in standards mode (instead of quirks mode). It is the simplest, case-insensitive form of DOCTYPE defined by HTML5." Together, these extracts confirm that <!DOCTYPE html> tells the browser the document uses HTML5 and directs it to render according to the HTML5 (standards) specification rather than falling back to legacy rendering modes.

References:

W3C HTML5 Recommendation, section "2.5 The DOCTYPE"

MDN Web Docs: "<!DOCTYPE>"

質問 # 30

Given the following CSS code:

```
#delay {
  font-size: 14px;
  transition-property: font-size;
  transition-duration: 4s;
  transition-delay: 2s;
}

#delay:hover {
  font-size: 36px;
}
```

How many seconds elapse before the font-size property begins to increase when a user hovers a mouse pointer over the delay element?

- A. 0
- **B. 1**
- C. 2
- D. 3

正解: B

解説:

The CSS transition-delay property specifies how long to wait before starting a property transition. In the given CSS code, the transition-delay is set to 2s.

* CSS Transition Properties:

* transition-property: Specifies the CSS property to which the transition is applied (font-size in this case).

* transition-duration: Specifies how long the transition takes (4s).

* transition-delay: Specifies the delay before the transition starts (2s).

Example:

* Given HTML:

```
<div id="delay">Hover over me</div>
```

* Given CSS:

```
#delay {
  font-size: 14px;
  transition-property: font-size;
  transition-duration: 4s;
  transition-delay: 2s;
}

#delay:hover {
  font-size: 36px;
}
```

Explanation: When a user hovers over the element with id="delay", it will wait for 2 seconds before the transition effect on font-size

starts.

References:

- * MDN Web Docs - transition-delay
- * W3C CSS Transitions

質問 # 31

Given the following HTML statement:

```
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Page</title>
</head>
<style>
hl {
background-colored;
}
</style>
<body>
<h1>Hello student!</h1>
</body>
```
```

Which CSS property should a developer use to apply a distance of 10 pixels between the text and its outer element in all directions (top, right, bottom, and left)?

- A. float
- B. border
- C. margin
- **D. padding**

正解: D

解説:

According to the CSS specification and documentation:

> "The `padding` CSS shorthand property sets the padding area on all four sides of an element. Padding is the space between the content of the element and its border."

>

> "If you want to create space *inside* an element, use padding. If you want to create space *outside* of an element, use margin." In this case, the developer needs to apply a distance between the content (text) and the element's outer edge - which is the definition of padding.

References:

- * MDN Web Docs: CSS padding property
- * CSS Standard (W3C): Box model explanation

質問 # 32

Given the following HTML statement:

```
```html
<div class="example">Example</div>
```
```

Which CSS rule hides the `

` tag when the browser's width is 600 pixels wide or less?

- A. ```css
@media screen and (max-resolution: 600px) {
div.example {
display: none;
}
}

- ```
...
```
- B. `css`  
`@media screen and (min-resolution: 600px) {`  
`div.example {`  
`display: none;`  
`}`  
`}`  
`...`
  - C. `css`  
`@media screen and (min-width: 600px) {`  
`div.example {`  
`display: none;`  
`}`  
`}`  
`...`
  - D. `css`  
`@media screen and (max-width: 600px) {`  
`div.example {`  
`display: none;`  
`}`  
`}`  
`...`

正解: D

解説:

> "The `@media` rule with `max-width: 600px` targets devices with a screen width of 600 pixels or less. The associated style `display: none;` hides the element when that condition is met." References:

\* MDN Web Docs: Using Media Queries

\* CSS Media Queries Specification

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### 質問 # 33

What should be used to request and update data in the background?

- A. API
- B. Canvas
- C. AJAX
- D. DOM

正解: C

解説:

> "AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML) is a technique used in web development to send and retrieve data from a server asynchronously, without interfering with the display and behavior of the existing page."

> This enables dynamic updates of web content without a full page reload.

References:

\* MDN Web Docs: AJAX Introduction

\* W3C: XMLHttpRequest API

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### 質問 # 34

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