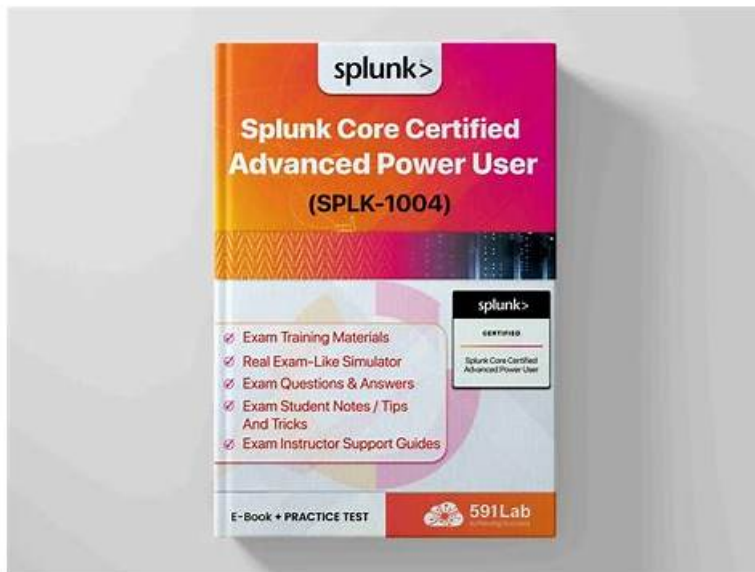


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Splunk Core Certified Advanced Power User Sample Questions (Q95-Q100):

NEW QUESTION # 95

Which command processes a template for a set of related fields?

- A. untable
- B. xyseries
- C. bin
- **D. foreach**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The `foreach` command applies a processing step to each field in a set of related fields. It allows repetitive operations to be applied to multiple fields in one go, streamlining tasks across several fields.

The `foreach` command in Splunk is used to process a template for a set of related fields. It allows you to iterate over multiple fields that share a common naming pattern and apply a transformation or operation to each of them. This is particularly useful when you have a series of similarly named fields (e.g., `field1`, `field2`, `field3`) and want to perform the same action on all of them without specifying each field individually.

For example, if you have fields like `price1`, `price2`, and `price3`, and you want to convert their values to integers, you can use the following syntax:

References:

* Splunk Documentation on `foreach`: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/foreach>

NEW QUESTION # 96

When possible, what is the best choice for summarizing data to improve search performance?

- A. Summary indexing
- B. Data model acceleration
- C. Report acceleration
- D. Use the `fieldsummary` command.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 97

What command is used to compute and write summary statistics to a new field in the event results?

- A. `transaction`
- B. `tstats`
- C. `eventstats`
- D. `stats`

Answer: C

Explanation:

The `eventstats` command in Splunk is used to compute and add summary statistics to all events in the search results, similar to the `stats` command, but without grouping the results into a single event (Option C). This command adds the computed summary statistics as new fields to each event, allowing those fields to be used in subsequent search operations or for display purposes. Unlike the `transaction` command, which groups events into transactions, `eventstats` retains individual events while enriching them with statistical information.

NEW QUESTION # 98

Which commands can run on both search heads and indexers?

- A. Centralized streaming commands
- B. Dataset processing commands
- C. Transforming commands
- D. Distributable streaming commands

Answer: D

Explanation:

Distributable streaming commands in Splunk can run on both search heads and indexers (Option D). These commands operate on each event independently and can be distributed across indexers for parallel execution, which enhances search efficiency and scalability. This category includes commands like `search`, `where`, `eval`, and many others that do not require the entire dataset to be available to produce their output.

NEW QUESTION # 99

- A. Contextual
- B. Visualization
- C. Event
- D. Dynamic

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