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## MSSC CLT Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dispatch and Tracking Operations: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Technician and covers the procedures for organizing shipments, coordinating carriers, and monitoring the progress of goods in transit until they reach their destination.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety Principles: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Associate and covers essential workplace safety guidelines and procedures needed to maintain a secure working environment and prevent common injuries.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quality Control Principles: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Associate and covers the fundamental concepts used to monitor and ensure that goods and processes meet required quality standards and customer expectations.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Evaluation of Transportation Modes (Truck, Air, Rail, Water): This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Technician and covers the ability to compare and select the most appropriate transportation methods based on factors like cost, speed, and the nature of the freight being moved.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Logistics Environment: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Associate and covers the standard operational setting, including the various facilities, equipment, and regulatory factors that affect daily logistics tasks.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safe Handling of Hazardous Materials: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Technician and covers the specific regulations, documentation, and protective measures required for storing and moving dangerous goods safely.</li> </ul>
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Information Systems: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Associate and covers understanding and using the basic technology and software systems necessary to track, manage, and execute logistics operations, such as inventory or shipment records.</li> </ul>
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Measuring Weight &amp; Volume: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Technician and covers the technical computations needed to correctly size packages and calculate accurate weight and cubic volume for shipping costs and load planning.</li> </ul>
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Order Processing: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Technician and covers the steps required to accurately manage and fulfill customer requests, including picking and preparing the correct items for dispatch.</li> </ul>
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Work Communication: This section of the exam measures skills of the Certified Logistics Associate and covers the ability to effectively share information, follow verbal and written instructions, and clearly document tasks in a logistics environment.</li> </ul>

## MSSC Certified Logistics Technician (CLT) 4.0 Sample Questions (Q11-Q16):

### NEW QUESTION # 11

Which of the following is a type of Bill of Lading document?

- A. straight and order Bill of Lading
- B. order and extended Bill of Lading
- C. straight and standard Bill of Lading
- D. linear and circular Bill of Lading

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The CLT program teaches that the Bill of Lading (BOL) is the primary legal document between the shipper and the carrier that acknowledges receipt of cargo for transport. There are two principal types recognized in logistics operations: Straight Bill of Lading, which is non-negotiable and used when goods are consigned directly to a specific party, and Order Bill of Lading, which is negotiable and allows transfer of ownership by endorsement. These forms establish shipment terms, ownership rights, and carrier

responsibilities. Other options, such as "linear" or "extended," are not legitimate BOL types in regulated transportation documentation. Understanding the distinction ensures proper tracking, transfer of title, and compliance with transportation law and MSSC-defined documentation accuracy standards.

#### NEW QUESTION # 12

The height of a ceiling is 120 feet. How high is it in meters?

1 yard = 0.914 meters

1 meter = 1.09 yards

- A. 109.76
- B. 36.7
- C. 130.8
- D. 43.6

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

CLT 4.0 emphasizes that logistics technicians must be comfortable with metric and U.S. customary unit conversions, as measurements affect storage design, equipment compatibility, and international shipping accuracy. To convert feet to meters: 1 yard = 3 feet → 120 ft = 40 yards.

Using 1 yard = 0.914 meters →  $40 \times 0.914 = 36.56$  meters, which rounds to 36.7 meters.

This conversion skill is critical when dealing with international specifications, as most global logistics operations use the metric system. Accurate conversions ensure correct space allocation, equipment clearances, and freight measurement for weight/volume-based shipping charges. Miscalculations can cause costly errors such as overloading, improper stacking, or container space misjudgment. CLT 4.0 modules in "Measurements and Conversions" stress accuracy in these calculations for operational safety and efficiency.

#### NEW QUESTION # 13

Which of the following equipment is a heavy-duty truck used to transfer containers to and from road and rail vehicles or to stack containers on top of each other?

- A. grappler lift
- B. reach stacker
- C. transtainer
- D. hand truck

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

A reach stacker is a mobile, heavy-duty container-handling vehicle capable of lifting containers and stacking or transferring them to/from other vehicles or stacks. It's flexible and maneuverable for yard operations. Grappler lifts, hand trucks, and transtainers have different roles (fixed cranes, small load movement, large gantry cranes).

Reference:

#### NEW QUESTION # 14

Which of the following order processing terms refers to multiple requirements for a SKU?

- A. Item
- B. Order pickers
- C. Order
- D. Line

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Within CLT "Order Processing" terminology, a line refers to a single Stock Keeping Unit (SKU) on an order, regardless of the quantity required. When multiple quantities of the same SKU are requested, it is considered one line. An order, on the other hand, may contain multiple lines. Understanding this terminology helps warehouse associates differentiate between "line count" and "item



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