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CompTIA DataX Certification Exam DY0-001 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen

(Q36-Q41):

36. Frage

A data analyst wants to use compression on an analyzed data set and send it to a new destination for further processing. Which of the following issues will most likely occur?

- A. Server CPU usage will be too high.
- B. Operating system support will be missing.
- C. Library dependency will be missing.
- D. Server memory usage will be too high.

Antwort: A

Begründung:

Compression is a CPU-intensive process because it requires encoding data into a smaller format, often involving complex algorithms. While memory use is usually moderate, CPU usage can spike significantly, especially during real-time compression or large dataset processing.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A: Library issues are possible but not the most likely issue in compression.
- * C: Most operating systems support common compression formats (e.g., .zip, .gz).
- * D: Memory usage is generally lower than CPU usage during compression.

Official References:

* CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Official Study Guide - Section 5.4: "Compression is compute-intensive and may result in increased CPU utilization, particularly on shared servers or during large batch processes."

* Cloud Data Engineering Guide, Chapter 9: "High CPU usage is a common bottleneck in data compression and decompression processes, especially at scale."

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37. Frage

A model's results show increasing explanatory value as additional independent variables are added to the model. Which of the following is the most appropriate statistic?

- A. p value
- B. Adjusted R^2
- C. χ^2
- D. R^2

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Adjusted R^2 is specifically designed to evaluate the goodness-of-fit of a regression model while adjusting for the number of predictors. Unlike R^2 , which always increases with more variables, adjusted R^2 penalizes for adding irrelevant predictors and provides a more accurate measure of model quality.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * B: p-values assess significance of individual predictors, not overall model performance.
- * C: χ^2 tests are used in categorical data, not regression fit.
- * D: R^2 may be misleading when more variables are added - it always increases or stays the same.

Official References:

* CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Official Study Guide - Section 3.2: "Adjusted R^2 accounts for the number of predictors, making it suitable for comparing models with different numbers of variables."

* Applied Regression Analysis, Chapter 5: "Adjusted R^2 is used to judge whether adding predictors actually improves the model beyond overfitting."

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38. Frage

Which of the following best describes the minimization of the residual term in a ridge linear regression?

- A. e^2
- B. $|e|$

- C. 0
- D. e

Antwort: A

Begründung:

In ridge regression, the model minimizes the sum of squared residuals (errors), with an added penalty term on the magnitude of coefficients (L2 regularization). The residual component specifically is represented by:

e^2 (squared error)

Thus, ridge regression minimizes:

Minimize: $\sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 + \lambda \sum \beta_j^2$

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A: $|e|$ corresponds to L1 loss (used in Lasso).
- * B: e represents the error term itself, not its minimized quantity.
- * D: Zero error is ideal but practically unachievable and not the actual loss function being minimized.

Official References:

- * CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Study Guide - Section 1.4: "Ridge regression minimizes the squared error term with an L2 penalty."
- * Introduction to Statistical Learning, Chapter 6: "Ridge regression uses squared error loss, which emphasizes larger deviations more heavily than linear loss."

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39. Frage

Which of the following measures would a data scientist most likely use to calculate the similarity of two text strings?

- **A. Edit distance**
- B. k-nearest neighbors
- C. String indexing
- D. Word cloud

Antwort: A

Begründung:

Edit distance (also known as Levenshtein distance) measures how many single-character edits (insertions, deletions, or substitutions) are needed to transform one string into another. It's a common metric for assessing string similarity, especially in natural language processing (NLP) tasks.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A: Word clouds visualize word frequency, not similarity.
- * C: String indexing is a method for referencing string positions, not comparison.
- * D: k-NN is a classification algorithm, not a string similarity measure.

Official References:

- * CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Study Guide - Section 6.3: "Edit distance is a key similarity metric in text comparison tasks, particularly in cleaning or matching string records."

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40. Frage

Under perfect conditions, E. coli bacteria would cover the entire earth in a matter of days. Which of the following types of models is the best for explaining this type of growth?

- A. Linear
- B. Logarithmic
- **C. Exponential**
- D. Polynomial

Antwort: C

Begründung:

Bacterial growth under ideal conditions follows exponential behavior: the population doubles at regular intervals. This results in a rapid increase that aligns with the formula: $N(t) = N_0 e^{rt}$

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