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Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Migration & Upgrade: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Engineers and covers the process of upgrading and migrating Tableau Server environments. Candidates should understand how to carry out clean reinstalls, migrate servers to new hardware, and maintain backward compatibility during the process.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Support Specialists and covers resolving common Tableau Server issues. Candidates must know how to reset accounts, package logs, validate site resources, rebuild search indexes, and use analysis reports. It also includes understanding the role of browser cookies and creating support requests when needed.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connecting to and Preparing Data: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the basic understanding of Tableau Server's interface, navigation, and overall topology. Candidates are expected to recognize both client and server components, understand how these interact, and know where to find information about versions, releases, and updates. It also focuses on system requirements, including hardware, operating systems, browsers, email configurations, cloud considerations, and licensing models. Additionally, it examines knowledge of server processes, data source types, network infrastructure, and ports needed for a stable deployment.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Installation and Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Server Engineers and covers the process of installing Tableau Server, understanding installation paths, identity store options, SSO integrations, SSL setup, and silent installs. Candidates also need to demonstrate the ability to configure Tableau Server by setting cache, distributing processes, customizing sites, and configuring user quotas. It further includes adding users, managing their roles and permissions, and applying Tableau's security model at different levels from sites to workbooks.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the day-to-day tasks of maintaining Tableau Server. Candidates should understand how to create and manage schedules, subscriptions, backups, and restores, as well as how to use tools such as TSM, Tabcmd, and REST API. It emphasizes monitoring, server analysis, log file usage, and embedding practices. It also includes managing projects, sites, and nested structures, while contrasting end-user and administrator abilities. Knowledge of publishing, web authoring, sharing views, caching, and data source certification is also tested.

Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator Sample Questions (Q32-Q37):

NEW QUESTION # 32

What account should you use to run the Tableau Server installation program?

- A. An NT AUTHORITY\NetworkService account
- **B. An account in the local administrator group**
- C. A domain user account
- D. A local user account

Answer: B

Explanation:

Installing Tableau Server on Windows requires an account with sufficient privileges to configure services, write to the file system, and manage registry settings. Let's analyze this in depth:

* Installation Requirements:

* The installer creates services (e.g., Tableau Server Gateway), writes to Program Files and ProgramData, and configures TSM.

* It needs local administrative privileges on the machine to perform these tasks.

* Post-install, a "Run As" account can be set for services (e.g., NT AUTHORITY\NetworkService), but this is separate from the install account.

* Option C (An account in the local administrator group): Correct.

* Why: The account must be in the local Administrators group to:

* Install software (UAC elevation).

* Configure services and ports.

- * Write to protected directories (e.g., C:\Program Files\Tableau).
- * Examples: A local admin (e.g., Administrator) or a domain user added to the Administrators group (e.g., DOMAIN\AdminUser).
- * Process: Log in as this account, run the installer, and provide TSM admin credentials during setup.
- * Option A (A local user account): Incorrect.
- * A standard local user (not in Administrators) lacks permissions-installation would fail with "Access Denied" errors.
- * Option B (A domain user account): Incorrect unless clarified.
- * A domain user without local admin rights can't install. If it's in the Administrators group, it qualifies, but C is more specific.
- * Option D (NT AUTHORITY\NetworkService): Incorrect.
- * This is a built-in service account for running services (default "Run As" post-install), not for executing the installer-an interactive user account is required.

Why This Matters: Using the right account prevents install failures and ensures secure configuration- critical for production setups.
Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Install and Configure Tableau Server" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/install_config.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 33

What two Tableau Services Manager (TSM) processes continue to run when Tableau Server is stopped?
(Choose two.)

- A. Administration Controller
- B. Backgrounder
- C. License Manager
- D. VizQL Server

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Tableau Server consists of multiple processes managed by TSM. When you stop Tableau Server (e.g., via tsm stop), most application processes halt, but some TSM-specific processes remain active to manage the server's infrastructure. Let's examine each:

* TSM Processes: These include the Administration Controller, Administration Agent, and License Manager, which handle configuration, monitoring, and licensing.

* Application Processes: These include VizQL Server, Backgrounder, Data Server, etc., which deliver Tableau's core functionality and stop when the server is stopped.

When tsm stop is executed:

* The Administration Controller (port 8850) continues running to manage TSM operations (e.g., restarts, status checks).

* The License Manager remains active to validate licenses and ensure compliance, even when the server is offline.

* Application processes like VizQL Server and Backgrounder shut down, as they're tied to user-facing services.

* Option B (License Manager): Correct. It persists to handle licensing tasks, ensuring the server can restart without license issues.

* Option D (Administration Controller): Correct. It's the core TSM process, always running to accept commands and manage the server state.

* Option A (VizQL Server): Incorrect. VizQL stops, as it renders visualizations for users-an application process tied to active server operation.

* Option C (Backgrounder): Incorrect. Backgrounder stops, as it processes background tasks (e.g., extract refreshes), which halt when the server is down.

Why This Matters: Understanding which processes persist helps administrators troubleshoot and manage server lifecycle events effectively.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "TSM Processes" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/tsm_overview.htm#processes).

NEW QUESTION # 34

Which two operating systems are supported for a Tableau Server installation? (Choose two.)

- A. Windows 7
- B. Windows Server 2019
- C. Windows 10
- D. Windows Server 2016

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

Tableau Server is designed for production environments and is supported only on server-class operating systems, not desktop operating systems. As of the latest documentation (aligned with knowledge up to March 21, 2025), the supported operating systems for Tableau Server on Windows are:

Windows Server 2016

Windows Server 2019

Windows Server 2022 (added in later versions, but relevant as of 2025).

Desktop operating systems like Windows 7 or Windows 10 are not supported for production installations due to stability, security, and performance requirements.

Option A (Windows 7): Incorrect. Windows 7 is a desktop OS and is not supported for Tableau Server. It's also end-of-life as of January 2020.

Option B (Windows 10): Incorrect. Windows 10 is a desktop OS and not supported for production Tableau Server deployments, though it may be used for testing in non-production scenarios.

Option C (Windows Server 2019): Correct. This is a supported server OS for Tableau Server.

Option D (Windows Server 2016): Correct. This is also a supported server OS for Tableau Server.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "System Requirements for Tableau Server" (<https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/requirements.htm>).

NEW QUESTION # 35

What Tableau Server authentication method should you configure to use OpenID Connect?

- A. Local Authentication
- **B. SAML**
- C. Active Directory
- D. Kerberos

Answer: B

Explanation:

Tableau Server supports multiple authentication methods, including Local Authentication, Active Directory, Kerberos, SAML, and OpenID Connect. OpenID Connect (OIDC) is an identity layer built on OAuth 2.0, commonly used for single sign-on (SSO). In Tableau Server, OIDC is implemented as a variant of SAML (Security Assertion Markup Language) authentication because both are SSO protocols managed through the same configuration workflow.

To use OpenID Connect:

* Configure Tableau Server for SAML/SSO.

* Provide an OIDC-compatible identity provider (IdP) configuration (e.g., Google, Okta).

* Set up the IdP metadata and certificates in TSM.

* Option D (SAML): Correct. Tableau Server treats OIDC as a subset of its SAML authentication framework, so you configure it under the SAML settings in TSM.

* Option A (Local Authentication): Incorrect. Local Authentication uses Tableau's internal user database, not an external SSO protocol like OIDC.

* Option B (Kerberos): Incorrect. Kerberos is a network authentication protocol for Windows environments, unrelated to OIDC.

* Option C (Active Directory): Incorrect. AD uses LDAP or Kerberos, not OIDC, for authentication.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Configure SAML and OpenID Connect" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/saml_config.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 36

You install Tableau Server on a server that has four processor cores. How many instances of each Tableau Server process are installed?

- **A. 0**
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: A

Explanation:

Tableau Server's installer configures process instances based on hardware and deployment type (single-node vs. multi-node). For a single-node installation with 4 cores, we need to consider the default process topology

. Let's break this down exhaustively:

* Key Processes:

* Gateway: Handles incoming requests (1 instance).

* Application Server (VizPortal): Manages UI and sessions (1 instance).

* VizQL Server: Renders visualizations (2 instances).

* Backgrounder: Runs extract refreshes, subscriptions (1 instance).

* Data Server: Manages data connections (1 instance).

* File Store: Stores extracts (1 instance).

* Repository: Metadata database (1 instance, active).

* Cluster Controller, Cache Server, etc.: Supporting processes (typically 1 each).

* Default Configuration:

* On a single-node install, Tableau sets 1 instance per process unless specified otherwise, except for VizQL, which defaults to 2.

* The installer doesn't scale instances linearly with cores (e.g., 4 cores # 4 instances). Post-install, TSM can adjust this (e.g., tsm topology set-process), but the question asks for the installed default.

* Minimum hardware (8 cores, 32 GB RAM) suggests higher defaults, but 4 cores still triggers a minimal setup.

* Option B (1): Correct with Caveat.

* Most processes (e.g., Backgrounder, Gateway, Data Server) default to 1 instance on install, regardless of 4 cores.

* VizQL defaults to 2, but the question's phrasing ("each process") implies a general rule.

Historically (and per docs), 1 is the baseline for most, with VizQL as the exception.

* Interpretation: Assuming "each" means the typical case, 1 fits most processes on a 4-core single- node setup.

* Option A (2): Incorrect. Only VizQL defaults to 2; others don't.

* Option C (8): Incorrect. Far exceeds defaults-8 cores might justify more, but not 4.

* Option D (4): Incorrect. Not tied to core count by default; manual config would be needed.

Why This Matters: Understanding defaults aids capacity planning-4 cores is below production minimum (8), so performance tuning may be needed post-install.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Server Process Settings" (<https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/processes.htm>).

NEW QUESTION # 37

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